

☒ If you desire, you may appeal any denials contained herein. Appeals should be directed in writing to the Co-Director, Office of Information and Privacy, U.S. Department of Justice, Flag Building, Suite 570, Washington, D.C. 20530-0001 within sixty days from receipt of this letter. The envelope and the letter should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Appeal" or "Information Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA number assigned to your request so that it may be easily identified.

☒ See additional information which follows.

Sincerely yours,

John M. Kelso, Jr. Kmcw
Acting Chief
Freedom of Information-
Privacy Acts Section
Office of Public and Congressional Affairs

Enclosures (2)

A search of the index to the Central Records Systems at FBI Headquarters (FBIHQ) has located one main file (number 94-4-5130) responsive to your request.

These documents responsive to your request were previously processed for another requester. In order to provide you the information as soon as possible, we have released the FBI information as it was originally processed. Please note, we have not contacted other government agencies concerning their information which maybe in this FBI file.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS SECTION
COVER SHEET

SUBJECT JAMES O. EASTLAND

FILE NUMBER 94-4-5130

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Egan _____
 Mr. Gurnea _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Pennington _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

38 mvc

11/4

Gentleman From Mississippi



James Oliver Eastland, who succeeded the late Sen. Pat Harrison (D., Miss.) in the Senate, lunches with his colleagues. Left to right: Sen. Bilbo (D., Miss.), Sen. Eastland, and Rep. Doxey (D., Miss.). Sen. Eastland will remain in the Senate until a successor is chosen in a special election.

CH-19
 RELED

NOT RECORDED

174-4-5730-6

JUL 2 - 1947
 WASHINGTON NEWS
 Page 12

TELETYPE

SEP 2 1944

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Mumford _____
Mr. Jones _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

FBI JACKSON 9-2-44

9-35 AM

FB

DIRECTOR URGENT

HELD

WOODS C. EASTLAND, FATHER OF US SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND, DIED
AT MAYOS CLINIC, ROCHESTER, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY NIGHT. FUNERAL,
SERVICES TO BE CONDUCTED AT DODDSVILLE, MISS. AND AT FOREST, MISS.
AT THREE THIRTY TOMORROW. INFORMATION FURNISHED IN EVENT BUREAU
DESIRED TO SEND MESSAGE OF CONDOLENCE TO SENATOR EASTLAND. MR.
WOODS EASTLAND WAS VERY COOPERATIVE WITH THIS OFFICE AND ADMIRER
THE DIRECTOR.

MC SWAIN

HOLD PLS

1034 AM OK FBI WA GET

RECORDED

SEP 2 1944

194-4-5130-1

SEP 2 1944

Rulerille, Miss.

See index by Eastland
General Lines Eastland

ack
9/2/44
END

94-47-5130-1

September 2, 1944

RECORDED

Honorable James O. Eastland
U. S. Senator
Bulleville, Mississippi

My dear Senator:

I have just learned of your
father's passing and although words are
of little value at times such as this,
I did want to write and let you know
you have my sincerest sympathy.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Mumford _____
Mr. Jones _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
SEP 4 1944
RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
SEP 4 1944

60 SEP 12 1944

DAVID I. WALSH, MAINE.
JAMES E. MURRAY, MONT.
CLAUDE PEPPER, FLA.
ALLEN J. ELLENDER, LA.
LESTER HILL, ALA.
DENNIS CHAVEZ, N. MEX.
HARRY M. SCHWARTZ, WYO.
JAMES M. MEAD, N. Y.
BERKELEY L. BARKER, NEV.
JOSEPH ROBIER, W. VA.
JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS.

ROBERT A. TAYLOR, OKLA.
STYLES BRIDGES, N. H.
JOSEPH H. BALL, MISS.
HUGH A. BUTLER, NEBR.
GEORGE D. Aiken, VT.

EARL B. WOODLEY, CLERK
G. ERNEST BOURNE, ASST. CLERK

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON
EDUCATION AND LABOR

Ruleville, Mississippi
September 12, 1944

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I sincerely appreciate your thoughtfulness in writing me about the death of my father.

His passing is the hardest thing I have ever had to face, and I am grateful for your kindness.

With best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

James O. Eastland
JAMES O. EASTLAND
U. S. S.

JOE:NS

RECORDED
INDEXED

194-4-5130-2
F B I
32 SEP 19 1944

50 OCT 3 1944

United States Senate ✓

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. E. A. Tamm ✓
Mr. Clegg ✓
Mr. Coffey ✓
Mr. Glavin ✓
Mr. Ladd ✓
Mr. Nichols ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Tracy ✓
Mr. Carson ✓
Mr. Egan ✓
Mr. Gurnea ✓
Mr. Harbo ✓
Mr. Hendon ✓
Mr. Jones ✓
Mr. Quinn ✓
Mr. Nease ✓
Miss Gandy ✓

September 14, 1945
Eastland

My dear Mr. Hoover:

The very kind invitation of Mr. Spyros Skouras, President of the Twentieth Century-Fox Film Corporation to the Senator to attend a buffet supper and preview of the movie "The House On 92nd Street" has been received. *ms*

I regret to inform you that Senator Eastland is confined to the King's Daughters Hospital at Greenville, Mississippi where he underwent a minor operation last week. I talked with Mrs. Eastland yesterday and she informs me that the Senator will not be able to return to Washington for probably six weeks. I will, therefore, appreciate it if you will convey this information to Mr. Skouras and assure him that the Senator will be most appreciative of his thoughtfulness.

With kindest regards, I am
ack 9-25-45
gms

Sincerely,
Virginia M. Simmerman
Virginia M. Simmerman,
Executive Secretary
94-11512-3

Honorable John Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

RECORDED

Handwritten notes and signatures at bottom right

94-4-5130-3

September 25, 1945

Honorable James O. Eastland
Ruleville, Mississippi

My dear Senators:

I was indeed sorry to learn of your recent operation and I do hope that by now you are well on the road to recovery. The most important thing is for you to obtain as complete a rest as possible. If there is any way whatsoever that our organization can be of service I hope you will not hesitate to call upon Mr. J. M. Lopez, Special Agent in Charge of our Jackson Field Division, or upon me.

With expressions of my highest esteem and best regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

CC - Jackson

Note: The population of Ruleville is 1,378.

Senator Eastland's office advises he will go home 9-24-45.
GML:sep

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

50 OCT 12 1945-140

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR
F B I
SEP 26 1 01 PM '45

SEP 26 2 17 PM '45

[Handwritten signature]

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DAVID L. WALSH, MA.
 WILLARD E. TYDINGS, MD.
 RICHARD B. RUSSELL, GA.
 HARRY FLOOD BYRD, VA.
 PETER S. BERRY, N. J.
 CHARLES O. ANDREWS, FLA.
 ALLEN J. ELLENBERG, LA.
 JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK.
 JAMES D. EASTLAND, MISS.
 WARREN S. MAGNUSON, WASH.
 FRANCIS J. MYERS, PA.

CHARLES W. FORNEY, JR. N.
 RAYMOND E. WILLIS, IND.
 C. WAYLAND BROOKS, R.I.
 OWEN J. CREWSTER, MAINE
 EDWARD V. ROBERTSON, WYO.
 LEVERETT SALTONSTALL, MASS.

M. E. GALLAGHER, CLERK

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON NAVAL AFFAIRS

Ruleville, Mississippi
 September 29, 1945

Mr. Tolson ✓
 Mr. E. A. Tamm.....
 Mr. Clegg.....
 Mr. Coffey.....
 Mr. Glavin.....
 Mr. Ladd.....
 Mr. Nichols ✓
 Mr. Rosen.....
 Mr. Tracy.....
 Mr. Carson.....
 Mr. Egan.....
 Mr. Gurnea.....
 Mr. Hendon.....
 Mr. Pennington.....
 Mr. Quinn Tamm.....
 Mr. Nease.....
 Miss Gandy.....

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I appreciated your letter of September 25
 very much.

My operation was only minor and I expect
 to return to Washington within the next ten days.

With best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

James D. Eastland
 JAMES D. EASTLAND

U. S. S.

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
 Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
 Washington, D. C.

53 OCT 18 1945

RECORDED
 EX-12

194-4-51364
 19 OCT 9 1945

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: March 18, 1946

FROM : H. H. CLEGG

SUBJECT: INTERVIEW WITH SENATOR EASTLAND

I called on Senator Eastland early this afternoon. I explained to him the policy of the Attorney General for many years relative to the restricted use of files and that therefore I was unable to furnish him any information. At first he said that he had been told by a high official of the FBI that there was a file on Alger Hiss. Subsequently he said that he had been told this information by somebody high in the Department. He indicated that he would telephone Attorney General Clark whom he described as a "good fellow" and see if he couldn't arrange informally and off the record to have the information in this file made known to him. I explained to him that any files we had of an intelligence character would be in constant use and would contain highly confidential sources of information.

He indicated that the Judiciary Committee was drafting legislation with a view to preventing the shipment out of the country or exportation of machine tools, scientific data and other strategic material.

He indicated that Mr. Spruille Braden of the State Department should not be working for the Government and he said confidentially Braden talked to Eastland at which time he expressed statements totally disloyal to his superior and that he had no confidence in any man who would be disloyal to his superior while working for him.

He also expressed the opinion the State Department had built up a great deal of Communist personnel and he was afraid of the whole gang because of this fact.

He thought that the Bureau's activities in Mexico City, which he described as the center of Communism in the Western Hemisphere, should be carried on ~~un~~interruptedly and he felt that it was proper for this work to be carried on under Mr. Hoover rather than anyone else because he knew where Mr. Hoover stood with reference to Communists. He said he had a cousin who was working for the FBI in Mexico City who was using some sort of commercial concern as a cover and thus the talk that I was giving him about liaison Agents was not particularly impressive.

Senator Eastland was friendly and cordial.

HHC:PV

RECORDED

INDEXED

125

EX-26

194-4-5130-5

F B I
32 MAR 29 1946

3/26/46

no action
1946

SIS

DAVID I. WALLEN, MASS.
 WILLARD E. TYDINGS, MD.
 RICHARD B. RUSSELL, GA.
 MAURY FLOOD BYRD, VA.
 PETER S. GEORGY, R. I.
 CHARLES O. ANDREWS, FLA.
 ALLEN J. ELLENBER, LA.
 JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK.
 JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS.
 WARREN S. MAGNUSON, WASH.
 FRANCIS J. MYERS, PA.

CHARLES W. ...
 RAYMOND E. WILLIS, SD.
 C. WAYLAND BROOKS, ILL.
 OWEN BREWSTER, MAINE
 EDWARD V. ROBERTSON, WYO.
 LEVERETT SALTONSTALL, MASS.
 WAYNE MORSE, OREG.

W. E. GALLAGHER, CLERK

United States Senate COMMITTEE ON NAVAL AFFAIRS

August 19, 1946

Mr. J. P. Mohr, Director of Personnel
 Federal Bureau of Investigation
 Room 7204 - 9th and Pennsylvania Avenue N. W.
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Mohr:

The President of the Mississippi State Society
 has asked me to please try and obtain for her a list of the
 Mississippians employed in your Department.

It will be deeply appreciated if this list, on
 which please include the Washington addresses, can be compiled
 and forwarded to me at your very earliest convenience.

Thanking you for this courtesy, I am

Sincerely,

James O. Eastland

JOE:SLT

U. S. S. 94-4-5130
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 1 SEP 8 1946

RECORDED

*ack
 7/21/46
 8/23/46*

[Signature]

August 23, 1946

RECORDED

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

My dear Senator:

Your letter of August 19, 1946, to Mr. J. P. Mohr, Personnel Officer of this Bureau, requesting a list of Mississippians employed here, has been referred to me for acknowledgment.

I regret our inability to furnish you with the information desired, inasmuch as we do not maintain a list of employees classified in such a way to permit compiling employees by states of residence.

With expressions of my highest esteem and best regards,

Sincerely yours,

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
AUG 26 4 09 PM '46

HLE:pan

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SEP 11 1946

AUG 26

53 PM '46

Handwritten signatures and initials, including "pair", "for", "key", and "gr".

April 4, 1949

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

My dear Senators:

I thought you might be interested
in the enclosed copies of letters I directed
to the Editor of the Yale Law Journal with
regard to an article which appeared in the
Law Journal discussing certain phases of FBI
operations.

With expressions of my highest esteem
and best regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

RECORDED - 77

EX-118

94-4-5130-
F B I
44 APR 8 1949

Enclosure

DE-INDEXED
DATE: 4-8-50
10

Mr. Tolson.....	.....
Mr. Clegg.....	.....
Mr. Glavin.....	.....
Mr. Ladd.....	.....
Mr. Nichols.....	.....
Mr. Rosen.....	.....
Mr. Tracy.....	.....
Mr. Egan.....	.....
Mr. Gurnea.....	.....
Mr. Harbo.....	.....
Mr. Mohr.....	.....
Mr. Pennington.....	.....
Mr. Quinn Tamm.....	.....
Mr. Nease.....	.....
Miss Gandy.....	.....

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAILED 3

★ APR 5 - 1949 P.M.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

64 MAY 01 5 44 PM '49
RECEIVED - DIRECTOR
FBI
APR 5 1949
APR 2 15 58 PM '49

SPR McCARDIAN, MEV.,
MARLEY M. KILBORN, W. VA.
JAMES G. EASTLAND, MISS.
WARREN G. MAGNUSON, WASH.
HERBERT R. O'CONNOR, MD.
FRANK P. BRUNHAM, N. C.
ESTES KEFAUVER, TENN.
ALEXANDER LEVY,
WILLIAM LANGER, M.
HOMER FERGUSON, MISS.
FORREST C. DONNELLY, MO.
WILLIAM E. JENNERS, IND.

A. G. BOURWINE, COUNSEL

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

June 27, 1950

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Your letter of June 23 inviting Senator Eastland to attend the graduation exercises of the FBI Academy on June 30 has been received.

I know that if Senator Eastland were in town he would be very glad to attend and meet Sheriff D. W. Snyder of Webster County, Mississippi, who is president of the graduating class. As soon as he returns I will certainly bring your letter to his attention and I know he will want to congratulate Sheriff Snyder.

With kindest regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

RECORDED - 29

Courtney C. Pace
Courtney C. Pace
Administrative Assistant

CCP:RL

194-4-5130-8
JUN 30 1950
12

2-1
4/1/51

June 23, 1950

Honorable James Oliver Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

My dear Senator:

The graduation exercises for the Forty-fourth Session of the FBI National Academy will be held in the Departmental Auditorium, located on Constitution Avenue between Twelfth and Fourteenth Streets, N. W., at 10:30 A. M., on Friday, June 30, 1950. It is my pleasure to extend to you an invitation to attend the graduation exercises.

I thought you might be interested in being with us on that day in view of the fact that the president of the graduating class is Sheriff D. W. Snyder of Webster County, Mississippi.

If you or any members of your family or office staff can attend, I assure you that we would be most pleased to have you with us and we will reserve seats for those who may wish to attend.

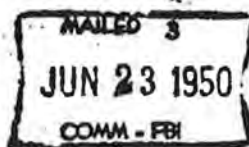
For your information, the speakers at the exercises in addition to Sheriff Snyder will be Mr. Niles Trammell, Chairman of the Board of the National Broadcasting Company and Senator Brien McMahon of Connecticut.

With expressions of my highest esteem and best regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

JSR:atp



Tolson
Ladd
Clegg
Glavin
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Harbo
Mohr
Tele. Room
Nease
Gandy

RECORDED - 29

94-4-5130-1

JUL 6 1950

JUN 23 1950

Handwritten initials and signatures

James Eastland

February 3, 1954

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR *83-1*

James O. Eastland

On January 28, 1954, at a dinner at the Press Club in Washington, D. C., Senator James Eastland, Democrat of Mississippi, was present together with other Congressional representatives from this State. During the course of the evening, the discussion was directed toward the Director's appearance before the Jenner Committee on the Harry Dexter White case, at which time Senator Eastland praised the Director personally and the FBI very highly and expressed his confidence in the Bureau. He, however, stated he thought the Director's appearance before the Jenner Committee was a mistake as Attorney General Brownell's action in the White Case was political and the Director's actions would be interpreted as partisanship. He thought that certain segments of the Democratic Party, such as Senator Humphrey and Senator Lehman and others, would, when the Democrats regained control of Congress, hold this against the Director. Senator Eastland thought that the Director and the Bureau would suffer as a result of the Director's appearance.

Those present were advised in very positive and unequivocal language the Director's position in this matter.

If that be the price one must pay for telling the truth, it is alright. Congressman Jamie Whitten also took the position that the Director's appearance was ill-advised and he thought that when the Democrats regained control of Congress that efforts would be made, on the part of the Democrats, to take action to remove the Director from his position. In answer to a specific question, Congressman Whitten stated if he had been in the Director's position, he would have taken the same position as the Director took although he did think that politically the Director's appearance had damaged the Director personally and the Bureau.

SE-28 194-4-5136-✓
NOT RECORDED
FEB 9 1954
Congressman William Arthur Winfield generally agreed with Senator Eastland, as well as with Congressman Whitten.

Congressman Frank Ellis Smith was generally non-committal.

Congressman John Bell Williams and Congressman William Colmer defended the Director and the Bureau very vigorously and thought that there had been and would be no political significance attached to the Director's appearance. Congressmen Williams and Colmer did not vary in their defense of the Director.

FEB 17 1954

Memorandum for the Director

During the discussion, there was no evidence of any antagonism toward the Director or the Bureau, but there was the definite tenor as set forth above that there was a feeling in certain minds that from a strictly political viewpoint the Director and the Bureau had suffered as a result of the Director's appearance before the Committee.

At the conclusion of the discussion, there was no doubt in any mind as to the Director's position regarding his appearance.

Respectfully,

FCH:eff

F. C. Holloman

cc - File on Senator James Eastland ✓

- " " Congressman Jamie Whitten
- " " Congressman William Arthur Winstead
- " " Congressman Frank Ellis Smith
- " " Congressman John Bell Williams
- " " Congressman William Colmer

I am not interested in politics. I was required to appear by the Committee. Was I supposed to refuse. I doubt that a Bureau Chief is immune to subpoenas. In appearing I confined myself to the facts. For that Eastland, Whitten & Winstead think I am wrong. I was under oath & was not going to lie to serve political expediency.

H.

DD-1

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

(April 16, 1954)

On the attached letter to Simon Rubel
from Senator Eastland, which Mr.
Rubel has forwarded to the Director,
Mr. Rubel has noted:

My Dear Friend,

I am sending this to you for your information. Both
of our senators Jim Eastland and John Stennis are
friends over the years. If I can be of any service at
anytime and in any way just command me. I do
hope that they the present administration will leave
you and your Department alone.

I am for everything you are for and for you first last
and always. I have the honor to (be?) your friend
with word of highest regard and esteem.

Yours
/s/ Simon

Mr. Tolson ☒
Mr. Boardman ☒
Mr. Nichols ☒
Mr. Belmont ☒
Mr. Glavin ☒
Mr. Harbo ☒
Mr. Rosen ☒
Mr. Tamm ☒
Mr. Tracy ☒
Mr. Mohr ☒
Mr. Jones ☒
Mr. Winterrowd ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Mr. Holloman ☒
Miss Holmes ☒
Miss Gandy ☒

bjb

and filed
act. 4/21/54
ELT

4/21/54

WALTER E. FORD, JR., MISS.
 EDWARD J. TYTTE, MISS.
 ROBERT S. NICHOLSON, MISS.
 EARL E. MUNDY, S. CAR.
 JOHN J. WILLIAMS, MISS.
 ANDREW F. SCHOFFEL, MISS.
 HERMAN WILSON, MISS.

United States Senate
 COMMITTEE ON
 AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

April 2, 1954

Honorable Simon H. Rubel
 522 Fifth Street
 Corinth, Mississippi

Jim Eastland

Dear Simon:

Many, many, thanks for sending me the nice letter which
 you received from Honorable J. Edgar Hoover. This was thoughtful
 of you and I appreciate it very much. The feeling which Mr. Hoover
 expresses for me is mutual.

I am going to be in Corinth pretty soon and will drop by
 and see you.

Thanks again for letting me see Mr. Hoover's letter, which
 I am returning to you herewith, as requested.

with personal regards and best wishes, I am

Your friend,

Jim

See copy

194-4-5130

NOT RECORDED
199 APR 29 1954

JOS.PL

Encl.

U. S. S.
(Eastland)

APR 27 1954

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

my one
 4-21-54
 See

116

April 21, 1954

94-4-5130-L

Mr. Simon N. Rubel
522 Fifth Street
Corinth, Mississippi

Dear Brother Rubel:

I have received your communication postmarked April 15, 1954, and want to thank you for letting me see the letter which you received from the Honorable James O. Eastland.

Your thoughtfulness is deeply appreciated, and I am confident that Senator Eastland is as grateful for your friendship as I am.

Fraternally yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Mr. Rubel is on the Special Correspondents' Mailing List.

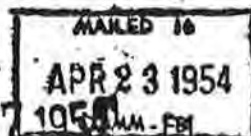
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U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

F B I

ELT:dep

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Harbo _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Gearty _____
Mohr _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Miss Gandy _____



53 MAY 17 1954

APR 21 5 14 PM '54
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APR 22 12 24 PM '54
FBI

6/10/54

del

G. I. R. -

August 25, 1954

111-3-1

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senator
Ruleville, Mississippi

My dear Senator:

I want to offer my heartiest congratulations upon your victory yesterday in the primary election.

This is splendid recognition of your past services to your State and the Nation, and I know it must give you a great deal of personal satisfaction. You have my best wishes for continuing success.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Files reflect cordial relations with Senator Eastland. Address per his office.

RECORDED - 54

EX-103



MLL:djg

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
 Sizoo _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

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U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
FBI
RECEIVED

RECEIVED RECORDING ROOM
AUG 25 6 11 PM '54

RECEIVED RECORDING ROOM
AUG 25 4 14 PM '54

GEORGE D. ARK
MILTON R. YOUNG, N. DAK.
EDWARD J. THYE, MINN.
BOURKE S. HICKENLOOPER, IOWA
KARL E. MUNDT, S. DAK.
JOHN J. WILLIAMS, DEL.
ANDREW F. SCHOEPFEL, KANS.
BERNARD WELKER, IDAHO

JOHN D. JOHNSON, LA.
J. J. JOHNSON, N. C.
OLIN D. JOHNSON, S. C.
SPENCER L. HOLLAND, FLA.
CLINTON P. ANDERSON, N. MEK.
JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS.
EARLE C. CLEMENTS, KY.

MARRY R. VANDY, CHIEF OF STAFF

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON
AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

August 30, 1954

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Sizoo
Mr. Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I want you to know that I deeply appreciate your nice letter of August 25.

I was greatly tempted during the campaign to publish the very nice letter that you wrote my good friend Simon Rubel at Corinth in which you made a very favorable comment about me. I have always felt that personal correspondence should be held confidential and refrained from doing so. There would certainly have been a lot of votes in it. Simon sent me a copy of your letter to him and I had photostats made at that time which I shall always treasure.

I hope we can get together down at Harvey's some night in the near future.

With kindest regards and best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

Jim Eastland
U. S. S. Jim Eastland

James O. Eastland

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
Director
United States Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

RECORDED - 98
INDEXED - 98
SE-15
EX - 109

SEP 10 1954

SEP 14 1954

Card made in the room 9/2/54 hcl

EXP. PROC.
SEP 2 1954

94-4-150-11

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Nichols *HN*FROM : H. A. Jones *H.A.*SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND
DEMOCRAT—MISSISSIPPI

Numerous references to Senator Eastland in Bufiles, and this is identifying memorandum only. Eastland born Dodds-ville, Mississippi 11-28-04. Appointed to Senate in 1941 to fill vacancy caused by death of Senator Harrison. Elected to Senate in 1942 and unopposed for term beginning June, 1949. Bufiles reflect cordial relations with Eastland, and he has requested the Director to speak at various functions on numerous occasions. All such invitations have been declined. He is strong advocate of "White Supremacy" and is continually attacked by Communist and Negro papers. Also an anti-Communist and was outspoken foe of Henry Wallace and Progressive Party. Director thanked him in July, 1947, for his work in helping to have bill authorizing retirement benefits for Special Agents passed. In January, 1954, at a dinner at the Press Club in Washington, D. C., Senator Eastland in discussion with other Congressional representatives mentioned the Director's appearance before the Jenner Committee and praised the Director and the Bureau. However, he stated Director's appearance was a mistake and was a political move, and stated other Democratic Senators would hold this against the Director when the Democrats regained control of Congress, and the Bureau would suffer as a result. In regard to the above the Director noted "If that be the price one must pay for telling the truth it is all right with me."

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

cc - Mr. Nichols
cc - Mr. Holloman
cc - Tour Room

DGH:es

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	1954
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Sizoo	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

INDEXED-41

RECORDED-41

EX-130

94-4-2121-12
13 NOV 15 1954

NOV 18 1954

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

September 3, 1954

DETAILS

There are numerous references to Senator Eastland in Bureau files and the following does not purport to be a complete memorandum but merely an identifying memorandum. It will, however, set forth the most pertinent background appearing in Bureau files, and all derogatory references to Eastland.

BACKGROUND:

According to the Congressional Directory of March, 1953, Senator Eastland was born in Doddsville, Mississippi, on November 28, 1904. He attended the Universities of Mississippi, Vanderbilt and Alabama. He was admitted to the bar in 1927 and was a member of the Mississippi State House of Representatives from 1928 to 1932. He was appointed to the U. S. Senate to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Harrison and served from June, 1941, to September, 1941, when a duly elected successor qualified. He was elected to the Senate on November 3, 1942, and was unopposed for the term beginning in June, 1949.

INFORMATION IN BUREAU FILES:

Bureau files reflect cordial relations with Senator Eastland since he has been a member of the U. S. Senate. He has written cordial letters to the Director on numerous occasions requesting the Director to be a guest speaker at various functions, but those invitations have always been cordially declined. 94-4-5130, 94-37449.

Files reflect that he is a strong advocate of "White Supremacy," and Communist and Negro papers have continuously attacked him and former Senator Bilbo, also of Mississippi. The "Daily Worker" frequently denounces him. "Afro-American" in 1945 called upon President Truman to impeach Bilbo and Eastland. 100-135-3-153.

Eastland is also very anti-Communist and according to the "Daily Worker" of April 14, 1947, he savagely attacked Henry Wallace on the floor of the Senate for his stand of softness towards Communists. 100-3-A.

By letter dated July 3, 1947, the Director thanked Senator Eastland for his help in having passed the bill liberalizing retirement benefits for Special Agents. 66-2523-928.

According to the "Washington Post" of June 11, 1949, Senator Eastland openly cursed C. B. Baldwin, Secretary of Henry A. Wallace's Progressive Party, when he appeared as a Senate Committee witness. 100-357-934-A.

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

September 3, 1954

In November, 1952, Eastland introduced Senate Bill number 2980 in the Senate which directed the heads of various executive departments to expeditiously refer to the FBI any allegations of bribery, fraud or other violations of Title 18. 66-18932-61.

On January 28, 1954, at a dinner at the Press Club in Washington, D. C., Senator James Eastland, Democrat of Mississippi, was present together with other Congressional representatives from this State. During the course of the evening, the discussion was directed toward the Director's appearance before the Jenner Committee on the Harry Dexter White case, at which time Senator Eastland praised the Director personally and the FBI very highly and expressed his confidence in the Bureau. He, however, stated he thought the Director's appearance before the Jenner Committee was a mistake as Attorney General Brownell's action in the White Case was political and the Director's actions would be interpreted as partisanship. He thought that certain segments of the Democratic Party, such as Senator Humphrey and Senator Lehman and others, would, when the Democrats regained control of Congress, hold this against the Director. Senator Eastland thought that the Director and the Bureau would suffer as a result of the Director's appearance.

In regard to the above the Director noted "If that be the price one must pay for telling the truth it is all right with me." 94-4-5130.

Senator Eastland was recently renominated in primaries in Mississippi, and the Director forwarded him a letter of congratulations.

March 28, 1955

11:45

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. NICHOLS

Senator James O. Eastland (D. of Miss.) called me today and stated the Jackson, Mississippi, Boys' Club, which consists of 2000 members, is having a \$300,000 building fund drive and would like to have me come to Jackson on May 6, 1955, and make a speech. I explained to the Senator that I have had to adopt a rule the past several years to make no speeches outside of Washington and if I made one exception he could understand what would happen. I asked the Senator to tell the members that I am certainly in complete sympathy with what they are trying to do and am very much interested in Boys' Club work and would like to do it but have had to refrain from making such speaking engagements.

The Senator stated he certainly understood and took occasion to thank me for the nice letter I sent him. I told the Senator I meant every word of it as I thought he had done a grand job and had made a great contribution to the American people.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover
Director

94-1-730
RECEIVED
MAR 30 1955

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
 Sizoo _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

JEH:mpd

50 MAR 31 1955

SENT FROM D. O.	
TIME	1:15 PM
DATE	3-28-55
BY	710

COPY FILED IN

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: June 3, 1955

FROM : G. C. Robb

SUBJECT: JAMES O. EASTLAND,
HENRY MORGENTHAU, JR.
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Tolson ☒
Boardman ☒
Nichols ☒
Belmont ☒
Harbo ☒
Mohr ☒
Parsons ☒
Rosen ☒
Tamm ☒
 Sizoo ☒
 Winterrowd ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holloman ☒
Gandy ☒

By referral from the Director's Office, I spoke with a woman, who refused to identify herself, at 3:50 a.m., June 3, 1955. She stated that she had some information of interest to the Director. She said she had just returned from a party at which Senator Eastland and former Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau were in attendance. She alleged that she heard Senator Eastland and Mr. Morgenthau discussing the Harry Dexter White case. From their conversation it was her opinion that they are plotting to make the Director "look like a liar" in regard to the Director's testimony concerning the Harry Dexter White case. She further alleged that Senator Eastland and Mr. Morgenthau also discussed an individual by the name of Dewey, whom she was unable to further identify.

Every effort was made to persuade the unidentified caller to identify herself and to further elaborate as to the time and place of the above-mentioned party as well as the alleged remarks made by Senator Eastland and Mr. Morgenthau, but to no avail.

The unidentified caller did not sound intoxicated or emotionally disturbed. She spoke approximately two minutes which was not ample time to trace the call.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. This is for your information.

cc-Mr. Holloman
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Branigan
Mr. Robb

GCR/roa
(7)

JUN 14 1955

JUN 14 1955

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

Mr. Tolson ✓

DATE: June 4, 1955 ✓

FROM :

L. B. Nichols ✓

SUBJECT:

JAMES O. EASTLAND

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

With reference to the anonymous telephone call which was received at 3:50 a.m. June 3rd stating that Senator Eastland and Henry Morgenthau had discussed the Harry Dexter White case and from the conversation it was the anonymous caller's opinion they were trying to make the Director look "like a liar" in regard to the Director's testimony in the Harry Dexter White case.

This, in my opinion, is impossible because the Director's testimony was correct in every respect. I think that we ought to go to Senator Eastland, advise him of this call and ask him what he makes of it and whether somebody is trying to drive a wedge between the Bureau and Eastland. *I see no need for this*

In connection with the Morgenthau testimony, this developed pretty well according to the plan. The problem which the Committee has been confronted with has been getting access to the Morgenthau diary because after all Morgenthau could decline to make the diary available and without it the Committee could not show that White was in touch with the Russian Embassy as was Morgenthau and the whole plan was to get Morgenthau on record, get him committed to making the records available and get certain documents which they have already gotten and which the Committee felt that they would never get if Morgenthau knew what was in the offing. To further this plan, Senator Jenner and Senator Eastland went to New York the first week in May to personally confer with Morgenthau on the plan of approach. As a matter of fact, at the hearing where Eastland made the statement, Jenner and Welker were present. Both Jenner and Welker thanked Morgenthau and in fact Morgenthau concluded by stating, "I would like to thank you and Senator Jenner and other members of this Committee for your consideration of myself and I feel that anything I have got that can help my Government is yours and I want you to know that. If in the future you want anything, you ask for it and you will get my wholehearted cooperation." To this Eastland replied, "That is mighty fine. We appreciate it Mr. Secretary." Jenner replied, "It certainly is Mr. Morgenthau. We certainly appreciate it."

cc - Mr. Boardman

cc - Mr. Belmont

LBN:ptm

(4)

memo Mr. Tolson
6/7/55 LBN

RECEIVED
JUN 7 1955
156
JUN 10 1955

Memo for Mr. Tolson from L. B. Nichols

Sourwine further told me that through this approach with Morgenthau being happy and offering cooperation, the Democratic leadership could not interpose objections on the Committee's actions. As a further indication of the approach, Morgenthau thanked Eastland for his statement and said, "I would not want anything better on my tombstone than your statements." He then stated that he hoped that Eastland expressed the views of the rest of the Committee. Welker replied, "I certainly, as the junior Senator from Idaho, join with the distinguished Chairman." Jenner made the statement, "I certainly join with him."

Time, of course, will prove the correctness of what I have set forth here and what has been represented to me.

✓ 110
I agree. Time will tell.
I see no purpose to be gained
in going to Eastland. His statement
re Morgenthau speaks for itself.

H

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: June 7, 1955

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

JAMES O. EASTLAND

Tolson ☒
 Boardman ☒
 Belmont ☒
 Mohr ☒
 Parsons ☒
 Rosen ☒
 Tamm ☒
 Sizoo ☒
 Winterrowd ☒
 Tele. Room ☒
 Holloman ☒
 Gandy ☒

With reference to my memorandum of June 4, 1955, referring to the anonymous telephone call received at 3:50 a. m. Friday, June 3rd, indicating that Senator Eastland and Henry Morgenthau had discussed at a party that evening a plot to embarrass the Director, I wish to urge that we reconsider tackling Senator Eastland on this.

I have reason to believe that there is a Machiavellian purpose back of the call. I have discreetly ascertained that Secretary Morgenthau, after appearing before the Committee on June 1st, left the Committee accompanied by his son, Bob, to catch the Congressional back to New York. In fact, on page 10 of the attached transcript Morgenthau is obviously anxious to catch a train because Sourwine observed that the Secretary could be excused "for he does not need to wait for that if he wants to catch a train." The Secretary when he appeared at the Senate Office Building had his bags with him and presumably left the Senate Office Building to catch the Congressional.

If the anonymous caller was telling the truth that he had just returned from a party at which Senator Eastland and former Secretary Morgenthau were in attendance at 3:50 a. m. on June 3rd, something is fishy since Morgenthau left Washington at 4:30 p. m. Wednesday, June 1st, and, therefore, I think that it is all the more necessary to tackle Eastland on this. Either someone is trying to engage in a little war on nerves or this is a plot to drive a wedge between the Bureau and the Internal Security Subcommittee. I had thought about having the Field Office check at the Mayflower Hotel to verify exactly when Morgenthau left town; however, this is not too good an idea and if by any chance Senator Eastland is a party to any such Machiavellian scheme as the anonymous caller related, it certainly would be well to call him on this at this time before he is able to do anything.

cc - Mr. Boardman

LBN:pm

(4)

*It is futile and
 unnecessary. She was
 Morgenthau was
 himself & his son
 in tribute to him by
 getting in morning
 of June 4.*

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: October 29, 1955

FROM : L. B. Nichols ✓

SUBJECT:

JAMES O.

For record purposes, Senator Eastland of Mississippi called me on the evening of October 27, 1955, to advise that the State of Louisiana wanted to hire a private investigator to inquire into certain matters pertaining to the school system, and he was wondering if we had any suggestions as to whom he might get. I told him offhand we did not but then he stated that James Patrick Welch had been recommended highly to him. He wondered if there was anything we could tell him about Welch.

Welch now runs the Federal City Investigative Agency in Silver Spring, Maryland. He was Chief of Police at Doylestown, Pennsylvania, for twelve years; he later was connected with the Pennsylvania State Police, and is now in the Citizens Council in Montgomery County, Maryland. His brother, Harry B. Welch, was one time Chief of Police at Quakerstown, Pennsylvania. We had a very cordial relationship with James Patrick Welch when he was Chief of Police but have had little contact with him since. I so informed Senator Eastland who stated he had talked to a good friend of his in Maryland who knew Welch intimately and had hired Welch last night to do the job.

LBN:gjm

(2)

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
 Sizoo _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

RECORDED-66

INDEXED-66

NOV 3 1955

68 NOV 10 1955 147

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

February 14, 1956

11:12

James
Courtney Pace,
administrative assistant
to Senator Eastland of
Mississippi, just called
and asked if I could drop
up to the Senator's office
as they had a matter to
discuss.

Unless advised to the contrary, I will leave
immediately to see just what they have in
mind and will advise you upon my return.

FCH:eff (2)

1--FCH

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Boardman _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mason _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Parsons _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tamm _____
Mr. Jones _____
Mr. Nease _____
Mr. Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

R 3-1

RECORDED - 14
INDEXED - 14

FEB 15 1956

68 FEB 14

EX-125

ORIGINAL REC



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

February 14, 1956

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

At his request, I called on Courtney Pace, Administrative Assistant to Senator Eastland of Mississippi, in Senator Eastland's office.
JAMES O.

Courtney Pace stated that last Saturday night, Senator Eastland returned to Ruleville, Mississippi, after he had made a speech at Montgomery, Alabama, and on Saturday night received two long distance telephone calls from New York. The unidentified person calling told Senator Eastland that they were going to kill him and would also kill his wife and children.

This morning at 10:30 AM Mrs. Eastland, who resides in the District of Columbia, received a telephone call from a unknown individual who advised her that the caller was going to kill her husband and made remarks to the effect, "That dog has been making speeches against Negroes down South and when he gets back he can't hide and I am going to kill him." Mrs. Eastland does not know whether or not this was a local call, as the individual quickly hung up.

Courtney Pace stated that the Eastlands' local telephone number here in Washington is an unlisted one.

I advised Courtney Pace that the Bureau could not provide protection for either the Senator or his wife and children and it was suggested the local police be advised in order that police patrol around the home of Senator Eastland here in Washington could be intensified. I also advised him we would get in touch with Senator Eastland in Mississippi in order to determine the exact contents of the telephone calls he received from New York on Saturday night.

Senator Eastland will depart from Ruleville, Mississippi today at approximately 2:00 PM for Columbus, Mississippi, where he will speak either in Columbus or Caledonia at a Farm Bureau meeting.

It is suggested that the Memphis Office be immediately notified in order that an experienced Agent can immediately contact Senator Eastland to determine the exact nature of the telephone calls he received

63 FEB 21 1956

James O. Parsons
2/14/56
124


FEB 16 1956

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mason
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Nease
Mr. Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

Saturday night and to conduct an appropriate investigation as a violation of the Extortion Statute if it is definitely established the calls were made interstate.

It is also suggested that Mrs. Eastland be contacted locally to determine if she can furnish any information which would indicate an interstate nature of the call she received this morning.

Respectfully,


F. C. Holloman

FCH:eff (5)
1--Mr Nichols
1--Mr Boardman
1--Mr Rosen
1--FCH

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Boardman *pt 3-2/14/56*

DATE: 2/14/56

FROM : A. Rosen *R*Time of calls: 12:30 P.M. and
12:40 P.M.SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS;
THREATENING TELEPHONE CALLS
TO SENATOR AND MRS. EASTLAND

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Nichols	_____
Belmont	_____
Harbo	_____
Mohr	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Sizoo	_____
Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

James C. Eastland

Reference is made to Mr. Holloman's memorandum of today's date referring to the threatening telephone calls that have been received by Senator and Mrs. Eastland. *6*

SAC Piper at Memphis was telephonically instructed to immediately dispatch an experienced Agent to interview Senator Eastland for information as to the telephone calls the Senator received Saturday night, February 11, 1956. *8-*

ASAC Fletcher of the Washington Field Office was telephonically instructed to contact Mrs. Eastland to obtain any pertinent information she has to furnish. *OS*

Both divisions were instructed to immediately institute the necessary investigation in an attempt to identify the subjects making the long distance telephone calls to Senator Eastland.

ACTION:

This matter will be closely followed.

cc: Mr. Holloman

EHW:jh

(7)

RECORDED - 8

94-4-5130-16

8 FEB 16 1956

1/24 D
CC FEB 21 1956

Thompson T.T. 2/14/56
Senator Eastland
no threats as yet

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

Mr. Tolson

DATE: 11-20-56

FROM :

L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

Late Saturday night, November 17, Senator James Eastland called me from Ruleville, Mississippi. He has a cousin, Richard H. Lowe, whose office telephone is OXford 7-4200 and who resides at 600 Knowlwood Road, Ridgewood, New Jersey.

Lowe heads the intelligence activities for the Socony-Mobile Company in Venezuela and Eastland wondered if I would see Lowe some day this week. I told the Senator that I, of course, would be glad to see him but pointed out that we had no jurisdiction in Venezuela.

I subsequently talked with Lowe and he will be in Washington November 20. I agreed to see him at 11:30 a. m. I pointed out to him that we had no jurisdiction in Venezuela and he stated he realized this but he was interested in certain aspects in the United States.

ENCLOSURE
filled with
ENCLOSURE

LBN:nl
(2)

ADDENDUM LBN:hpf 11-21-56

Richard H. Lowe of the Socony Mobil Oil Co., 150 East 42nd St., NYC called on me on the morning of November 20. While he is a counsel in the Legal Dept., his actual assignment is to coordinate national security in the Socony Mobil Co. They have extensive holdings in the Middle East and South America and in the U. S. He had nothing in particular but wanted to make contact as something might come up whereby they might want to ask our assistance or might want to report some information. I took the opportunity of explaining the confidential character of our files as this was obviously what he was hinting at. I told him if any special problems arose to call and we could decide whether they could be handled here or by a field office.

66 DEC 5 1956

Tolson
Belmont
Boardman
Mohr
Parsons
Rosen
Tamm
Trotter
Nease
Tele. Room
Holloman
Gandy

Socony-

Company-Mobile

94-4-5130-✓

NOV 28 1956
NOV 27 1956

CRIME RECORDED

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Nichols

DATE: February 4, 1957

FROM : M. A. Jones

Tolson _____
 Nichols _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont _____
 Mason _____
 Mohr _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Nease _____
 Winterrowd _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

SUBJECT: JAMES O. EASTLAND
UNITED STATES SENATOR (DEMOCRAT)
MISSISSIPPI

BIOGRAPHICAL:

Senator Eastland was born 11-28-04 in Doddsville, Mississippi, and attended the University of Mississippi, Vanderbilt University and the University of Alabama. He was admitted to the bar in 1927 and commenced practice in Forest, Mississippi. From 1928 to 1932, he was a member of the Mississippi State House of Representatives. He was appointed to the U. S. Senate to fill a vacancy and served from 6-30-41 to 9-28-41. He was then elected to the Senate for the term beginning 1-3-43 and has been Senator since that date. Eastland is Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee.

CONTACTS WITH BUREAU:

Bufiles reflect cordial relations with Eastland who has requested the Director to speak at various functions. In July, 1947, the Director thanked him for his work in helping to have the bill authorizing retirement benefits for Special Agents passed. In January, 1954, at a dinner at the Press Club in Washington, D. C., Eastland, in discussion with other Congressional representatives, mentioned the Director's appearance before the Jenner Committee and praised the Director and the Bureau. However, he stated Director's appearance was a mistake and was a political move and stated other Democratic Senators would hold this against the Director when the Democrats regained control of Congress and the Bureau would suffer as a result. In regard to the above the Director noted, "If that be the price one must pay for telling the truth it is all right with me." In February, 1956, Inspector F. C. Holloman interviewed Courtney Pace, Eastland's Administrative Assistant, relative to anonymous telephone calls threatening to kill the Senator and his family. The Memphis Office interviewed Eastland who said there were no threats involved. In June, 1955, the Bureau received an anonymous call stating that Senator Eastland and Henry Morgenthau had discussed the Harry Dexter White case, and from the conversation it was the anonymous caller's opinion they were trying to make the Director look "like a liar" in regard to the Director's testimony in the Harry Dexter White case. The Director instructed no contact should be made with Eastland saying, "It is futile to make any check. The way Morgenthau was handled and the glowing tribute to him by Eastland is enough for me." In November, 1956, Eastland called you and made an appointment for you to meet his cousin, Richard H. Lowe, of Socony-Mobile Company (94-4-5130) (358)

RECOMMENDATION: None For information.

cc - Mr. Holloman

RECORDED-32

FCS:meh

(4) SEE ADDENDUM PAGE 2

FEB 6 1957

CREDIT REC

Memo to Mr. Nichols

2-4-57

ADDENDUM, LBN:hpf, 2-5-57

I have known Eastland personally for several years and it is my considered judgment he is basically friendly disposed to the Bureau. I have also talked to him about the Harry Dexter White testimony. Once he fully understood the background, he stated that the Director had no other choice but to testify.

As to the Henry Morgenthau situation, I knew long before Morgenthau ever came they were going into the Morgenthau Diary and Eastland personally told me he was going to laud Morgenthau with the view of getting his cooperation. This, of course, backfired and later proved to be a mistake. Instead of cooperating Morgenthau sought to duck out from under the diary by turning it over to General Services and relinquishing it to general control.

I have discussed on numerous occasions the civil rights situation. He naturally is a strong advocate of segregation. He thoroughly understands our position. Every time he has raised a question I have been able to satisfactorily explain our actions. He simply does not agree with some of the Departmental policies. However, he does not hold that against us.

Last year when the Executive Pay Bill got snarled up in the Senate he personally went to bat and was a prime mover in getting the matter straightened out. He idolized Pat McCarran and he knew of McCarran's friendship with us. He doesn't particularly like the Department but I think that this is largely political. So far as the Bureau is concerned, our relationships with him over the years have been good. As an indication of his interest, when the Morgenthau Diary began to show up the FBI reports and the like, he spoke to me about them and thought that they would do the Bureau no good being in the Diary. He told me that before anything was ever used with his committee, he would clear it with us. To date when instances have come up on material in the Diary which we didn't want used, he has blocked its use.

Senator Eastland is coming to my house for dinner Wednesday night.

✓ ✓ ✓

From

THE DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL

to

Official indicated below by check mark

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. Nichols ✓
Mr. Boardman ✓
Mr. Belmont ✓
Mr. Mohr ✓
Mr. Parsons ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Tamm ✓
Mr. Trotter ✓
Mr. Nease ✓
Tele. Room ✓
Mr. Holloman ✓
Miss Gandy ✓

The Attorney General _____
The Solicitor General _____
Assistant Attorney General, Antitrust _____
Assistant Attorney General, Tax _____
Assistant Attorney General, Civil _____
Assistant Attorney General, Lands _____
Assistant Attorney General, Criminal _____
Assistant Attorney General, Legal Counsel _____
Assistant Attorney General, Alien Property _____
Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security _____
Administrative Assistant Attorney General _____
Director, F.B.I. ✓
Director, Bureau of Prisons _____
Commissioner, Immig. and Naturalization _____
Pardon Attorney _____
Parole Board _____
Board of Immigration Appeals _____
Executive Assistant to the Attorney General _____
Director, Public Information _____
Records Administration Branch _____

MEMORANDUM

2/4/57

James O.
Senator Eastland is having lunch
with us tomorrow. I thought you
might like to be there.

WPR
(William P. Rogers)

I will attend.
X
A.G. Office
advised -
Rogers Secretary
advised -

RECORDED-32

94-4-5130-8

20 FEB 6 1957

60 FEB 8 1957

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: 2-26-57

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: James O. Eastland

The following is set forth purely as a matter of information.

You will recall that recently I saw Jim Eastland as a result of his comments to me on the Hoxie, Arkansas, matter. Jim is thoroughly satisfied on my explanation and admitted to me that there is considerable hysteria and misrepresentation in the South. He then told me that the publicity which came out of Clinton, Tennessee, had been very bad, that he himself had quieted down various people who were riled up at the time, that he had no doubts that had he been able to get hold of Jim Morrow, the State Representative, he would have quieted him down before he popped off to the press.

Jim stated that it was difficult to describe the interracial feeling in the South, difficult for people of the North to understand the feeling. He stated that they have taken a stand and that they are going to oppose integration to the last ditch. He told me we shouldn't take too seriously some of the criticism we are getting in the South. He states a lot of these people know better but a lot of them are just blowing off steam, they don't like interference, particularly on integration matters, and whoever interferes can inevitably expect to get the brickbats. He stated this doesn't mean the very people throwing the brickbats wouldn't rally behind the Bureau in every other phase of its activities. He stated he was making this point to me because the stakes were high and he had observed that over the years some of our strongest support had come from the South and that he hoped that we would try to understand the attitude of the people when they did blow off steam.

He stated we have been criticized in the past and we should expect more of the same, particularly when the Bureau is injected into a local situation. He stated he has been very favorably impressed with our own understanding of the problem and how we are constantly letting the folks know what we are doing is merely carrying out our duty. He stated this is now becoming fairly well understood. He thought that wherever possible we should try to talk to respectable people who indicate a misunderstanding. Riffraff, he said, of course, is not worth spending any time on. He told me we could not emphasize too much whenever we get into a civil rights case in the South, outside of cases involving violence or brutality,

cc - Mr. Boardman
cc - Mr. Rosen

RECORDED - 54

INDEXED - 54

16 MAR 7 1957

LBN:nl

(4)

Tolson
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Gandy

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

2-26-57

that we are making the investigation at the direction of the Department. He stated that good people all over the South are becoming increasingly concerned over violence and that they themselves have just about reached the point where they will not tolerate such activities. He himself thinks that every time an act of violence breaks out their position is weakened; however, when he has tried to make this point to some of his friends in Mississippi, he has some difficulty because they cite the fact that the Negroes' plan to push integration suddenly evaporated after the Gus Courts shooting. He then stated that some violence is going to continue as some of the "red necks" simply cannot be controlled. He stated for example that had it not been for the Citizens Councils in Mississippi, acts of violence would have broken out a long time ago and he thinks the Citizens Councils for the most part have been a positive force for good, that to be sure they have opposed integration but have done it with lawful means, that where trouble has occurred, it stemmed from outside agitation. He then launched into a tirade against John Kasper. *D.C. - Miss.*

I frankly told the Senator of some of the things we had heard. He told me had read the report which Bill Simon had prepared, a copy of which Simon gave us on Kasper. He also characterized Asa Carter as a trouble maker and also characterized Curt Copeland as a trouble maker. Mississippi Citizens Councils will not let Kasper, Carter or Copeland into Mississippi. *Ark. - Miss.*

In the matter of interest, he told me a couple of years ago Curt Copeland brought to his office a record of an alleged speech by an NAACP leader which referred to intermarriage. At that time Copeland and others were carrying on a combat against the present Governor of Arkansas. Copeland stated that if they could state that Eastland had given them the record, they could then defeat the present Governor. Eastland heard the record and told them it was cleverly done. He also told them it was "not a nigger talking." He said he later learned that Copeland who was quite an expert in using the Negro dialect had actually made the recording but this would be awfully hard to prove.

I told him that we, of course, were concerned with violence and that certainly if the good people could keep down the violence, it would be better all the way around. He stated he has no doubt that some civil rights legislation will pass in the current session of Congress. One of the things they are most afraid of is the so-called President's Commission and its investigating power. Even Senator Hennings is against this, although Hennings is doing a lot of public talking for civil rights. I told Jim that one thing that some of the southern folks should think about is that if they get a President's Commission there is going to be an invasion of the South with all sorts of hearings and I suspect if they were smart, the President's Commission would dig out the allegations against the Bureau and force them into the open and then force the Bureau into defending itself, which I hoped would not come about as we knew that a lot of the folks were popping off and simply didn't mean what they said.

2-26-57

Jim stated he definitely agreed with this and that was one of the reasons why he has been trying to calm down some folks. I told him that the best way to meet this situation is if he overhears some allegations to let us know right away so we can get the facts and be in a position to state what we did and didn't do. If we deserve a kick in the pants that is all right too. I further told him on a confidential basis that a lot of the southern folks never know what a position the Director has been in, some of the problems we have to contend with and some of the difficulties we have met. I then referred on a strictly off-the-record and confidential basis to the memorandum of Olney of September 1, 1955, wherein Olney had said that the Department authorized the Bureau to send immediately a group of Agents into the Hoxie area and interview as large a number of people as possible. I told Jim the Director refused to do this and we would make the investigations requested and make the interviews that would be productive

He stated he was glad to know this and he was glad we could have our talk. Jim stated he would do whatever he could to calm some of the hotheads because it was not in the best interest to be constantly harping on the Bureau.

will
do
more

Eastland should have
his attention called to
Cong. Williams' (miss)
outburst at us of today.

g

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: March 6, 1957

FROM : F. L. Price *FLP*

SUBJECT: [REDACTED] AKA., ET AL.
ET AL. - VICTIMS
CIVIL RIGHTS

Investigation in this matter concerns the alleged beatings administered by officers of the Hinds County Sheriff's Office, Jackson, Mississippi. Seven victims have been identified and investigation being continued to identify three other victims.

By memorandum of 2-1-57, Criminal Division also requested a preliminary investigation in matter involving the Hinds County Sheriff's Office with respect to the alleged beating of [REDACTED]. This investigation was ordered 3-4-57. The 3-4-57, issue of the "State Times" Jackson, Mississippi, quoted State Circuit Judge Leon F. Hendricks of Jackson as having called upon the local grand jury to investigate stories and rumors of mistreatment of inmates in the Hinds County Jail. Judge suggested to grand jury they subpoena FBI Agents and have them bring statements and other data obtained as result of Bureau investigation.

The office of Senator James O. Eastland (D. Miss.) had received a lengthy telegram stating that Agents without showing probable cause had interviewed prisoners regarding an alleged violation of civil rights of a prisoner and Agents without permission of the court had interviewed a defendant who was awaiting sentence. This action was looked upon as an attempt by the Federal Government to interfere with the sentence to be imposed by the court. Wire concluded by asking Senator Eastland to contact the Director and arrange for Agents to get in touch with District Attorney Robert Nichols, Jr. within the next two days to arrange for their appearance before a county grand jury and to relate their theory of the investigation and advise of the results of same. Wire contains statement that actions taken are a local matter and should be handled by local authorities.

Senator Eastland made the following observations: 1. He inquired if "shotgun" approach used in making interviews with prisoners at the jail; 2. He stated that the District Attorney had gone behind Bureau Agents and secured affidavits from trustees that the four Negroes allegedly involved in the first incident of beating had rubbed "voodoo" medicine on themselves. and the two

Enclosures *sent 3-6-57* One of the three unknown victims is a white sailor. Particular investigative attention is being afforded this phase.

cc: 1 - Mr. Nichols

CLM:jd
(7) AR

Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

Negroes of whom the Bureau had photographs reflecting the extent of injuries had rubbed this medicine on their buttocks. The mutilated condition of their bodies was caused by hydrochloric acid burns occasioned when they began to perspire. Courtney Pace, administrative assistant to Senator Eastland, stated that the pictures did not reflect any lacerations and if the wounded area had been caused by beatings there would have been evidence of welts or lacerations; 3. He stated according to his information Agents had gone into jail and interviewed all the inmates and the sheriff did not know what it was all about.

Pace thought the District Attorney wanted to take the matter up with the Agents and that the District Attorney did not want to do anything but straighten out the situation. He was advised that the proper method would be for the District Attorney to take the matter up with the U. S. Attorney and that the Bureau could not pass upon the handling of the matter and would refer it to the Department.

OBSERVATIONS RE COMMENTS OF EASTLAND AND PACE:

One victim, [REDACTED] was interviewed after having entered a plea of guilty and before sentence was imposed. [REDACTED] was interviewed on 2-7-57. He had entered a plea of guilty on 2-2-57, and on 2-14-57, was sentenced to four years for burglary and larceny. There is no rule requiring Bureau Agents to obtain permission from a local magistrate or judge before interviewing an individual during the period between his original arrest and final disposition of his case by local courts. In civil rights matters magistrates or justices acting in conspiracy with a particular police officer or department could, if they so desired, thwart the enforcement of the Federal Civil Rights Statute by merely filing charges against an individual and postponing indefinitely final court action and refusing Bureau Agents permission to interview such individual until a local case had been decided and the individual sentenced or acquitted. [REDACTED] status unknown to Agents at time of interview. b7C

With regard to the comment of "shotgun" approach in interviewing prisoners at the jail it is noted that the Bureau is conducting a full investigation in this matter. The individual victims have stated that from five to twelve prisoners were present on occasions when they were beaten. Being of limited intelligence they were not aware of the full identities of each prisoner in the room and were able in some instances only to furnish nicknames or vague descriptions. In view of the full investigation being conducted and the

Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

allegations of gross brutality involved the Agents rightfully made every effort to identify the witnesses so that it may be possible for the Department to fully determine whether or not the individuals were beaten and if so, what individuals were involved. As some of the prisoners present were trustees and other inmates who had seen the victims only for a matter of days it was necessary to exhibit photographs to them for them to be able to definitely establish whether they had witnessed such prisoners being beaten. It is further observed that the original allegation was that two Negroes had been whipped severely and the information regarding the other eight victims was developed as a result of the questioning of the individuals who were present in the jail.

With respect to the statement that injuries to the buttocks of victims [redacted] and [redacted] were caused by "voodoo" medicine it is noted that "The Clarion - Ledger," Jackson, Mississippi, of 1-4-57, and "The Delta Democrat - Times," Greenville, Mississippi, of 1-3-57, contained articles regarding the alleged beating of [redacted] and [redacted] and reported that the physician who treated them had said that the injuries were bruised skin caused by something hitting the skin and hitting it very hard. "The Delta Democrat - Times" further reported that the doctor had stated that he doubted if the wounds were caused by corrosive liquids. The doctor who treated [redacted] and [redacted] was interviewed and advised that the results of his observations at the time he examined the victims were contained in the records of the county hospital which records he made available. With regard to victim [redacted] the hospital record reflects that he lay on his abdomen unable to move either to the left or right. The examination revealed a large ulcer on either side of the buttocks about the size of the palm of the hand and also two small areas which appeared to be lacerated on the right side. In regard to victim [redacted] the hospital record reflects the diagnosis to be "infected ulcer on both buttocks due to injuries in the form of beating received." The record also indicated that both victims were unable to walk and the thighs of both victims were swollen. The doctor, [redacted] Greenville, Mississippi, was recontacted on 3-5-57, and stated he would not express any professional opinion as to the cause of the injuries. He was most reluctant to give any opinion and stated he did not want to become involved in any controversy. Upon being asked if the application of "voodoo" medicine, acid, or other liquids to the exterior surface of the skin could have caused the injuries he stated, "I suppose it could." The Doctor is now hedging and we are pointing this out in our memorandum to the Department.

b7c

Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

In addition to the records of the hospital, at least five trustees who were incarcerated in the Hinds County Jail have stated they witnessed the beatings of victims [redacted] and [redacted]. One individual furnished a statement that "pieces of skin or flesh which were busted off his buttocks hit me in the face. When the whipping would stop blood would ooze from raw places on his buttocks..." b7C

With respect to the statement that Agents went into the jail and interviewed all the prisoners and the sheriff did not know what it was all about, it is noted that on 1-23-57, Sheriff Albert Jones was advised by Special Agents [redacted] and [redacted] that a preliminary investigation was being conducted at the request of Warren Olney III. On 2-5-57, Sheriff Jones was advised by Special Agents [redacted] and [redacted] that a full investigation in this matter was being conducted at the request of United States Attorney Hauberg of Jackson, Mississippi, and SAC Chiles specifically reaffirmed today, 3-6-57, the fact that the Sheriff knew the purpose of the investigation and he also indicated that the employees of the jail were interviewed concerning the specific beatings and denied any knowledge of it. 7 b7C

ACTION:

1. Attached is a memorandum to the Criminal Division advising of the news article indicating that a local grand jury might subpoena those conducting investigation in this matter and furnishing to Department the information received by Mr. Nichols from Senator Eastland and his administrative assistant together with the correct statement of the facts in this case. The Department also being advised that our New Orleans and Memphis Offices have been advised that if subpoenas are received the Bureau should be immediately advised and the United States Attorney contacted and referred to the provisions of Departmental Order 3229. Department being further informed that if the District Attorney or other state official contacts Bureau Agents regarding a conference in this matter such individual will be referred to the United States Attorney.

Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

2. Attached is an airtel to the New Orleans and Memphis Offices instructing them to advise the Bureau and the United States Attorney in the event any subpoenas are received and in such instances to alert the United States Attorney to the provisions of Departmental Order 3229. These offices are being further instructed that all Agents assigned to work in Mississippi are to be alert to any requests from state authorities and to immediately advise the SAC. New Orleans and Memphis being further instructed to keep the Bureau currently informed of all developments and to furnish any newspaper items which may appear concerning action contemplated or taken by state authorities in these matters.

3. We are specifically pointing out the comments of [REDACTED] as given to our Agents on 3-5-57, which indicate that he is now hedging on his original official medical report. We are pointing out that previous official reports of the Doctor do not indicate this uncertainty. b7c

4. We are asking the Department whether we have to determine the status of an individual before we interview him. This is in view of the comment of the Judge that the witness in this case was awaiting sentence. We are asking for specific advice in this and other cases in the future.

5. We are pointing out to the Department that the investigation concerning the identified seven victims has been completed and that we hope to locate, identify, and interview the three unidentified persons who were brought to our attention on 3-1-57, as allegedly having been beaten. We have indicated that we expect to complete this investigation by the early part of next week and that it is being given expeditious attention.

6. Consideration has been given as to whether SAC Chiles should go to the Judge to point out the basis for our inquiry. Consideration has also been given as to whether we should advise the local District Attorney at this time concerning the same. Inasmuch as the Judge did not seek any information from us concerning this matter we ought not to approach him at this time and that the matter ought to be handled by the Department rather than by injecting the FBI into the situation. The same would apply to the District Attorney.

right
L-5

Memorandum for Mr. Rosen

7. In view of the questions which we have raised which require an answer from the Department, we did not wish to place this responsibility in the hands of the Attorney General and this memorandum is, therefore, being directed to Mr. Olney. If you desire, we can furnish copies to the Attorney General and Rogers indicating that we have today brought these matters to the attention of Mr. Olney for an early decision.

BEING DONE

see memo to Olney 3/6/57 HK

yes

8. The Laboratory has been requested to examine the color photographs of victims [redacted] and [redacted] which we have together with reviewing a copy of the hospital records contained in an investigative report to ascertain if it can be determined from such information whether the injuries were inflicted by a beating or resulted from hypodermic or other acids. The Laboratory has also been requested to determine if it would be feasible at this date to physically examine these two victims for a possible conclusion as to whether the injuries were inflicted by a beating or resulted from acid burns. It is to be pointed out that the victims were first beaten about December 20, 1956, and the photographs were taken January 1, 1957. (I disagree with this - Rosen)(This is a medical responsibility.)

b7C

Being done by [redacted] R

9. SAC, Chiles, New Orleans, has been requested to obtain written affidavits from the Agents regarding the interview conducted with victim [redacted] while he was awaiting sentence and with respect to the allegation that interviews had been conducted at the Hinds County Jail without the Sheriff's knowing about it.

b7C

R chm [redacted] gmw

See that no further information is furnished Dep. Eastland. It is obvious Defense is desperately trying to establish an alibi. [redacted]

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: March 28, 1957

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: [REDACTED] b7C
- VICTIM, ET AL;
CIVIL RIGHTS

Tolson
Nichols
Boardman
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Rosen
Tamm
Trotter
Nease
Tele. Room
Holloman
Gandy

Senator James Eastland called me on the evening of March 27. He asked if I had seen the grand jury report from Jackson. I told him I had just read a news account of it. He had not read it but had received the text of it. He stated he is becoming more and more concerned about the situation in Mississippi and that, within an hour after Olney had left down there, he had a telephone call and that regardless of what the facts were the picture could be painted that the Department of Justice by interceding in the [REDACTED] case after the grand jury had moved in was in fact defending [REDACTED] an unsavory character. He stated he did not like the way Olney went in and went out; that what concerns him is the fact that the people are going to give vent to their feelings by engaging in tirades against the Bureau regardless of the fact that we are doing what the bosses tell us to do, people are just not going to react that way - they are going to react against the people they see, which in this instance are the agents.

I told Jim for his confidential information that the Bureau had on two occasions gone to the Criminal Division and raised the question of the propriety of going into the [REDACTED] case since she was under subpoena. He said he would expect that because it was smart but that the people in the Department are showing the intelligence of a "moron."

He stated that he may have something to say about this case on the Senate floor some of these days; that he, of course, would not do anything to embarrass us. He further stated that the real boss in Hinds County is Judge McGowan and that he would not be at all surprised if McGowan had written the grand jury report. He termed U.S. Attorney Hauberg as "a good boy," but he then stated when he saw me sometime, he would tell me a few other things - that Hauberg will tell you only what he wants you to know.

cc - Mr. Boardman
cc - Mr. Rosen

LBN:rm
(4)

53 APR 2 1957

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170 APR 1 1957

I wish Eastland would direct his tirades & questions to Olney & not to the U.S. Ct. Eastland knows better.

SIX.

JAMES E. EASTLAND, JR.
 ROYAL K. KENNEDY, TENN.
 GLEN D. JOHNSON, D. C.
 THOMAS C. KENNEDY, JR., MD.
 JOHN L. McLELLAN, ARK.
 JOSEPH C. O'DONOHUE, WYO.
 MATTHEW M. NEELY, D. VA.
 SAM J. CRUTE, JR., D. C.

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY
 SUBCOMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE THE ADMINISTRATION OF
 THE INTERNAL SECURITY ACT AND OTHER INTERNAL SECURITY LAWS
 UNDER 1. REEL IN (NOT CONGRESS)

JAMES E. EASTLAND, JR.
 ROYAL K. KENNEDY, TENN.
 GLEN D. JOHNSON, D. C.
 THOMAS C. KENNEDY, JR., MD.
 JOHN L. McLELLAN, ARK.
 JOSEPH C. O'DONOHUE, WYO.
 MATTHEW M. NEELY, D. VA.
 SAM J. CRUTE, JR., D. C.

October 21, 1957

Honorable Louis B. Nichols
 Federal Bureau of Investigation
 Department of Justice
 Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Lou:

News of your retirement was a great shock. I can't recall any occasion when I have more greatly regretted the exit of a Government servant from his post. Since I have been in the Senate I have not known anyone in Washington who did his job better, or who contributed more to his organization, or who put in more unrequired and unrewarded effort, than you. I do not know any man who has served his country better than you have, or who has made a greater personal sacrifice to continue such service.

You will be greatly missed. They will be able to find a man to fill your job, but not your shoes. The man who succeeds you will not replace you, no matter how able he may be.

The Bureau is suffering a great loss by your retirement. I think the country is suffering a great loss too, though I know you well enough to realize that wherever you are and whatever you are doing, you will always find ways of serving your country and working effectively for her welfare.

You have my very best wishes for success in whatever you undertake; I understand you are going away for a long rest, and I'm sure you need it. When you come back, I hope you will drop around occasionally to see

Your friend,

Jim Eastland

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EX-131

[Signature]

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October 25, 1957

Honorable James O. Eastland
Chairman
Committee on the Judiciary
United States Senate
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Jim:

Your letter of October 21st was most kind and I was deeply touched by the sentiments you expressed. My decision to leave the Bureau was one of the most difficult with which I have ever been confronted in view of my respect and affection for the Director and the mission of the FBI. Thus, you may rest assured that it was prompted solely by personal considerations. After a good vacation, I will then finalize my plans for the future.

In the meantime, I want to take this opportunity to tell you how much I have appreciated your friendship, sympathy, and understanding over the years and to express the hope that our paths will continue to cross from time to time in the future.

I know that you will continue to be on the alert for the best interest of the Bureau as you always have in the past and you should not hesitate to call Mr. Gordon Rogers, my successor, who incidentally is from Arkansas, at any time you think we can be of service. I certainly hope to see you in the not too distant future and I do hope everything goes well in Memphis.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely,

L. F. Nichols

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Nichols _____
Boardman _____
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Mohr _____
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Trotter _____
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Gandy _____

L.F.N:elb/11

64 NOV 19 1957

NOV 2 1957

NOV 8 1957

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: 11/14/57

FROM : G. A. Nease

SUBJECT: *Senator Eastland*

Senator Eastland was in a great hurry for a quote from the Director which he thought he had read somewhere recently where the Director, in speaking of communism, said we must be eternally vigilant but we must not be so preoccupied with atomic matters that we do not realize the danger from communism from within the United States. He had Ben Mandel call my office and Mandel was referred to the Director's American Legion speech, copy attached, where on page 8, third full paragraph, the Director made that statement.

JJM:hpf
(3)
Enclosure

cc - Mr. Jones

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60 NOV 21 1957

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+ put in
FBI - Hoover
Enclosure file*

116

CRIME REC.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: December 4, 1957

FROM : G. A. Nease

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND
 (D. - MISSISSIPPI)
COURTNEY C. PACE
 (ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT)
 FINGERPRINT MATTER

Tolson _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Nease _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Trotter _____
 Clayton _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

At 2:15 p. m., 12-3-57, Courtney C. Pace, administrative assistant to Senator James O. Eastland (D. - Mississippi), telephoned and, while I was tied up on another matter, talked with Wick. *D.C.*

Mr. Pace said his 12-year-old son is vitally interested in fingerprinting and has tried to take a few prints with equipment furnished in a chemistry set his father bought him but without success. Pace asked whether we knew where he might obtain a fingerprint-taking outfit which he might give his son as a Christmas gift. Wick told him we certainly would be able to supply him this information and Wick would call him back.

OBSERVATIONS:

We have inexpensive sets of fingerprint-taking equipment which I believe it advisable to supply to Courtney Pace in view of his and the Senator's continued friendliness to the Bureau. It will be pointed out to Pace, however, that we would appreciate his not publicizing the availability of such equipment in the FBI. (The type of equipment is that normally supplied to constables, etc., by Resident Agents seeking cooperation, etc.)

ACTION TAKEN:

Wick informed Mr. Pace on the afternoon of 12-3-57, that we might be able to help him; whereupon Mr. Pace said, "I really feel embarrassed by this because Mrs. Eastland just came in and said she would like to give a set of equipment to her son, Woods Eugene Eastland." Wick told him someone would be in touch with him within the next couple of days.

cc - Mr. Trotter
 cc - Mr. Jones

REW:rm
 (4)

(See Recommendation on next page)

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INDEXED - 26

EX-135

12 DEC 6 1957

67 DEC 13 1957

CRIME

December 4, 1957

ACTION TO BE TAKEN:

I have secured from the Identification Division two sets of inexpensive fingerprint equipment, together with 25 personal identification cards and two copies of the pamphlet we put out entitled "How To Take Fingerprints," all of which I personally will take up to Mr. Pace within the next day or so.

I think this is a good opportunity to discuss matters in general with Pace.

gm
one
gh
q.
Handwritten signature
12/5
gm

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: January 30, 1958

FROM : G. A. NEASE

SUBJECT: DEPARTMENTAL APPLICANTS
James O. Eastland

Senator Eastland called. He stated in regard to our investigations in Florida of prospective judges he wanted to be sure we checked carefully with the lawyers and the Judges of the State Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals. He stated he had complaints from two very prominent citizens indicating that we did not always check with the various lawyers and the judges of the above-mentioned courts. He also suggested that we check with former Governors of Florida who now live in Northern Florida.

I told him it was our policy to always check with outstanding lawyers and judges when investigating judiciary applicants and I could not understand particularly what he had in mind. I asked him if he had any particular judges in mind and he said he had none. I also asked him if it would not be proper for us to talk to his source of information and he stated he did not desire to give his name. I told the Senator it was our objective to always conduct such inquiries in as complete a manner as possible and I would look into the matter.

Upon checking with Mr. Rosen I find we have not had an investigation of a prospective judge in Florida for over a year. I attempted to call Senator Eastland back to advise him of the above and straighten him out on the matter. However, he is out of his office but I will contact him later in the day.

RECOMMENDATION: I contact Senator Eastland and point out to him we are at a loss to understand just what he has in mind since we have had no such investigations as he refers to in Florida for over a year and I will reiterate it is always our policy to interview a representative number of the legal profession and the judiciary when conducting this type of investigation.

GAN:FML

(4)

cc--Mr. Boardman

cc--Mr. Rosen

194-4-5130-
NOT RECORDED
176 MAR 3 1958

memo sent to
Tolson 1-30-58
GAK/p

MAR 3 1958

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: January 30, 1958

FROM : G. A. NEASE

SUBJECT: DEPARTMENTAL APPLICANTS

James O. Eastland

Regarding Senator Eastland's call with reference to the investigation of prospective judges in the Northern District of Florida, I called him back and told him that we were at a loss to understand the basis of the complaints he had received since we had not investigated a prospective judge in Florida in the past year. He stated that it was his understanding that three were under investigation at this time. I told him that this simply was not true, that we have no such pending investigations. He stated that he had seen in the paper that the Republicans had three names up for consideration of judgeships. I told him that this might be true but, on the other hand, they had not yet been referred to us. I further told him that it was always our policy to interview a representative number of the outstanding lawyers and judges in any area where such investigations were conducted. He stated this would not satisfy him in this case, that he wanted to be sure we would interview the leading lawyers in the Northern District as well as all judges of the State Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals, including the retiring Federal Judge in the Northern District. He had earlier mentioned that he wanted the former governors now residing in the Northern District also interviewed.

I told him if requests for such investigations were referred to us, his wishes would be taken into consideration.

194-
NOT RECORDED
176 MAR 3 1958

cc-Mr. Boardman
cc-Mr. Rosen
GAN:jmr
(4)

While the Senator's request seems to be unreasonable yet if Dept requests any investigations of this type in the future that we consider them as Senator has indicated.

TO MAR 3 1958

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Nease

DATE: May 19, 1958

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND
DEMOCRAT - MISSISSIPPI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-14-84 BY SP7 mac/jte

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Nease	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
Clayton	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Gandy	_____

Senator Eastland was born in Mississippi in 1904; was admitted to the bar in 1927; has practiced law and engaged in farming; served in Mississippi state legislature, 1928-32; appointed to U. S. Senate to fill vacancy caused by death of Pat Harrison, June, 1941, to September, 1941. Elected to U. S. Senate in November, 1942, and re-elected in 1948 and 1954.

Eastland is Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee. He has been outspokenly anticommunist, and has exhibited a friendly attitude toward the Bureau.

In March, 1957, the Director sent Eastland (as Chairman of the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee) a detailed statement relating to the 16th National Convention of the Communist Party which was captioned "The Communist Party, USA and Its Present Status." This was published by Eastland's committee.

In the interest of expediency, abstracts only of Senator Eastland's main file (94-4-5130) have been reviewed. These reflect a number of friendly contacts with him regarding a variety of matters dating back to 1944, when the Director wrote him a letter of sympathy concerning the death of Eastland's father.

Available ticklers regarding recent contacts with Eastland's committee reflect that on May 14, you advised Mr. Tolson that Jay Sourwine had said the Committee's annual report had caused quite a storm in Canada with regard to the Norman case; that the Canadians are accusing the Internal Security Subcommittee of releasing the names of Canadians, violating an agreement and are bringing up the question of the propriety of exchanging information with the U. S.

On May 14, Sourwine also advised ^{you} that he had received a letter from Matt Cvetic asking for current information concerning the whereabouts of Earl Browder and others he believed to be connected with the Ford Foundation or one of its agencies. These persons reportedly were planning to attack the Director.

REC-11

1 - Mr. Holloman

23 MAY 20 1958

GWG:geg
(6)

70 MAY 26 1958 3

CRIME REC

Jones to Nease memorandum

On May 9, Jay Sourwine referred to his previous request for the Director's opinion as to whether the time was ripe for the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee to call the top communist leaders before it. He felt they would either not answer questions at all or would take the Fifth Amendment. Sourwine said he had talked to L. B. Nichols from Cincinnati on May 8, and Mr. Nichols had thought it was an excellent idea.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

gm

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

May 19, 1958

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. Boardman ✓
Mr. Belmont ✓
Mr. Mohr ✓
Mr. Nease ✓
Mr. Parsons ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Tamm ✓
Mr. Trotter ✓
Mr. Jones ✓
Mr. Clayton ✓
Tele. Room ✓
Mr. Holloman ✓
Miss Holmes ✓
Miss Gandy ✓

I called Jay Sourwine and advised him the Director was out of the office all afternoon in conferences and expected to leave town tomorrow morning; and, therefore, would not be able to see Senator Eastland. Sourwine asked when the Director would return to the city. I advised him we had no way of knowing as, when the Director left the city, his schedule was such that his return is always indefinite. Mr. Sourwine stated he thoroughly understood but wondered whether or not I would advise Senator Eastland of these facts. I told him I would be glad to.

I, accordingly, called Senator Eastland and advised him the Director regretted he would not be able to see the Senator in view of the fact he was in conferences outside the building all afternoon and was leaving town tomorrow. The Senator expressed his appreciation and stated he understood.

The Senator then asked whether or not I could drop by his office and see him sometime tomorrow as he wanted to discuss a matter with me. He did not indicate what he wished to discuss. I told him I would be glad to do so.

Unless advised to the contrary, I will make arrangements to see Senator Eastland sometime tomorrow.

FCH:rm

Did not see him
he will call
later

REC-83
EX-100
GK

W

50 MAY 29 1958

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

2:20PM May 19, 1958

Jay Sourwine, Senate Internal Security Subcommittee telephoned and stated he would like to arrange an appointment for Senator Eastland with the Director sometime this afternoon. He stated the Senator had wanted to see the Director for some time now and had some free time this afternoon.

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Boardman _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Nease _____
Mr. Parsons _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tamm _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Mr. Jones _____
Mr. Clayton _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

He was advised of the Director's absence from the office, however, that we would advise the Director of the request upon his return to the office.

He may be contacted at the Capitol, extension 6438.

Attached are memoranda concerning Senator Eastland and the Subcommittee as well as a copy of a memorandum today concerning the Senator's request for the names of informants in a New Orleans, Louisiana, case regarding [REDACTED]

mga

I cannot work in I am leaving for N.Y. either tomorrow or Wed
H.
No. 12222 ed 12222

b7C

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

DATE: 11

FROM : J. P. Mohr

SUBJECT: The Congressional Record

Pages 3411-3416, 3426-3475, contain the discussion on S. 50, the Hawaiian Statehood bill. This bill was passed by the Senate yesterday. On page 3442, Senator Allott, (R) Colorado, spoke concerning the Communist menace in Hawaii and whether or not this should prevent statehood. He stated "There are nearly 200,000 persons in Hawaii who are members of the labor force. Approximately 25,000 are members of the unions alleged to be Communist dominated. Only a few—a very few—of these 25,000 have ever been accused of being Communist sympathizers or Communist Party members." He went on to state "The FBI in 1953 stated that at no time were there more than 160 Communists in Hawaii. A 1951 FBI report listed only 36 known Communists." Mr. Allott requested to have printed in the Record a collection of editorials from various newspapers in the United States. It is pointed out in an editorial from the Los Angeles Examiner of February 5th "Despite fears of Communist influence in the islands, we have it on the word of such responsible men as Interior Secretary Fred A. Seaton that communism is under as strict surveillance in the islands as it is here. There is a Territorial subversive activities committee that cooperates closely with the FBI." On page 3453, Senator Carroll, (D) Colorado, pointed out that he visited the FBI a few weeks ago and at that time asked the specific question "How many known Communists are in the Hawaiian Islands?" Mr. Carroll stated that he was advised by the FBI there were 25 known Communists in the Hawaiian Islands. Mr. Carroll then stated "Now I put the question: Considering the great expanse of area, considering the nature of the population and the nature of the economy, does the Senator from Mississippi think those 25 Communists could form a conspiracy which would injure the Territory of Hawaii if it became a State?" Senator Eastland, (D) Mississippi, replied "I notice that the Senator from Colorado made no reference to the influential and powerful positions which Communists have in the Island. That is the key to the subject. What are their powers? What is their influence? I am very much amazed that the distinguished junior Senator from Colorado did not go into that phase of the question with the FBI."

66 MAR 31 1959

In the original of a memorandum captioned and dated as above, the Congressional Record for _____ was reviewed and pertinent items were marked for the Director's attention. This form has been prepared in order that portions of a copy of the original memorandum may be clipped, mounted, and placed in appropriate Bureau case or subject matter files.

NOT RECORDED
141 MAR 27 1959

PERS. FILE

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

April 22, 1959

1:10 PM

Senator James Eastland of Mississippi called me and stated that as he understood it, the FBI investigates bombings of schools and churches and he was wondering whether or not we investigated bombings in connection with labor difficulties such as the labor situation at Henderson, North Carolina. Senator Eastland stated if we had jurisdiction to investigate bombings of churches and schools, did we have jurisdiction to investigate labor bombings and did we do so.

I told Senator Eastland that in the first place, the FBI did not have jurisdiction to investigate bombings of schools and churches as such as these were local crimes, but that in such bombings, we offer the local police our cooperation in making laboratory examinations or fingerprint identification cooperation.

He then asked if we actually covered any other type of leads in bombings of schools and churches, and I told him that if the police made the request, we have covered leads for them out of state which was out of the jurisdiction of the local police and the results of the covering of the lead by the FBI would be furnished to the local police for their local violation only.

FCH:edm

6 APR 23 1959

NOT RECORDED
140 APR 30 1959

CRIME REC.

67 MAY 4 - 1959

Mr. Tolson ☒
Mr. Belmont ☒
Mr. DeLoach ☒
Mr. McGuire ☒
Mr. Mohr ☒
Mr. Parsons ☒
Mr. Rosen ☒
Mr. Tamm ☒
Mr. Trotter ☒
Mr. Jones ☒
Mr. W.C. Sullivan ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Mr. Holloman ☒
Miss Holmes ☒
Miss Gandy ☒

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 191

Senator Eastland then asked whether or not we would do the same thing in a labor bombing, such as the Henderson, North Carolina, matter. I told him that in any type of local violation of this type we would make our Laboratory and Identification Division facilities available to the local police and would cooperate with them in any way possible in a police cooperation matter, realizing that such matters were a violation of local law and not within our jurisdiction.

He then asked if we would cover out-of-state leads in labor bombing cases. I told him that if the local police had a local violation of such a nature and requested us to cover an out-of-state lead for them, we would do so as a police cooperation matter, although we did not have jurisdiction in such cases.

Senator Eastland asked whether or not our facilities and cooperation had been offered to the local authorities at Henderson, North Carolina, in regard to the labor case, and I told him I did not know whether it had been done in this case or not, but generally speaking, the police are aware of the cooperative functions of the FBI. He then inquired if there was a difference between offering our services in labor cases and in school or church bombing cases, and I told him that frankly these were two different types of cases, principally because in bombings of churches and schools, it was done by placing bombs at night, but that in either case, we would cooperate with the local authorities as we had no jurisdiction in such cases.

Continued --

Senator Eastland seemed to be satisfied and thanked me for this information.

Senator Eastland did not indicate why he was making these inquiries and I did not inquiry of him as I received the impression he had someone with him in his office while he was talking.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: April 30, 1959

FROM : C. D. DELOACH *CD*

SUBJECT:

JAMES O.

At 8:55 AM this morning a Mr. Lipscomb in the office of Senator Eastland of Mississippi called and talked to Kemper.

Lipscomb was rather excited and said he needed at once crime figures which would compare the State of Mississippi with the State of Michigan. Kemper told Mr. Lipscomb that such comparisons were dangerous and referred him to the section of the Uniform Crime Report which indicates that such comparisons between states, cities, etc., could not be made with any degree of accuracy. Lipscomb said he knew this but "sometimes you just have to have figures."

He asked that Kemper send over issues dating back ten years for comparison purposes.

In that this is something we obviously want to stay out of, Kemper told him we did not have the issues but felt certain that the Library of Congress would have them on file and could get them to him quickly.

He said he would do this.

The annual bulletin has for years carried a tabulation by states but this tabulation is only based on city crime rates. A copy of this table for 1957 is attached. *OK*

ACTION:

For information. *✓* *AW*

Enclosure
1 - Mr. Leonard
1 - Mr. Jones

ECK:ejp
(4) *F152*

8 MAY 12 1959

ENCLOSURE *OK*

REC-39

MAY 11 1959

CRIME REC.

Tolson *✓*
Belmont *✓*
DeLoach *✓*
McGuire *✓*
Mohr *✓*
Parsons *✓*
Rosen *✓*
Tamm *✓*
Trotter *✓*
W.C. Sullivan *✓*
Tele. Room *✓*
Holloman *✓*
Gandy *✓*

Table 31.—City Crime Rates, 1957, by Geographic Divisions and States

[Offenses known per 100,000 inhabitants. Population based on 1950 decennial census]

Division and State	Murder, nonnegli- gent man- slaughter	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Bur- glary— breaking or entering	Larceny —theft	Auto theft
TOTAL	8.1	64.8	60.8	801.9	1,817.8	254.7
New England	1.4	19.5	21.9	339.6	849.3	92.6
Connecticut.....	2.1	19.2	29.4	270.7	804.3	173.3
Maine.....	1.2	6.1	12.4	225.7	1,024.1	126.7
Massachusetts.....	1.8	22.9	18.2	318.7	817.0	263.6
New Hampshire.....	.4	2.8	2.8	181.3	658.7	80.9
Rhode Island.....	1.2	14.8	25.2	451.3	1,127.1	200.8
Vermont.....	.9	3.8		188.9	678.7	96.7
Middle Atlantic	2.1	49.9	53.4	389.4	818.7	178.7
New Jersey.....	2.7	49.1	63.9	467.9	855.4	230.2
New York.....	3.2	45.9	96.1	381.4	874.7	167.1
Pennsylvania.....	3.1	57.9	70.6	336.2	888.7	170.7
East North Central	6.7	82.3	70.7	392.5	1,221.5	304.3
Illinois.....	6.0	123.6	78.1	343.7	746.1	133.4
Indiana.....	3.9	49.8	50.7	488.5	1,496.1	291.9
Michigan.....	4.1	95.1	132.9	534.6	1,735.4	292.2
Ohio.....	4.9	60.4	89.7	375.3	1,263.6	205.3
Wisconsin.....	1.7	10.6	18.8	190.1	1,281.1	152.5
West North Central	3.6	59.6	53.9	435.8	1,381.5	314.0
Iowa.....	1.2	15.0	9.0	242.0	1,278.6	115.8
Kansas.....	4.1	39.5	59.3	500.5	1,682.4	139.8
Minnesota.....	1.0	28.7	8.8	402.7	1,251.9	188.0
Missouri.....	7.3	126.5	123.1	572.1	1,487.5	334.7
Nebraska.....	2.7	17.6	30.5	247.9	1,132.7	197.4
North Dakota.....		11.0	8.4	206.8	1,802.2	190.4
South Dakota.....	1.7	6.6	.6	184.4	1,067.2	71.5
South Atlantic ¹	10.3	81.4	197.7	613.7	1,484.2	273.7
Delaware.....	8.4	56.2	27.4	607.3	1,694.8	252.3
Florida.....	11.6	87.5	113.6	1,093.9	2,198.5	303.4
Georgia.....	13.9	44.5	137.0	590.4	1,866.4	237.3
Maryland.....	8.1	75.3	216.2	394.7	1,158.2	445.5
North Carolina.....	12.3	28.7	354.7	487.2	1,266.1	186.8
South Carolina.....	9.1	32.8	104.6	613.3	1,612.4	195.9
Virginia.....	9.2	63.5	203.6	642.6	1,731.1	292.7
West Virginia.....	2.7	33.3	60.4	299.0	713.4	126.4
East South Central	13.6	42.6	113.6	343.2	1,637.6	390.0
Alabama.....	16.2	36.6	125.2	518.7	975.9	209.1
Kentucky.....	8.6	70.2	124.5	642.7	1,267.9	520.1
Mississippi.....	12.9	20.6	103.9	365.9	851.6	107.6
Tennessee.....	12.6	36.9	99.8	584.9	1,002.7	240.6
West South Central	9.3	51.3	102.7	680.0	1,658.1	234.6
Arkansas.....	7.6	33.3	131.6	453.9	1,111.6	133.4
Louisiana.....	9.6	78.3	94.5	539.9	1,171.7	507.2
Oklahoma.....	3.6	34.5	40.0	644.1	1,773.8	251.5
Texas.....	10.6	49.0	116.4	769.0	1,530.5	324.4
Mountain	4.7	76.4	56.4	704.8	2,488.9	603.3
Arizona.....	13.9	114.6	182.5	1,162.7	2,935.0	811.3
Colorado.....	3.9	120.7	47.7	813.7	2,076.4	416.4
Idaho.....	3.7	18.6	14.7	405.3	2,284.4	154.2
Montana.....	2.6	29.2	25.8	335.3	2,221.9	361.4
Nevada.....	7.5	142.0	67.3	1,107.9	3,074.5	483.9
New Mexico.....	7.0	49.0	60.2	920.4	3,426.1	685.1
Utah.....	1.1	32.8	34.5	524.3	2,149.5	222.1
Wyoming.....	2.9	43.7	21.8	371.3	1,536.9	170.4
Pacific	4.3	119.0	119.6	895.0	2,488.1	682.1
California.....	4.5	130.7	144.3	976.4	2,561.5	523.1
Oregon.....	3.6	53.9	34.2	536.3	1,976.4	261.6
Washington.....	2.9	80.7	19.8	637.6	2,219.0	375.0

¹ Includes the District of Columbia.

ENCLOSURE

-25

JAMES O. EASTLAND, M.
ESTES KEFAUVER, TENN.
CLYDE W. JOHNSON, S.C.
THOMAS C. HENNING, JR., MD.
JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK.
JOSEPH C. O'DONOHUE, WYO.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
JOHN A. CARROLL, COLO.
THOMAS J. DODD, CONN.
PHILIP A. HART, MICH.

ALJO
WILL
EVERETT
ROMAN L. KRUSKA, MICH.
ROBERT S. KEATINGE, N.Y.

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

October 16, 1959

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I know Senator Eastland would want me to write and thank you for making available to him the article, "Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality".

Senator Eastland is in Mississippi for the congressional recess, and since he is making some speeches around the state I know he will be very happy to have this and he can probably use it to good effect. I am transmitting it to him today.

With personal regards and best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

Courtney C. Pace
Courtney C. Pace
Administrative Assistant

CCP:VD

58 OCT 26 1959

Th. J. B. read

EX 101

REC-2

12 OCT 15 1959

OCT 19 1959

12-28-59

PLAIN TEXT

TELEGRAM

URGENT

HONORABLE JAMES O. EASTLAND
UNITED STATES SENATOR
DODDSVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

I WAS DEEPLY SADDENED TO LEARN OF THE PASSING OF YOUR MOTHER
AND WHILE WORDS CONSTITUTE LITTLE SOLACE, I DID WANT TO EXPRESS
MY HEARTFELT SYMPATHY. IF MY ASSOCIATES AND I CAN BE OF ANY
SERVICE TO YOU AT THIS TIME, PLEASE DO NOT HESITATE TO CALL ON
US.

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 28 1959

WESTERN UNION

4 DEC 29 1959

NOTE: Eastland is on the Special Correspondents' List.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
DeLoach _____
McGuire _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Gandy _____

REL:mmm
(3)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

DIRECTOR'S OFFICE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: March 8, 1960

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: CIVIL RIGHTS DEBATE
U. S. SENATE

James Eastland

Courtney Pace, Administrative Assistant to Senator James

Eastland called me at 6:00 p. m., 3-7-60. He made reference to Senator Douglas' remarks on the Floor of the U. S. Senate that morning. Senator Douglas reportedly stated that there is less crime in the city of Chicago among members of the Negro race than there is in southern cities among members of the same race. Pace stated that Senator Douglas was apparently trying to make the point that Negroes commit crime whenever they are not considered the equal of whites. Pace stated that Senator Eastland desired to obtain from us as expeditiously as possible a breakdown of crimes, by race, from approximately 18 cities throughout the South. He then named 18 prominent cities including a number in the Senator's home state of Mississippi. Pace specifically referred to the table reflecting crimes by race in the September, 1959, issue of the Uniform Crime Reporting bulletin. He next referred to the table on page 28 which concerns a crime breakdown by city. He mentioned that he would like to have the crime breakdown by city enlarged so as to provide him with race statistics representing the cities mentioned by him.

James O. Eastland

I told Pace that the crime statistics as represented by cities was based upon a monthly report furnished to us by the police of the Nation. He was told that this report was based upon complaints received by the police and that in many instances the age, sex and race of the subject involved in these crimes were unknown and therefore not submitted. It was reiterated that these reports were based upon complaints and not upon arrests and therefore the subject could not be known at the time in most instances. It was further explained to Pace that the table which reflect age, sex and race was based upon a highly technical year-end report furnished by police once each year. It was indicated that in some instances the police did not fill in the column pertaining to the race of the subject involved and that it was also true that the police on occasion did not attempt to file this report at all. I told Pace it was highly doubtful we could be of any assistance to him.

Paul H. Dabbs

- 1 - Mr. Leonard
- 1 - Mr. Jones

D.C.

CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

CDD:sak
(5)

ILL.

REC-69

13 MAR 1960

MAR 14 1960

CRIME

13 MAR 1960

- Tolson
- DeLoach
- Mohr
- Bishop
- Belmont
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tamm
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Ingram
- Gandy

DeLoach to Mohr 3-8-60

Re: Civil Rights Debate, U. S. Senate

Senator Eastland called me at 12:00 noon today. He stated he had talked with his Administrative Assistant regarding this matter but that he still felt we could furnish him a list of crimes in southern cities according to race. I went over the same ground with Senator Eastland that had previously been covered with his Administrative Assistant. The Senator stated he understood these facts but that he would appreciate our furnishing him expeditiously any statistics reflecting crimes committed by the Negro race in those cities that did send in reports.

I told the Senator that very frankly these reports were not ours but actually belonged to the police who submitted them to us on a loan basis and that prior to premature release it would be necessary to check with the police. I also told him that we, of course, were willing to cooperate with him to any extent, however, he should know that a project of this nature would entail considerable statistical computation and that it would be some period of time before we could be of any assistance. He then stated that he would appreciate our helping him in any way possible, that, as I knew, he had always been very cooperative with us.

Although I didn't advise Senator Eastland, as a matter of fact, on some occasions it has been necessary to correct police statistics inasmuch as the police have made obvious mistakes. Such reports naturally do not conform to the copies the police maintained in their departments. I believe the strongest argument, however, is that the police are fully aware of the fact that we do not publish their statistics by race for individual cities and would undoubtedly expect that we should give them the courtesy of requesting permission to allow these reports to be given to Senator Eastland.

A survey by Mr. Leonard has reflected that of the cities mentioned by Senator Eastland's office, we have approximately 12 in number which reflect crimes by race for 1958.

ACTION:

It is suggested that I call Senator Eastland back and specifically indicate that of the number of cities mentioned by him, we have reports from 12 in number. He will be told that the police who submitted these reports are fully aware of the

DeLoach to Mohr 3-8-60
Re: Civil Rights Debate, U. S. Senate

fact that such reports are not usually published by the FBI and that as a matter of courtesy the police justifiably should give their permission prior to such reports being given out. The Senator will also be advised that in view of this fact, it would appear that he might desire to have his office contact the various police departments in question to get these reports rather than obtaining them through the FBI.

GRK
3/9

agree
8/8 P-1/4
3/8

GRK. We must not allow
ourselves to be
used in what is
a purely political
game.
K

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

est.
Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: March 9, 1960

FROM : C. D. DeLoach *N*SUBJECT: CIVIL RIGHTS DEBATE
U.S. SENATE

Tolson	_____
Mohr	_____
Parsons	_____
Belmont	_____
Callahan	_____
DeLoach	_____
Malone	_____
McGuire	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
W.C. Sullivan	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Ingram	_____
Gandy	_____

3-25

Reference is made to my memorandum of 3/8/60 concerning the desire of Courtney Pace, Administrative Assistant to Senator Eastland, to obtain crime figures by race in southern cities.

In my absence, I had Wick at 4:35 this afternoon telephone Pace pursuant to the recommendations in reference memorandum. Pace said he readily understood that permission from the local departments must be obtained before such figures are released. He said the matter has somewhat clarified itself now inasmuch as he had been in contact with several police departments in southern cities who were sending him the desired figures. Also, Senator Russell is obtaining figures from some of the cities.

Mr. Pace said he wanted to thank us for checking into the matter but he felt the only problem which would now arise is that some cities might not have the figures readily available. He said in these circumstances he might obtain permission from the city to have the FBI release them. *u*

Wick told Mr. Pace the Director wanted to be of all possible assistance to the Senator. It was stated certainly the police had the 1958 figures, the same were covered in our figures whereas we were not as yet completely finished in processing 1959 figures. Pace said it is the 1959 figures in which he is interested and, therefore, he thought he had enough information as things now stand.

REW:FML
(5)

1--Mr. Leonard
1--Mr. Jones

REC-69

13 MAR 10 1960

James O. Eastland

62 MAR 14 1960

JAMES O. EASTLAND, S.
ESTES KEFAUVER, TENN.
CLINT D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
THOMAS C. HENNING, JR., MO.
JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK.
JOSEPH C. O'MAHONEY, WYO.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
JOHN A. CARROLL, CALIF.
THOMAS J. DODD, CONN.
PHILIP A. MARY, MICH.

ALEXA
EVERETT
ROMAN L. HRUSKA, MICH.
KENNETH S. KEATING, N.Y.
MORRIS COTTON, N.H.

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

SUBCOMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE THE ADMINISTRATION OF
THE INTERNAL SECURITY ACT AND OTHER INTERNAL SECURITY LAWS
UNDER S. RES. 306 (81ST CONGRESS)

SUBCOMMITTEE:
JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS.,
CHAIRMAN
JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK.,
VICE CHAIRMAN
CLINT D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.

ROMAN L. HRUSKA, MICH.
EVERETT MC KINLEY DUNKER, ILL.
KENNETH S. KEATING, N.Y.
G. B. BOURWINE,
CHIEF COUNSEL

February 24, 1960

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Common courtesy requires that a man say "thank you" for a service performed.

When the folks performing the service have gone to as much work, and have done it as willingly and cheerfully and efficiently as Mr. DeLoach and the other folks in your shop who looked into the matter of the college boy who signed my name to a phony "subpoena", the thanks expressed should reflect real appreciation and sincere gratitude.

I assure you that in saying "thank you" to you and your organization I am speaking from the heart; I do appreciate the trouble you have gone to; and I am indeed deeply grateful.

Best personal regards and all good wishes.

Sincerely,

James O. Eastland EX 109
REC- 51
JAMES O. EASTLAND, Chairman
Internal Security Subcommittee

MAR 21 1960

MAR 14 1960

PERS. FILES

PERS. FI

REG-5194-4-5130-30

EX 109

March 16, 1960

W 3

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

My dear Senator:

Many thanks for your kind letter regarding our investigation of the "subpoena." It was indeed thoughtful of you to write, and I assure you we were pleased to be of assistance. You may be sure that Assistant Director DeLoach and our associates in the FBI will appreciate your thoughtful remarks as much as I do.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 19
MAR 16 1960
COMM-FBI

MAR 16 10 13 AM '60
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

NOTE: We have enjoyed cordial relations with Senator Eastland who is on the Special Correspondents' List. Matter to which he referred concerned a false subpoena sent to [redacted] student at Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) by [redacted] age 17 also of MIT. [redacted] admitted sending a fictitious subpoena to [redacted] signing the name of James Eastland, but that he had not intended to defame or degrade any Congressional committee or member of the U. S. Senate. The subpoena was captioned "The Congress of the United States of America, House of Representatives" and ordered [redacted] to appear before the Subcommittee on Unhuman Activities."

- Tolson _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Belmont _____
- Callahan _____
- DeLoach _____
- Malone _____
- McGuire _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Trotter _____
- W.C. Sullivan _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Ingram _____
- Gandy _____

WLD:mhd
(3)
REC'D WY
MAR 30 1960
TELETYPE UNIT ☐

2400
3-28-60
#69

WLD
120

July 1, 1960

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington 25, D. C.

My dear Senator:

I want to take this opportunity to extend my heartiest congratulations on your being designated by the Veterans of Foreign Wars' to receive its highest award for your sponsorship of legislation naming May 1 as Loyalty Day.

This is indeed a well-deserved tribute and I know you must be proud of this honor you have been accorded for one of your many fine contributions to the welfare of this Nation. My associates join me in offering you our very best wishes for continued success.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 21
JUL - 1 1960
COMM-FBI

NOTE: We have had cordial relations with Senator Eastland. It is to be noted that his committee who printed the document by the Director "Expose on Soviet Espionage."

Tele. Room _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Belmont _____
Callahan _____
DeLoach _____
Malone _____
McGuire _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Ingram _____
Gandy _____

ENCLOSURE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

EX-102

MB 10ME2 FBI

REC'D HW JUL 6 1960

REC'D-READING ROOM

JUL 1 11 55 AM '60

Liberals Seek \$1.25 Minimum

House Set to Act on Pay Floor

Democratic Leader John W. McCormick (Mass.) predicted the House would pass today one of two rival election-year plans to hike the \$1-an-hour Federal minimum wage and cover additional workers.

Liberal Democrats thought they could put across their measure, designed to boost the wage floor to \$1.25 over three years and extend coverage to 3.5 million more employees.

BATTLE FORECAST

The liberals conceded, however, that a coalition of Republicans and Southern Democrats could cause trouble with their own version of the legislation, which would increase the minimum to \$1.15 an hour and bring 1.4 million workers in interstate retail chain stores under the law.

House GOP Leader Charles A. Halleck (Ind.) said he would fight for the substitute, sponsored by Rep. A. Paul Kitchin (D., N. C.), and foresaw a "reasonably good chance" of winning.

Rep. James Roosevelt (D., Calif.), sponsor of the liberals' bill, contended Rep. Kitchin's measure could mean no extra coverage at all. He said chain stores could escape its application by incorporating separately in different states.

MATTER OF DATES

Rep. Roosevelt's bill, approved by the House Labor Committee, would make the wage hike effective Nov. 1, just before the presidential

election. Under Rep. Kitchin's, the raise would take effect next Jan. 1. (UPI).

Elsewhere on Capitol Hill:

Medical Care

The Senate Finance Committee heard sharply conflicting views on whether it should indorse a modest medical care for the aged or a broader plan. Sen. John F. Kennedy (D., Mass.) said the House measure "falls completely to meet the problems of health insurance for our older citizens." He urged Social Security benefits be expanded to include health care for the elderly.

The American Medical Association called, however, for approval of the House Bill, which would help about 500,000 to a million "near-needy" old folks thru Federal-state grants. (UPI)

Recess Plans

Democratic leaders announced they planned to recess Congress this week end and return to work in August after the political conventions. Senate Majority Leader Lyndon B. Johnson and fellow Texan Speaker Sam Rayburn said they were forced to call for the extra session because it was impossible for Congress to clean up major legislation



—UPI Photo.

King Bhumibol Adulyadej of Thailand addressed a joint session of Congress yesterday and called for even closer co-operation between the United States and his kingdom.

before the Democratic Convention opens July 11 at Los Angeles.

The decision was expected to be approved despite dissatisfaction. (UPI)

Payola Probe

The Senate Commerce Committee put off until the post-convention session action on a House-passed bill to outlaw payola, rigged quiz shows and other deceptive broadcasting practices. Hearings will be held after Congress reconvenes. (UPI)

Veterans' Aid

The Senate killed a proposal to provide educational and training benefits for two million peacetime veterans. The measure would have cost \$500 million annually. (UPI)

Merit Medal

Sen. James O. Eastland (D., Miss.) will receive the Veterans of Foreign Wars' highest award for his sponsorship of legislation designating May 1 as Loyalty Day—a gold medal of merit—at ceremonies next Wednesday. (UPI)

Tolson _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Belmont _____
Callahan _____
DeLoach _____
Malone _____
McGuire _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Ingram _____
Gandy _____

The Washington Post and Times Herald _____
The Washington Daily News _____
The Evening Star _____
New York Herald Tribune _____
New York Journal-American _____
New York Mirror _____
New York Daily News _____
New York Post _____
The New York Times _____
The Worker _____
The New Leader _____
The Wall Street Journal _____
Date _____

JUN 30 1960

94-45130-1
ENCLOSURE

July 29, 1960

MR. MOHR

James
Senator Eastland called from Mississippi

July 28, 1960. While discussing other matters, I told him in confidence that apparently the State Department had once again attempted to portray him as a "sucker." The Senator knew what I was talking about without further explanation. He stated he was damned mad about the fact the State Department had released great reams of publicity about the Ezhov case despite the fact they had told him approximately three weeks ago that he should not release facts concerning this case because "the blood of Powers, (the U-2 flyer) would be on his hands if such facts were released." I told the Senator that apparently this represented two times that the State Department had gotten the best of him. The first, they released a 15-page report to Senator Fulbright and allowed him the privilege of releasing this information to the press before giving Senator Eastland, whose committee handles internal security matters, a chance to release such information. Secondly, the Ezhov case.

The Senator stated that he would have his day in court yet. He pointed out that the Ezhov case must be added to the Congressional document which was prepared based upon Mr. Hoover's 64-page report on Soviet espionage. He pointed out it would be necessary for him to take the floor of the Senate and request unanimous consent for this addition. He stated at this time he would bring up the miserable handling of the State Department in connection with this entire matter.

Senator Eastland was rather "hot under the collar" but very grateful to the Director and the FBI.

RESPECTFULLY,

*Hand
5-11-60
YMS*
7/29
C. D. DeLoach

CDD:ejp:geg
(2)
T.A.

REC-89

94-45130-3
7 AUG 3 1960
CRIME RECORDS

64 AUG 9 1960

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Malone	_____
Mr. McGuire	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Mr. W. C. Sullivan	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Ingram	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

November 9, 1960

PERSONAL

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senator
Doddsville, Mississippi

My dear Senator:

I wish to join your many friends throughout the Nation in expressing heartiest congratulations upon your re-election to the United States Senate. I hope that the coming term will bring with it additional successes in your service to our country. You have my every good wish for the future.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 19

NOV 9 1960

COMM-FBI

1 - Memphis

REC-43
EX-130

94-4-5130-33
19 NOV 17 1960

NOTE: Eastland is on the Special Correspondents' List.

Tolson _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Belmont _____
Callahan _____
DeLoach _____
Malone _____
McGuire _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Ingram _____
Gandy _____

CBF:lcl (5)

NOV 20 1960

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D - COBB & LOHME

ALLEN J. ELLINGER, ...
 OLIN D. JOHNSTON, S.C.
 SPESSARD L. HOLLAND, FLA.
 JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS.
 HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, MINN.
 STUART SYMINGTON, MO.
 HERMAN E. TALMADGE, GA.
 WILLIAM PRODMIRE, WIS.
 B. EVERETT JORDAN, N.C.
 STEPHEN M. YOUNG, OHIO
 PHILIP A. HART, MICH.

SEN. ...
 MILT. ...
 BOURKE ...
 KARL E. MUNDY ...
 JOHN J. WILLIAMS, DEL.
 ANDREW F. SCHOEFFEL, KANS.

GOTTS M. MOUSER, CHIEF CLERK

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON
 AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

Ruleville, Mississippi
 November 16, 1960

Mr. Tolson ✓
 Mr. DeLoach ✓
 Mr. Parsons ✓
 Mr. Belmont ✓
 Mr. Callahan ✓
 Mr. DeLoach ✓
 Mr. Malone ✓
 Mr. McGuire ✓
 Mr. Rosen ✓
 Mr. Tamm ✓
 Mr. Trotter ✓
 Mr. W.C. Sullivan ✓
 Tele. Room ✓
 Mr. Ingram ✓
 Miss Gandy ✓

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
 Director
 Federal Bureau of Investigation
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Your kind letter of November 9 has been received
 and is appreciated.

I am looking forward to the continued excellent
 cooperation that I have received from your department. I
 know of no other bureau in our Government that is more
 efficient and effective than yours. You are certainly to be
 commended.

With warm personal regards and best wishes, I am

Sincerely your friend,

James O. Eastland
 James O. Eastland

U. S. S.

JOE:JWB

REC-72

94-45130-34

12 NOV 25 1960

57 NOV 29 1960

NOV 21 1960

RA

O

O 2

January 13, 1961

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Malone	_____
Mr. McGuire	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Mr. W. C. Sullivan	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Ingram	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

MR. MOHR:

James O.P.

Senator Eastland called at 6:30 p.m., 1-12-61. He stated he received the Director's letter regarding the fact there was no derogatory information in our files concerning the Attorney General-designate. The Senator mentioned that this came about as a result of the fact he had personally told the Attorney General-designate that such a letter should be sent up inasmuch as all other appointees were definitely being investigated by the FBI. The Senator stated that while he was favorably disposed toward the new Attorney General, at the same time he felt that he was no better than anyone else.

Senator Eastland inquired as to whether the letters were coming up concerning the Deputy Attorney General and the Solicitor General. I told him we had received no such requests. He stated he had issued instructions to the Attorney General-designate to also have letters come up for Messrs. White and Cox. He stressed the fact, however, that we should not mention this to the Attorney General-designate unless he specifically brought it to our attention.

It might be a good idea for Mr. Evans to mention this to Mr. Kennedy.

RESPECTFULLY,

[Signature]

C. D. DE LOACH

gRC 1/13

[Signature] 1/13

✓

- 1 - Mr. Parsons
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Jones

94-4-5130-
 NOT RECORDED
 128 JAN 24 1961

Jan 15

CDD:sak
 (5)

*See memo 1-16-61
 re Pierre Salinger
 Press Secretary to
 President
 ✓
 66 JAN 20 1961*

✓ XEROX
 JAN 24 1961
[Signature]

10 JAN 24 1961
[Signature]

ORIGINAL FILED IN 171

January 11, 1961

MR. MOHR:

James
Senator Eastland called me at 8:45 a.m. today. He was at home. He stated he had been thinking over our conversation of last night and had forgotten to mention to me one of two things he desired to talk about.

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	✓
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Malone	
Mr. McGuire	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Trotter	
Mr. W. C. Sullivan	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Ingram	
Miss Gandy	

Stallion

b7D

Senator Eastland stated that he had a great deal more facts and the next time we got together he would mention these. He stressed the fact that his name should not be mentioned in any way whatsoever in connection with this matter.

RESPECTFULLY,

C. D. DE LOACH

- 1 - Mr. Parsons
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Jones

CDD:sak
(5)

59 JAN 30 1961

2 XEROX
JAN 25 1961

REC-71

10 JAN 24 1961

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

JAMES S. EASTLAND, MISS., CHAIRMAN
ESTES KEFAUVER, TENN.
OLIN D. JOHNSON, S.C.
JOHN L. MC CLELLAN, ARK.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
JOHN A. CARROLL, COLO.
THOMAS J. DODD, CONN.
PHILIP A. HART, MICH.
EDWARD V. LONG, MO.
WM. A. BLAUGST, TEX.

ALEXANDER WILEY, WIS.
EVERETT MC CORMACK, N.Y.
WOMAN L. M. MERRILL, N.Y.
KENNETH S. ROSEN, N.Y.
MORRIS COTTON, ALA.

United States Senate
COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

February 14, 1961

Honorable Cartha D. DeLoach
Assistant Director
Federal Bureau of Investigations
Washington, D. C.

Dear Deke:

I am enclosing letter I have received from Mr.
Jack M. Dubard, Attorney at Law, Booneville, Mississippi,
which is self-explanatory.

I will appreciate it very much if you can furnish
Mr. Dubard with the information he has requested.

Thanking you, I am

Sincerely,

Jim Eastland

U. S. S.

2 ENCLOSURE

JOE:ja

encl.

Sub to Dubard
Eastland 2/25/61
EJC:hand

1 proper
info
2/21/61
EJC

REC-9

94-4-5130-36

25 FEB 28 1961

100-50-5-1-101

NO 100-50-5-1-101

8
EJC

JACK M. DUBARD
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

DIAL Park 8-6153

NIGHT Park 8-6102

February 8, 1961

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senator
Capital Building
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Eastland:

I have been employed to settle the estate of Mr. W. F. Morrow of Prentiss County, Mississippi. After considerable effort I am unable to locate an heir, [REDACTED]. The size of the estate does not warrant the employment of a tracing agency. [REDACTED]

I have some reason to suspect that the Federal Bureau of Investigation might have some information regarding [REDACTED]. He is around thirty years of age; when last heard from he was living in Detroit. *Texas* b6

I will greatly appreciate you either passing this letter to the appropriate authority within the bureau or sending me the name and position of the proper person for me to contact for information in this regard.

Respectfully yours, [REDACTED]

Jack M. Dubard
Jack M. Dubard

JMD:mdg

94-4-5130-36

ENCLOSURE

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET2

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) (b)(3) ; (b)(6) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☒ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to ~~you~~ the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

94-4-5130-36 (enclosure)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
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 X DELETED PAGE(S) X
 X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
 X FOR THIS PAGE X
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

February 27, 1961

REC-9

101 EX

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

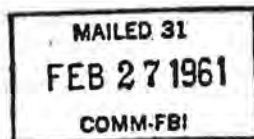
My dear Senator:

Assistant Director DeLoach has informed me of your letter of February 14, 1961, enclosing a letter from Mr. Jack M. Dubard, Attorney at Law, Booneville, Mississippi.

I am returning Mr. Dubard's letter with a copy of my letter to him for your information. Please do not hesitate to call on us whenever we can be of assistance.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover



Enclosures (2)

Constituent copy of letter to Jack M. Dubard, Booneville, Mississippi.

1 - Mr. DeLoach

NOTE: See letter to Jack M. Dubard of the same date.

ELC:kmd

(6)

Tolson _____
Parsons _____
Mohr _____
Belmont _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Malone _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Ingram _____
Gandy _____

62 MAR 3 1961

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

February 27, 1961

Mr. Jack M. Dubard
Attorney-at-Law
Booneville, Mississippi

James O. Eastland

FEB 27 11 19 AM '61
FBI
RECEIVED-READING ROOM

Dear Mr. Dubard:

Your letter of February 8, 1961, to
Senator Eastland concerning your efforts to locate
[REDACTED] In connection with the
estate of Mr. W. F. Morrow, has been referred to this
Bureau.

[REDACTED]

It is not known if the above individual is
identical with the subject of your inquiry; however, if
you have or can obtain further identifying data, I will be
glad to recheck our files.

MAILED 31
FEB 27 1961
COMM-FBI

1 - Mr. DeLoach

REC-94
Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Bufiles contain no information identifiable with [REDACTED] An Identical
record, FBI Number [REDACTED] was located for one [REDACTED]

Tolson _____
Parsons _____
Mohr _____
Belmont _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Malone _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Ingram _____
Gandy _____

We have had generally
cordial relations with Senator Eastland and congratulated him on his re-electi
on 11-9-60. No reference in Bufiles to Dubard.

ELC:kmd/cbc (8)

63 MAR 6 1961 TELETYPE UNIT

1:26 PM

May 25, 1961

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. PARSONS
MR. MOHR
MR. BELMONT
MR. DE LOACH

James O.

Inspector Robert E. Wick in Mr. DeLoach's office called and advised that at about 1:15 PM he had received a call from Senator Eastland, who said his committee, the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, had subpoenaed the ~~W~~orgenthau papers, among which is a letter from me to President Roosevelt regarding Reuther and his trip to Moscow. Mr. Wick continued that Senator Eastland had stated that within a few minutes, probably within the next eight or nine minutes, he, Eastland, will probably go on the floor of the Senate and make a speech about world conditions, et cetera, and he wondered whether it would be proper for him, although he had never done this before but he wanted my approval, that if he is asked about any material to back up what he is saying, could he read the letter from me to the President and also whether he could say where the letter came from.

I told Mr. Wick I did not think it would be proper at all, that the correspondence was on an official basis. Mr. Wick stated Mr. Tolson's view was that it was a privileged communication. I stated it was and I would think it was a letter which would not be handled in that manner. I stated I would also put the qualification that it would be a decision that would have to be made by the White House, but my reaction would be that it is a privileged communication. Mr. Wick stated he would so inform Senator Eastland. I stated then Eastland cannot take the position I refused to release the letter. I told Mr. Wick for his information that if the White House asked me I would tell them the same thing, but since the letter was to the White House, I would not release it but it is a question of whether the White House would approve the use of the letter. I stated I considered it to be a privileged communication.

EX-105

REC-24

44-4-5132-1

Tolson _____
Parsons _____
Mohr _____
Belmont _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Malone _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Ingram _____
Gandy _____

I advised Mr. Wick I would like to see the letter and Mr. Wick stated they are locating it now and it would be furnished to me.

1 XEROX
MAY 31 1961

JEH:edm (9)

Very truly yours,

S/J.E.H.

John Edgar Hoover
Director

SENT FROM D. O.

TIME _____
DATE _____
BY _____

62 JUN 2 1961

MAY 25 1961 TELETYPE UNIT ☐

1 - Mr. Ingram

1:45 PM May 25, 1961

Mr. Wick called to state he had contacted Senator Eastland on the floor about ready to make a speech in the Senate. Wick explained to the Senator your views regarding the correspondence between you and the late President Roosevelt, that it is privileged, etc. The Senator stated under the circumstances, therefore, he would not make reference to the letter and the Director would not be involved in the matter in any way.

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Parsons	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Evans	✓
Mr. Malone	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Mr. W.C. Sullivan	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Mr. Ingram	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

REC-11'

94-4510-37

17 MAY 31 1961

REW:ejr
(3)

EX 104

1 = Mr. Ingram

File - 9

CRIME RESEARCH

62 JUN 6 1961

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: May 25, 1961

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIEDDATE 6/5/84 BY SP7 MCK/3-
@ 1/240,081SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND (D. - MISS.)
REQUEST TO UTILIZE LETTER FROM DIRECTOR TO
THE LATE PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT
REGARDING REUTHER BROTHERS

For record purposes, at 1:15 p.m., 5-25-61, in my absence, Wick received a telephone call from Senator Eastland. The Senator said he will be making an address on the Senate Floor within 15 or 20 minutes. He said the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee had subpoenaed the Morgenthau Papers, among which was a letter from Mr. Hoover to the late President Roosevelt setting forth the background of Walter Reuther and his brother, their trip to Russia, their estimate of the Soviet, etc. He said the letter from the Director to the President sets forth Reuther's record.

Senator Eastland said he did not wish to make reference to the letter unless the Director had no objections to being mentioned as the author of the letter. Wick told the Senator he would make a check and call him back as soon as possible. The Senator did not recall the date of the letter but thought it was in the early 40's.

ACTION TAKEN:

On such short notice it was not possible to obtain a copy from Bureau files of the letter referred to. Mr. Tolson suggested Wick inform Mr. Hoover of the above. The Director told Wick he considered this to be a privileged communication but obviously, the final decision would be up to the White House since the letter was sent there in the first place.

At Mr. Tolson's instructions, Wick then called Senator Eastland from the Floor where he had gone to make his address, and informed him Mr. Hoover considered this communication in a privileged category, but that the final decision in the matter would be up to the White House since the letter was sent there in the first place. The Senator said that under the circumstances he would not connect the letter with the Director and the latter would not be involved in any way. He said he would do nothing not completely approved by Mr. Hoover.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memorandum be referred to the Domestic Intelligence Division which is preparing background on the obtaining of the Morgenthau Papers by the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee and also is locating the letter referred to by the Senator

- 1 - Mr. Parsons
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Jones

REW:jcs/sak

50 JUN 12 1961

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Bishop
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

REC-23 94-4-5130-4

THE DIRECTOR

March 26, 1962

N. F. CALLAHAN

THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD

The Congressional Record for Saturday, March 24, 1962, has been reviewed and the following items contained therein have been noted for your attention.

HOUSE

The House was not in session. Its next meeting will be held on Monday, March 26, 1962, at 12 noon.

SENATE

Pages 4337-4355 and 4559-4575. There is set forth the discussion on the poll tax amendment. Page 4528, Senator Eastland, (D) Mississippi, spoke concerning a bill, S. 3059, introduced on March 24th to amend chapter 12, title 17, United States Code, relating to civil rights. Mr. Eastland advised that this bill "is designed under the pretext of clarifying a number of difficulties that the Department says it has found in prosecuting cases of police brutality under title 18 of the United States Code." Mr. Eastland stated "I say this proposed statute is so broad that it will mean that the Federal Government, through the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or by U. S. deputy marshals, will supervise every police department in this country, every sheriff's office in this country, and every law enforcement agency in the United States. This bill, if enacted would convert us into a police state." On page 4540, Mr. Eastland goes on to state "The great Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, J. Edgar Hoover, as late as the March 1962 issue of the Law Enforcement Bulletin, stated in the lead editorial to all law enforcement officials in the United States: 'But for a few isolated instances, the day of police brutality is past.' - - - What is the purpose of these bills? Mr. Hoover has stated that, except for a few isolated instances--and we do not legislate for a few isolated instances--the day of police brutality is past. I say the purpose of this whole program is to establish a nationalized police force." Senator Hill, (D) Alabama, stated "Is there any man in the United States who can

- 1 - Mr. Tolson - with enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Belmont - with enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Mohr - with enclosure
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach - with enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Rosen - with enclosure
- 1 - Mr. D. C. Morrell - with enclosure

VAS/HCM

UNCLAS

4-5-62
NOT RECORDED
100-45-1000

Memorandum to the Director
Re: The Congressional Record

SENATE - continued

speak with more intimate knowledge and with greater authority and one in whom people have greater confidence, than Mr. J. Edgar Hoover?" Mr. Eastland replied "There is no one in this country who can speak with a greater knowledge. He is regarded as absolutely conscientious and sincere, a man in whom the people have implicit confidence. I believe that the idea of a national police is absolutely abhorrent to him."

October 1, 1962

PERSONAL

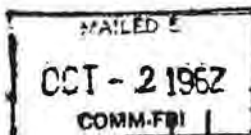
Mr. Woods E. Eastland
5116 Macomb Street, Northwest
Washington 16, D. C.

Dear Mr. Eastland:

I would like to add my congratulations to those you have received on passing the semifinal examinations in the eighth National Merit Scholarship competition. I am sure you derive a full measure of personal satisfaction from this achievement, and you have my very best wishes for continued success.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover



NOTE: Woods E. Eastland is the son of Senator James O. Eastland who is on the Special Correspondents' List. Correct name per "Who's Who" and the "Congressional Directory." Address per telephone directory.

RVA:jpp
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REC'D MR. TOLSON

FBI

Date: 12/13/63

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

ATTENTION: ASSISTANT DIRECTOR
De LOACH

FROM: SAC, WFO (22)

JAMES OLIVER EASTLAND
SENATOR (D., Miss.)
INFORMATION CONCERNING

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/29/82 BY SP1/ag/82

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b1

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

A description of the WACAHUAC and the Southern
Conference Educational Fund are attached hereto.

3 Bureau

1-WFO

(4)

b7C

CLASSIFIED BY: SP1/ag/82
DECLASSIFY ON: DADR

DEC 37

94-4-5130-42

Jay Sourwine
advised 12/18/63
ech

DEC 15 AIRTEL
E. C. Wick

DEC 13 1963

NO DEC 20 1963

DEC 12 11 25 AM '63

Approved: 68 DEC 27 1963

Special Agent in Charge

CONFIDENTIAL

Sent

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Per

INT [Signature]

APPENDIX

SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC.

"The Southern Patriot", a monthly publication, shows that it is published by the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc. (SCEF).

"The Southern Patriot" was cited as an "organ" of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare (SCHW) by the Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 592, on the SCHW, June 12, 1947.

The SCHW was cited as a communist front by the Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 592, June 16, 1947.

An amendment to the charter of the SCHW changed the name of that organization to the SCEF, and listed its purpose as being to improve the educational and cultural standards of the Southern people in accordance with the highest American democratic institutions, traditions, and ideals. The amendment was dated April 26, 1946.

A source advised on March 2, 1961, that Claude Lightfoot, a Communist Party functionary, stated at a meeting of the Communist Party in Baltimore, Maryland, on February 25, 1961, that the Communist Party is not connected with any progressive movement but indirectly they do have some influence in the SCEF.

A second source, who is familiar with some phases of Communist Party activity in the New Orleans area, advised on May 27, 1963, that during the time the SCHW was in existence, Communist Party (CP) members were members of and worked actively in the SCHW. However, since the formation of the SCEF, rank and file CP members have not been encouraged to work in the SCEF. The source stated that the SCEF is a progressive, liberal organization, which he considers a CP front organization because it has gone along with the Communist Party on certain issues, particularly on the racial question.

On May 27, 1963, the second source advised that in the past he has considered James Dombrowski, the Executive Director of the SCEF, to be a communist, if not an actual Communist Party member, because he followed communist principles.

The second source also advised on May 27, 1963, that many people who are officials and members of the SCEF, while liberal in their views, are by no means communists.

**WASHINGTON AREA COMMITTEE FOR THE ABOLITION OF
THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE**

A source advised during June-August, 1961, that the Washington Area Committee for the Abolition of the House Un-American Activities Committee (WACAHUAC) was founded at a public meeting in Washington, D.C., on June 8, 1961, to campaign for the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA); an election of officers was held on June 23, 1961, with Selma Rein being elected as Secretary; Rein has been in control of the organization since that time; Rein does not mind if individuals connected in the past with organizations cited publicly as being communist dominated or controlled work with WACAHUAC, provided they are not publicly identified in this regard; and the organization's policy statement, as rewritten by Joseph Forer, was accepted by the WACAHUAC Executive Board in August, 1961.

On September 12, 1962, a second source advised the WACAHUAC is affiliated with the National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee. This source, on May 4, 1963, advised the WACAHUAC is still in existence.

Selma Rein was identified by a third source on January 21, 1954, as a then current Communist Party (CP) member. On February 28, 1957, she appeared before the HCUA and refused to answer questions concerning past or present CP membership.

Joseph Forer is one of the attorneys who has represented the CP, United States of America, before the United States Court of Appeals and the United States Supreme Court. In September, 1959, a fourth source advised that a member of the National Committee of the CP, United States of America, had recently referred to Forer as "one of the most important communists in Washington, D.C."

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: June 11, 1964

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND (D-MISS.)
CHAIRMAN
SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

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Senator Eastland called me at 6:45 p.m., 6/10/64. He stated he wanted to speak in confidence.

The Senator told me that a "group" from Chicago had been in to see him that afternoon. Before seeing him they obtained the Senator's permission not to disclose their identities under any circumstances. This group told Senator Eastland that the organized crime situation in Chicago is becoming intolerable. The group stated that they have proof that members of the Judiciary can be bought and court decisions influenced. They additionally have proof that Congressional elections can be controlled. The group stated that an FBI file can be purchased in Chicago for \$15,000 cash. A man by the name of "Crown" is reportedly the head of the individuals who can handle such activities.

Senator Eastland told me that he thought the FBI would want to check into the matter of the potential purchase of files expeditiously. I told the Senator that we deeply appreciated his tipping us off to this information, however, I wondered if he would mind FBI Agents interviewing his informants. He stated he could not do this, that he had given his word that he would not divulge their identities. I asked him if he would call them and attempt to obtain further facts, such as dates, times, places, individuals involved, etc. He stated that he could not go back to these people.

I told Senator Eastland that the lack of information in this regard placed us in somewhat of a disadvantage. Senator Eastland, who is an extremely close contact and friend but who is very easily provoked, told me that he did not want to argue the point but that he had given us as much information as he possibly could. I told him that any further information whatsoever would be most helpful. The Senator then stated that he had forgotten to mention the group had advised him that if he would send his own investigators to Chicago they would be glad to furnish proof of their allegations. I ask

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Callahan
- 1 - Mr. Jones

CDD:dgs
(6)

61 JUN 30 1964

REC 30

Continued Next Page

DeLoach to Mohr memo, 6/11/64
RE: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND

the Senator if he planned to do this. He replied in the affirmative. I asked him if he would turn over the information as soon as it was obtained. He stated that he would.

In conclusion, I asked the Senator if the group had indicated that FBI files had already exchanged hands. He stated not to his knowledge. He advised that according to the "group's" statement, "...An FBI file could be purchased for \$15,000." I told the Senator that I would be back in touch with him in the near future to see if he had any further information.

Last night was no time to argue with Senator Eastland, inasmuch as he was extremely burned up as a result of the cloture vote yesterday. Under the circumstances, however, I believe the above-mentioned information should be brought to the attention of the SAC, Chicago, to obtain any information he might have in this regard. We should also check files here as well as Chicago regarding the individual named "Crown." After obtaining this information we can make an additional check with Senator Eastland to see if his investigators have uncovered anything as a result of their contact with the above-mentioned group in Chicago.

ACTION:

As indicated above.

261" JAW

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Expedite.
I
memo to Belmont
6-12-64

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: June 12, 1964

FROM : C. A. Evans

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND
(DEMOCRAT - MISSISSIPPI)
CHAIRMAN, SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

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Reference is made to the information furnished by Senator Eastland that an unidentified "group" from Chicago had informed him that an FBI file can be purchased in Chicago for \$15,000 and that a man by the name of "Crown" is reportedly the head of the individuals who can handle such activities.

The Chicago Office advises that there is absolutely no accuracy to the allegation that FBI files can be purchased. No informant or confidential source has ever furnished any information indicating that FBI files might be available to hoodlums. To the contrary, sources of the Chicago Office have indicated that the hoodlums in that area are aware that they have no access to the FBI.

The SAC in Chicago points out that it is possible that Mr. Eastland's information refers to an incident occurring in May, 1964, wherein U. S. Secret Service Agent Abraham Bolden was charged with attempting to sell a Secret Service report to a minor hoodlum for \$50,000. This incident received widespread publicity in Chicago and some newspapers referred to the matter as bribery involving "Government reports."

Concerning the person named "Crown," referred to by Senator Eastland, the identity of this person is not definitely known. There is a Henry Crown who is a prominent millionaire financier and businessman of Chicago. He is a majority stockholder and top official of the Material Service Division of General Dynamics Corporation and is reportedly a heavy investor in the Conrad Hilton Hotel chain. Crown is a very close associate of Colonel Jacob Arvey, Democratic National Committeeman from Illinois. Information has been received that Crown has great political influence, but Chicago has received no creditable information indicating that Crown is connected with the hoodlum organization.

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Evans
- 1 - Mr. Stanley
- 1 - Mr. McAndrews
- 1 - Mr. Leggett

* Crown is alleged to be head
of group which CAN HANDLE SUCH
A TRANSACTION.

REC 30

94-6513-44
JUN 23 1964

JGL:KED
(7)

cc To Mr. Tolson

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
Re: Senator James O. Eastland

b7C [REDACTED]

The Chicago press recently carried stories indicating Crown may have exercised political influence in obtaining the controversial TFX (experimental supersonic planes) Government contract for General Dynamics, which contract was the subject of Congressional inquiry by Senator McClellan.

Concerning other allegations made by Senator Eastland, Chicago advises there is no doubt corruption exists in the Chicago Police Department and some members of the local judiciary are influenced to provide favorable treatment to hoodlums. There is also substantial evidence of hoodlum influence in political affairs, especially in the 1st Ward of Chicago. In this regard the close association between Congressman Roland V. Libonati of the 7th District of Illinois is well known to the Chicago Office and the Bureau. All of the above has been made available to the Department on a continuing basis.

ACTION

Inasmuch as we have no information to substantiate the allegation that FBI files can be purchased in Chicago, it is recommended Assistant Director DeLoach recontact Senator Eastland and advise him of this and of the Bolden incident referred to above.

yes. N

Since it is not clear at this time as to the details of the Senator's allegations or the persons involved, it is recommended that we ask him for further specifics. Based upon the results of this recontact with Senator Eastland, consideration will be given at that time to the interview of persons who might be connected in any way with this allegation.

OK. [Signature] - 2 - [Signature] [Signature] [Signature]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: June 19, 1964

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND
(DEMOCRAT - MISSISSIPPI)
CHAIRMAN, SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

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Senator Eastland told me on June 10, 1964, he had received information from a source, whose identity he could not disclose, that an FBI file could be purchased in Chicago for \$15,000 and that a man by the name of "Crown" was reportedly the head of the individuals who could handle such activities. The Senator had no further information insofar as dates, times and places were concerned.

In talking with the Senator about another matter on June 19, 1964, I referred back to our conversation on the night of June 10, 1964. I told the Senator that we had made a very thorough check in Chicago and there is no information to substantiate the allegation that FBI files can be purchased. I told him of the Secret Service Agent, Abraham Bolden, who was charged with attempting to sell a Secret Service report to a minor hoodlum for \$50,000. I mentioned this might be the basis of the allegation made to him.

Senator Eastland told me that members of his staff had checked this matter and had ascertained that the person making the allegation was a mental case. He stated we should disregard the allegation completely.

RECOMMENDATION:

No further action.

- 1 - Mr. Tolson
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Evans
- 1 - Mr. Jones

CDD:dgs
(5)

REC 30

94-4-5130-4
JUN 23 1964

61 JUN 30 1964

July 8, 1964

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. BELMONT
MR. MOHR
MR. DE LOACH
MR. ROSEN

James O.

Last evening, after Mr. DeLoach had cleared with Mr. Jenkins at the White House the proposed opening of the Bureau office at Jackson, Mississippi, on next Friday and the proceedings which we suggested be followed, I communicated with Senator Eastland, who is in Mississippi and told the Senator that I would greatly appreciate it if he could be present on next Friday at 1:00 P.M. at our office in Jackson which was being opened in order to more effectively handle the Bureau's responsibilities in Mississippi and to work in even closer cooperation and coordination with the Mississippi Highway Patrol.

Senator Eastland stated that he would not be in Jackson on Friday as he would be in Mexico City.

The Senator raised the question as to whether it was a propitious time to open an office in Jackson as it might be construed by the population in Mississippi as an unnecessary intrusion of the Federal authorities into Mississippi responsibilities.

I told the Senator that the purpose of our opening the office at Jackson was to more effectively work with, cooperate and coordinate with the Mississippi State Highway Patrol, which has, up to the present time, been most helpful and cooperative, but the Mississippi Highway Patrol headquarters are at Jackson and the Governor of the State is at Jackson, and it was imperative in my estimation that the FBI have the closest and most personal contact with the Mississippi State authorities in this situation which has arisen in Mississippi.

I pointed out to the Senator that the northern part of Mississippi was at the present time covered out of Memphis, Tennessee, and the southern portion of Mississippi was covered out of New Orleans, Louisiana, and this, of course, required long distances for travel to adequately meet our responsibilities of our work in the State. I stated in addition that it is a well known fact that the population of Mississippi has been increasing and there will

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1 - Mr. Tolson

JUL 15 1964

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170 JUL 14 1964

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July 8, 1964

For Messrs. Tolson, Belmont, Mohr, DeLoach, Rosen

Accordingly, a core into intelligence, as in all states which have shown population density, certain elements of a receding character which neither the state nor the Federal Government desire to permit to carry on their activities under and state that persons to such a "village" acted by the Federal and local authorities.

The core into intelligence that is a core factor to my judgment and it is felt that the core into intelligence, as in all states which have shown population density, certain elements of a receding character which neither the state nor the Federal Government desire to permit to carry on their activities under and state that persons to such a "village" acted by the Federal and local authorities.

Very truly yours,

J. E. H.

Enclosure
 100-100000

SENT FROM D.O.	TIME	1:30 PM
DATE	7-8-64	
BY	[Signature]	

Best obtainable
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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 2-17-65

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
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Tele. Room _____
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Gandy _____

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: SENATOR EDWARD V. LONG
(DEM. - MISSOURI)
REMARKS RE WIRETAPPING AND EAVESDROPPING
BEFORE FEDERAL BAR ASSOCIATION MEETING

JAMES D. EASTLAND

Yesterday we received a letter from the Kansas City Office enclosing a news release issued by Senator Long concerning remarks made by him before the Kansas City Chapter of the Federal Bar Association at Kansas City, Missouri.

His entire remarks were devoted to the dangers to the American right of privacy posed by scientific developments in electronic "snooping" devices. In effect, he makes the point as our country progresses scientifically we have less and less privacy. He indicated that as Chairman of the Senate Subcommittee on Administrative Practice and Procedure he has been investigating Government "snooping" practices, and his Committee has sent out a comprehensive questionnaire to most of the non-security Federal agencies to find out exactly what devices they have purchased and for what purpose they use them. In addition to wiretapping and eavesdropping devices, he also mentions the use of the "mail cover," an investigative technique whereby a record is kept of all mail going to a particular person. In this regard he does not mention the FBI.

Long does mention the FBI in connection with wiretapping, stating that the only anti-wiretap law we have is administered by the Department of Justice thereby putting "the fox in charge of the hen house." In this regard he points out that the FBI, a part of the Justice Department, is probably the biggest single violator of the act. According to Long, the FBI has claimed consistently through the years that divulgence by one FBI Agent of a tapped conversation to another FBI Agent is not divulgence "to any person" as contained in the act. Long claims that Attorneys General through the years have "bought" this interpretation and permitted the FBI and all other law enforcement agencies to tap without fear of prosecution. Further, Long claims that since 1934 not a single law enforcement agency, Federal, state or local, has been brought to trial for illegal wiretapping.

1 - Mr. Belmont

DeLoach

67 MAR 15 1965

ELC:kjb (7)

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125 MAR 11 1965

10 MAR 11 1965
CRIME RESEARCH

ORIGINAL FILED IN 94-54588-11

M. A. Jones to DeLoach memo
Re: Senator Edward V. Long

He claims that the eavesdropping devices are being widely used by private detectives, industrial and labor spies, as well as being indiscriminately used by various Government agencies. He explains that when he refers to "Government agencies" he is not just talking about the FBI and CIA but state and local agencies as well as a vast number of Federal agencies that have nothing to do with National security. He claims that finding a solution to the situation will not be easy. He concluded by stating that if we are going to avoid having a police state in America, we will have to wake up and do something about it now. He points out that hearings before his Subcommittee will begin on 2-18-65.

The Bureau is, of course, well aware of the activities of Senator Long's Subcommittee with regard to looking into the matter of eavesdropping and wiretapping. The matter has been followed closely and suppliers from whom we have purchased technical equipment in the past have been in contact with the Bureau regarding the questionnaire they have received.

Senator Long was appointed to the seat of the late Senator Hennings on 9-21-60, was elected to the Senate 11-8-60 to fill out the unexpired term and re-elected on 11-6-62. Since he became a Senator, we have had a number of contacts, primarily concerning constituent matters, and these contacts have been friendly.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information. The activities of his Subcommittee are being followed as they have been for a year or more in connection with this matter.

*Senator Eastland, chairman of
Judiciary Committee has twice
promised that Long's Hearings
will not affect FBI.*

*Senator Eastland, Chairman of Judiciary
Committee has twice promised that
Long's hearings will not affect FBI.*

- 2 -

*I don't believe Eastland
can control Long -*
H J

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Mr. Mohr

DATE: May 24, 1965

C. D. DeLoach

SENATOR JAMES EASTLAND
CHAIRMAN, SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE
ATTENDANCE AT NATIONAL ACADEMY GRADUATION
EXERCISES, MAY 26, 1965
REQUEST FOR PICTURE WITH DIRECTOR
SHERIFF WILLIAM I. HOLLOWELL
MEMBER OF CLASS

Senator Jim Eastland called me Friday, May 21, 1965, and stated that Sheriff "Bill" Hollowell from his home state was in the current graduating class of the National Academy. The Senator stated that Hollowell would deeply appreciate having a picture made with the Director backstage following the graduation exercises. The Senator said that he planned to be there personally and would also like to be in on the picture.

I told the Senator that I felt certain the Director would be very glad to do this. I additionally told the Senator to make himself known when he entered the Departmental Auditorium so the ushers could show him to a reserved seat.

ACTION:

(1) That the Director consider having a picture taken backstage with Senator Jim Eastland and Sheriff "Bill" Hollowell following the graduation exercises.

(2) The Training Division should set aside a reserved seat for Senator Eastland.

- 1 - Miss Gandy
- 1 - Miss Holmes
- 1 - Mr. Casper
- 1 - Mr. Jones

CDD:amr

79 JUN 2-1965

Tolson ✓
Belmont ✓
Mohr ✓
DeLoach ✓
Casper ✓
Callahan ✓
Conrad ✓
Felt ✓
Gale ✓
Rosen ✓
Sullivan ✓
Tavel ✓
Trotter ✓
Tele. Room ✓
Holmes ✓
Gandy ✓

94-4-5130-

NOT RECORDED

102 MAY 25 1965

6 MAY 27 1965

He should be seated on platform.

*Training Division
5/25/65
J. Edgar Hoover*

File

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: 5/25/65

FROM : J. J. Casper

FBI N.H.

SUBJECT: GRADUATION EXERCISES
75TH SESSION
FBI NATIONAL ACADEMY
MAY 26, 1965

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The Director has instructed that Senator James O. Eastland should be seated on the platform at the graduation exercises for the FBI National Academy 75th Session tomorrow. Arrangements have been made for Senator Eastland to be escorted to the Departmental Auditorium to arrive at Conference Room B by 10:15 a.m. The escort will be SA David W. Bowers of the Crime Records Division. Attached is an amended seating chart for the graduation exercises which indicates that Senator Eastland will be seated directly behind the Attorney General, Nicholas deB. Katzenbach, on the platform.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. That the attached revised seating chart for the graduation exercises be approved.

2. That upon approval a copy of the seating chart be placed in the Director's graduation day folder.

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED
102 MAY 29 1965

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach - Enc. (route through for review)
- 1 - Mr. Casper - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Jenkins - Enc.
- 1 - Miss Holmes - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Reilly - Enc.

JVC:mkm
(7) 9 JUN 2 - 1965

*Mr. Casper
asked to
prepare new
seating chart
for
5-25*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 5-25-65

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: GRADUATION EXERCISES
75TH SESSION
FBI NATIONAL ACADEMY
5-26-65
PHOTOGRAPHS DURING AND AFTER CEREMONIES

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In connection with the graduation exercises of the 75th Session tomorrow, 5-26-65, we are planning to take the following photographs during and after the ceremonies.

Photographs will be made during the ceremonies of each of the three speakers during the delivery of their speeches. Photographs will also be made during the diploma presentation of a selected few of the graduates for transmittal to Deputy Attorney General Clark, as we have done in the past. We have not received any specific requests for photographs during the diploma presentation; however, it has been our experience in the past that last minute requests are received from representatives of the press. These, of course, will be handled as they are received.

As of this date, we have received one request for a photograph backstage following graduation exercises. It is as follows:

Sheriff William I. Hollowell, Jr., Sunflower County Sheriff's Department, Indianola, Mississippi, and U.S. Senator James Eastland, (D-Mississippi) Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Should any additional requests be made they will be immediately brought to the Director's attention. 2 ADDITIONAL TOY EXERCISE MEMOS.

RECOMMENDATION:

For the Director's information.

- 1 - Mr. Tolson
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Casper

- 1 - Mr. Callahan
- 1 - Miss Holmes

6 JUN 2 1965

21 MAY 27 1965

94-4551-C-
NOT RECORDED
102 MAY 27 1965

May 27, 1965

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

My dear Senator:

I was delighted that you were able to attend the graduation exercises for the 75th Session of the FBI National Academy yesterday. I thought you might like to have the enclosed photographs taken after the ceremonies as mementos of the occasion.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover



Enclosures (12)

1 - Jackson

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

NOTE: Senator Eastland is on the Special Correspondents List.

GTQ:smg
(6)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

3-1
CB

May 27 1 21 PM '65
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

REC-18

94-4-51302-47

EX-102

19 JUN 3 1965

REC'D MAIL ROOM

CR

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 7-14-65

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND (D - MISSISSIPPI)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

The Attorney General gratuitously has informed Senator Eastland that he (the Attorney General) would see to it that the alleged plan to organize the Negroes on Senator Eastland's plantation in Mississippi would not materialize.

The Director has inquired whether our files contain any information concerning the reported plan of Negroes to organize on the plantation as indicated.

Bureau files have been checked and failed to reflect anything to support the information set out above.

Roy K. Moore, Special Agent in Charge of our Jackson Office, was contacted telephonically on the evening of July 13, 1965, and indicated that there have been one or two very vague non specific rumors to the effect that there may be some attempt to organize Negroes employed on Senator Eastland's plantation. By return teletype SAC Moore advised that on 7-13-65 Sheriff William Hollowell (NA) Sunflower County, Indianola, Mississippi, advised he has no current information that any attempt will be made to unionize the plantation. He also advised the plantation manager is unaware of any attempts to organize. Resident Agents of the Jackson Office, who cover the plantation territory, advised an attempt to organize the plantation was reportedly scheduled to be made on July 5, 1965, but did not materialize. SAC Moore will keep the Bureau advised of all developments as they occur.

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan

GTQ/JRH:lcm
(6)

REC- 56

94-45130-47

16 JUL 20 1965

CRIME RESEARCH

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Callahan

DATE: 12/28/65

FROM : J. P. Dunphy

SUBJECT: NEW FBI BUILDING

JAMES O.

ph Mr. Courtney Pace in the office of Senator Eastland (D-Miss.) called 12/27/65, advising the Senator has received a letter from a constituent who apparently is in the construction business inquiring as to the identity of the engineering firm which has been engaged by the Government for the planning of the new FBI Building.

Mr. Pace was advised the engineering firm is Beiswenger, Hoch, Arnold and Associates of Akron, Ohio. Mr. Pace desired to know if construction money had been appropriated by Congress and he was informed the only money appropriated thus far is that for site acquisition and design purposes. It was suggested to Mr. Pace he might wish to refer the Senator's constituent to the Information Office of the General Services Administration if he had any further questions on this project. He was most appreciative and said he would do this.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

JPD:ko
(2) *KD*

94-4-5130-
NOT RECORDED
102 JAN 6 1966

330-0PO
15 JAN 5 1966
3/45

Tolson	_____
DeLoach	_____
Mohr	_____
Casper	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
Felt	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS., CHAIRMAN
 JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK.
 SAM J. BRYAN, JR., N.C.
 THOMAS J. DODD, CONN.
 PHILIP A. HART, MICH.
 EDWARD V. LONG, MO.
 EDWARD M. KENNEDY, MASS.
 BIRCH BAYNE, IND.
 BURDITT H. BURDICK, N. DAK.
 JOSEPH D. TYGANS, MD.
 GEORGE A. SMATHERS, FLA.

United States Senate COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

SUBCOMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE THE ADMINISTRATION OF
 THE INTERNAL SECURITY ACT AND OTHER INTERNAL SECURITY LAWS
 UNDER S. RES. 206 (81ST CONGRESS)

August 2, 1966

Mr. Tolson
 Mr. DeLoach
 Mr. Mohr
 Mr. Wick
 Mr. Casper
 Mr. Callahan
 Mr. Conrad
 Mr. Felt
 Mr. Gale
 Mr. Rosen
 Mr. Sullivan
 Mr. Tavel
 Mr. Trotter
 Tele. Room
 Miss Holmes
 Miss Gandy

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
 Director
 Federal Bureau of Investigation
 Department of Justice
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Press reaction to your analysis of the 18th National Convention of the Communist Party U.S.A. has made it clear the men who edit our newspapers share my judgment that you are this country's best informed expert on Communism.

Of course, the analysis itself is proof of this. You understand our enemy so thoroughly that you are able, while avoiding over-simplification, to describe the Communist's actions and their meaning in language the non-expert can grasp.

The Internal Security Subcommittee is extremely grateful to you for giving us this analysis. I believe every Member of the Senate will read it carefully, and will find it, as I did, highly instructive.

Best personal regards and all good wishes.

Sincerely,

REC 12 94-4-5130-48
 James O. Eastland

2 AUG 5 1966

CORRESPONDENCE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 4/4/88 BY 4042

AUG 11 1966

33 AUG 5 1966

DETC

August 8, 1966

REC 12

EX 100

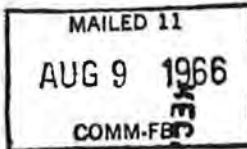
44-4-5130-48

AUG 8 4 12 PM '66
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Jim:

Your letter of August 2nd has been received, and I want to thank you for the kind remarks concerning my analysis of the 18th National Convention of the Communist Party, USA, before your Subcommittee. I can assure you the comments are a source of encouragement both to me and to my associates.



Sincerely,
Edgar

shaw

NOTE: Correspondent is on the Special Correspondents' List and is known to the Director on a first-name basis. The Director appeared before the Subcommittee to Investigate the Administration of the Internal Security Act and other Internal Security Laws and discussed the 18th National Convention of the Communist Party.

BGH:kph (3)

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

329

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/28/80 BY sp4/4/80

AUG 18 1966

FBI WASH DC

FBI JKN MISS

736PM CST URGENT 10-7-66 AWS

TO: DIRECTOR

FROM: JACKSON [REDACTED] (P)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/30/86 BY SP1/AS/STG

67D
#270101
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

RE CINCINNATI AIRTEL TO BUREAU, OCTOBER SIX LAST.

[REDACTED]
CONTACTED JACKSON OFFICE THIS DATE AND INTERVIEWED BY AGENTS. 67D

STATES WILL USE NAME [REDACTED] WHILE IN MISSISSIPPI. STATES

U.S. SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY COMMITTEE ON INSTRUCTIONS OF U.S.

SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND, DEMOCRAT - MISSISSIPPI, PAYING EXPENSES
FOR TRAVEL TO JACKSON. [REDACTED] 67D

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
WALKER IS EASTLAND'S OPPONENT. SOURCE STATED WAS TOLD NCC WILLING TO
SPEND SEVENTYFIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MONEY RECENTLY DONATED BY
METHODIST CHURCH FOR CONTINUATION OF NCC'S WORK IN MISSISSIPPI TO
DEFEAT EASTLAND. WAS TOLD METHODIST CHURCH OFFICIALS NOT AWARE
THEY BEING USED FOR POLITICAL PURPOSES. 94-4-5130-15

PAGE ONE.

NOT RECORDED
183 OCT 18 1966

PAGE TWO.

67D
[REDACTED] IN CONTACT WITH CIVIL RIGHTS GROUPS IN MISSISSIPPI
THIS DATE AND STATES WILL DEPART JACKSON OCTOBER ELEVEN NEXT FOR
CINCINNATI.

JACKSON WILL FURNISH PERTINENT INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM SOURCE.

AIRMAIL COPY TO CINCINNATI.

END.

WA.RCH

FBI WASH DC

FBI

Date: 11/4/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

Mr. DeLoach ✓
Mr. Mohr ✓
Mr. Wick ✓
Mr. Casper ✓
Mr. Callahan ✓
Mr. Conrad ✓
Mr. Felt ✓
Mr. Gale ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Sullivan ✓
Mr. Tavel ✓
Mr. Trotter ✓
Tele. Room ✓
Miss Holmes ✓
Miss Gandy ✓

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: Assistant to the Director C. D. DE LOACH
FROM: SAC, JACKSON

SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND (D)
MISSISSIPPI
INFORMATION CONCERNING

*For info DeLoach mem
R-1A/enn
11/16/66*

Re tel call Assistant to the Director C. D.
DE LOACH 11/3/66.

There is set forth hereinafter a resume of
information supplied by Klan informants, Jackson Division,
of alleged meetings between Senator JAMES O. EASTLAND (D),
Mississippi, who is running for re-election 11/8/66, and
representatives of the United Klans of America, Inc. (UKA)
and the White Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of Mississippi
(WKKKKOM):

[REDACTED]

#275101
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/20/86 BY SP1/BJH

3 - Bureau
1 - Jackson
RKM:elw

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ Per _____

NOT RECORDED
DEC 1 1966
FBI - JACKSON
4-5150

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET3

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☒ Deleted under exemption(s) (b)(7)(C); (b)(7)(D) with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

94-4-5130-NR 11/4/66

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
 X DELETED PAGE(S) X
 X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
 X FOR THIS PAGE X
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

JN

No investigation has been conducted to substantiate or disprove the foregoing information supplied by these informants. It is pointed out, however, that the majority of the information supplied by these informants has been found to be accurate in the past.

Bureau will be kept advised of any further developments.

November 9, 1966

ARS
3-

RA

et
wy

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senator
Doddsville, Mississippi 38736

Dear Jim:

I wish to join your many friends throughout the Nation in expressing heartiest congratulations upon your re-election to the United States Senate. I hope that the coming term will bring with it additional successes in your service to our country. You have my every good wish for the future.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Edgar

94-4-5130-49

REC-35

18 NOV 10 1966



1 - Jackson

EX 101

NOTE: There have been cordial relations with Senator Eastland. He was congratulated upon his victory in the 1954 primary elections and upon his re-election to the Senate in 1960. He is on the Special Correspondents' List and known to the Director on a first-name basis. (D-Miss.)

GEM:mel (6)

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

F 387
77 NOV 17 1966

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D FBI
NOV 8 11 33 AM

NOV 8 11 33 AM

JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS. CHAIRMAN
 JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK. EVERETT
 SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C. ROMAN
 THOMAS J. DODD, CONN. HIRSH L. J. NEW
 PHILIP A. HART, MICH. HUGH SCOTT, PA.
 EDWARD V. LONG, MO. JACOB K. JAVITS, N.Y.
 EDWARD M. KENNEDY, MASS.
 BIRCH BAYH, IND.
 QUENTIN N. BURDICK, N. DAK.
 JOSEPH D. TYDINGS, MD.
 GEORGE A. SMATHERS, FLA.

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY
 Ruleville, Mississippi
 November 20, 1966

Mr. Tolson
 Mr. DeLoach
 Mr. Mohr
 Mr. Casper
 Mr. Callahan
 Mr. Conrad
 Mr. Felt
 Mr. Gale
 Mr. Rosen
 Mr. Sullivan
 Mr. Tavel
 Mr. Trotter
 Tele. Room
 Miss Holmes
 Miss Gandy

Dear Edgar:

Your nice note has been received.

It was quite thoughtful of you to take note of the affairs in Mississippi. We had a lot of unknown potential we had never before been accustomed to. However, the voters turned out in unusual numbers and I think I got more than my part.

I am looking forward to continuing our pleasant association and I want it to last as long as I am in the Senate. This means you are stuck for another six years.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

Jim Eastland

James O.

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
 Federal Bureau of Investigation
 United States Department of Justice
 Washington, D. C.

REC-4

94-4-5130-5

11 NOV 28 1966

EX-112

70 DEC 1966

no ack. reply
 of 9/1/67

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: November 16, 1966

FROM : A. Rosen *ham*

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Ash
1 - Mr. Wick
1 - Mr. Sullivan

SUBJECT: BERNARD L. AKIN, ET AL;
JAMES EARL CHANEY, ET AL -
VICTIMS (DECEASED)
CIVIL RIGHTS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/30/86 BY SP1/agt/att

This is the case involving the murders of the three civil rights workers near Philadelphia, Mississippi in June, 1964. This case was set for trial in September 1966, in U. S. District Court, Meridian, Mississippi, before Judge Harold Cox. However, indictments against the defendants were dismissed by Judge Cox on October 7, 1966, upon a defense motion which was based on the case of Rabinowitz v. United States in which a conviction in the U. S. District Court was overturned upon appeal because certain groups including Negroes were excluded from the Grand Jury panel. The Department concurred that the indictments should be dismissed on the basis of the Rabinowitz decision and commented to the court that granting the motion prior to trial assured that the case will be considered by fair and impartial jurors and the defendants then will have no further room to complain. The Department has advised this case will be presented to a new grand jury as soon as one can be properly drawn.

Recently confidential Klan informants have furnished information originating with Klansmen in Mississippi relating to alleged contacts between Senator James O. Eastland (D), Mississippi, and Klansmen in Mississippi while Senator Eastland was campaigning for re-election to the Senate.

7 3- B9 B10 B11 B12 B13 B14 B15 B16 B17 B18 B19 B20 B21 B22 B23 B24 B25 B26 B27 B28 B29 B30 B31 B32 B33 B34 B35 B36 B37 B38 B39 B40 B41 B42 B43 B44 B45 B46 B47 B48 B49 B50 B51 B52 B53 B54 B55 B56 B57 B58 B59 B60 B61 B62 B63 B64 B65 B66 B67 B68 B69 B70 B71 B72 B73 B74 B75 B76 B77 B78 B79 B80 B81 B82 B83 B84 B85 B86 B87 B88 B89 B90 B91 B92 B93 B94 B95 B96 B97 B98 B99 B100

RHA:rmr
(8)

53 DEC 9 1966

NOT RECORDED
170 DEC 1966 CONTINUED - OVER

Memorandum to Mr. DeLoach
RE: BERNARD L. AKIN, ET AL;

[REDACTED]

67]

We have had no prior allegations that Senator Eastland attempted to exert any influence in this matter. The information from our confidential informants was not firsthand information and was based merely on hearsay received from other Klansmen. It appears most likely that local campaign workers on behalf of Senator Eastland were attempting to obtain the Klan vote on his behalf probably by implying that Senator Eastland should receive the credit for the dismissal of the indictments in this case. These indictments were dismissed on purely legal grounds and the Department concurred that they should be dismissed. There is no reason to believe that Senator Eastland or anyone else influenced Judge Cox in this decision.

ACTION:

1. If approved, Mr. DeLoach will orally advise Senator Eastland of the information concerning him which originated with Klansmen in Mississippi.

Handwritten:
"I shall
with Sen. Eastland
11/10/66
[Signature]

2. SAC, Jackson, has been instructed to maintain close contact with logical sources and be particularly alert for any information which may indicate that influence is being exerted against officials who are charged with prosecuting this matter, and to immediately advise the Bureau if such information is developed in the future.

clw

R JRM

GJ

[Signature]

[Signature]

F B I

Date: 11/17/66

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Wick	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

ATTN: Assistant Director C. D. DE LOACH

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (67-30)

SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND (D)
 MISSISSIPPI
 INFORMATION CONCERNING

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 9/29/86 BY SP1/CAJ/gth

ReJNairtel 11/17/66. #270,101

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

REC-EX-103

94-4-5130-51

DEC 1 1966

3 - Bureau (RM)
 1 - Jackson

Approved

70 DEC 22 1966

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

Per

IN 11/22/66

FBI

Date: **11/17/66**

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

Mr. McLean
Mr. Mohr
Mr. ~~W. B. Lee~~
Mr. Carpenter
Mr. Campbell
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. ~~W. B. Lee~~
Mr. ~~W. B. Lee~~
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: Assistant Director C. D. DE LOACH

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (67-30)

SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND (D)
MISSISSIPPI
INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReJNairtel 11/4/66.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/29/86 BY SP

Referenced airtel summarized alleged contacts between U. S. Senator JAMES O. EASTLAND (D), Miss., and ROBERT M. SHELTON, Imperial Wizard, UKA*, Inc. The following supplements referenced material concerning alleged contacts between Senator EASTLAND and SHELTON on the night of 10/31/66:

2 copies made for John Kelly 11/26/75

[illegible]

(3) - Bureau (RM)
1 Jackson

62-48111-1967

99-15150-22
FBI REC'D UNITED KINGDOM OF AMERICA

~~151-120~~

51 JAN 4 1967

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

6-100

07 03
JN 67-30

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

In addition to the foregoing, on 11/16/66 [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] confidentially advised SAC, Jackson, that through his "Klan sources" he had heard that Senator EASTLAND had met with the heads of the two Klan units in Mississippi (SAM HOLLOWAY BOWERS, Imperial Wizard, White Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of Mississippi, and ROBERT M. SHELTON, Imperial Wizard, United Klans of America, Inc.) and that some sort of "deal" was made. SAC was noncommittal to [REDACTED] because of the subject matter being discussed, however, it is not impossible that [REDACTED] may take it upon himself to write something for the [REDACTED] concerning this information he is developing through his Klan sources.

The foregoing is for the Bureau's information.

* UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA

November 21, 1966

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

We were previously advised by Klan informants in Mississippi of information alleging contacts between Senator James O. Eastland (D-Mississippi) and Klansmen while Senator Eastland was campaigning for re-election to the Senate.

Lawrence Rainey, mentioned herein, is the Sheriff of Neshoba County and one of the subjects involved in the murder of the three civil rights workers near Philadelphia, Mississippi, in June 1964. Indictments against Rainey and other defendants were dismissed on purely legal grounds on the basis that certain groups, including Negroes, were excluded from the Grand Jury panel. Case will be re-presented to a new Grand Jury as soon as one can be properly drawn.

It was recommended and approved that prior Klan allegations concerning Eastland be furnished orally to Senator Eastland by Mr. DeLoach. If approved, allegations set forth herein will also be furnished to Senator Eastland by Mr. DeLoach at the same time.

RHA:mar

ENCLOSURE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/24/86 BY SP1

#279101

7
b7D

94-4-5130-52 1 nat
RMA:mar
11/22

July 10, 1967

Mr. Courtney C. Pace
Arlington Hospital
5129 16th Street, North
Arlington, Virginia 22205

Dear Mr. Pace:

I was certainly sorry to learn of your hospitalization and wanted to send this note to wish you a speedy and complete recovery.

I realize it is difficult for someone like you so accustomed to a busy schedule to restrict your activities and get the rest needed. You should, of course, carefully follow your doctor's advice. If there is anything we can do to be of assistance, please let me know.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

REC 10

EX-103

10 JUL 11 1967

NOTE: Mr. Pace is administrative assistant to Senator James O. Eastland (D - Mississippi) and has long been a good friend and staunch supporter of the FBI. He entered Arlington Hospital, Friday, 7-7-67, for treatment of a back ailment which has been troubling him for sometime.

MAILED 2

JUL 10 1967

COMM-FBI

DWB:mmj (6)

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

51 JUL 14 1967

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI
REC'D DE ROVER
JUL 10 8 10 PM '67

February 7, 1968

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senator
Doddsville, Mississippi 38736

Dear Jim:

I certainly was sorry to learn of your recent hospitalization and trust this note finds you resting comfortably at home. Your many friends in the FBI join me in expressing the hope that you will soon be completely recovered.

With every good wish,

Sincerely,
Edgar

NOTE: Mr. Courtney Pace, Administrative Assistant to Senator Eastland, advised SA David Bowers that Senator Eastland was admitted to the hospital Saturday with flu and discharged Tuesday, 2-6. He is presently recuperating at his home in Doddsville, Mississippi.

SAW:lrs (4)

REC-71

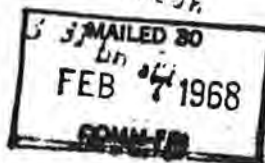
94-4-5130

EX 110

REC-D 812H06

FEB 9 1968

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____



54 FEB 5 1968

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

April 30, 1968

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Jim:

I am enclosing two advance copies of the May, 1968, issue of the FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin for your information. Please note that, beginning on page 14, we feature an article by Mr. William D. Rayfield, Chief of Police, Jackson, Mississippi, entitled "Police Training Center." Knowing of your continuing interest in effective law enforcement and programs to improve the profession, I thought you might like to see Mr. Rayfield's excellent presentation.

The Bulletin, a monthly publication, is one of the many cooperative services of the FBI. It is distributed to law enforcement members without charge and is a medium through which police officials and other executives can, in by-line articles, report on successful projects and investigative achievements.

Sincerely,
J. Edgar Hoover



REC-26

94-4-5130 55

APR 30 1968

Enclosures (2)
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Bishop

NOTE: Senator Eastland is on the Special Correspondents' List on a first-name basis. This letter is in compliance with a suggestion approved in M. A. Jones to Bishop Memorandum dated 12-18-67 that each month two copies of the Bulletin be sent to friendly Congressmen whose districts or states cover localities of by-line articles published.

CBF:vcs
(9)

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

United States Senate

MEMORANDUM

June 10, 1968

TO: Tom Bishop

FROM: Jack Norvel

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Bishop ☒
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

work necessary
RECD - 102341

COPIES 2 JUL 11

L. B. Cook

"ENCLOSURE ATTACHED"

REC 43

94-4-5133-56

14 JUN 18 1968

XEROX
JUN 13 1968
128

66 JUN 21 1968

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62-109216-
RECEIVED COPY FILED IN



Senator James Eastland
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C

My dear Senator

While you object so vehemently to feeding the poor, you have the colossal nerve to accept hundreds of thousands of taxpayers dollars not to plant cotton. Why don't you plant your damn cotton and compete in a free market like the poor working man does? Even the white middle class is getting fed up with your kind. You and other congressman like you with all your combined hypocrisy ~~are making a shambles of our freely elected form of government.~~ are making a shambles of our freely elected form of government. Time is running out.

Madame De Farge

*No possible extortion violation
contained herein.*

88 6-11-68

1
JUN 18 1968

①

Centerville, Mass

b6



Senator James O. Eastland
Senate Office Building
Washington, D. C.

To: Sen. James O. Eastland

Happy Now?

1. Medgar Evers
2. John F. Kennedy
3. Martin Luther King
4. Robert F. Kennedy
5. ?
6. ? etc.

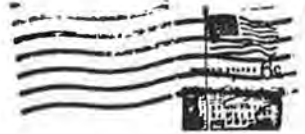
See: New Yorker Magazine
April 20, 1968

p 139, 155

b6

Centerville
Cape Cod, Mass. 02632

Charlestown, MA. 02129



b6

Senator James O. Eastland, D. Miss.
Senate Office Building
Washington, D.C.

Charlestown, MA.
June 5, 1968

b6

Senator Eastland:

Please note enclosed article that you, no doubt have already seen. I've always been told to look to the leaders of the country for moral leadership. As a young Democrat voting for the first time this year, may I thank you for your fine moral leadership--it's just what the country needs at this time.

I've also been told to think of others before self--it is evident this example isn't forthcoming from you--or Congress this year.

Sincerely,

b6

Land Laws Penalize the Rural Poor

By Drew Pearson
and Jack Anderson

The Poor People's Resurrection City has not been a very happy place these days. For almost a week, rain beat down steadily on the plastic roofs of the beaverboard shacks. The plastic was put there to let the sun shine in. But when there is no sunshine the seams of the plastic drip rain.

The rain might have had a pleasant sound if there hadn't been so much of it; or if there was something else to do in Resurrection City. All you can do is sit and think. "Sometimes," said a woman from Georgia, "we just sit."

"The park around the Lincoln Memorial is going to be a mess," said one Washington resident.

It's already a mess. The area inside the snow fence which forms a stockade around the shacks has been a sea of mud. It's the same as a mess which existed in a stockade at the other end of the park, where slaves were held in the 1850s when their families were broken up to be shipped to northern Virginia and the tobacco plantations of southern Maryland. Abraham Lincoln, then a Congressman, looked down on that slave market and made his resolve to become President and free the slaves.

The statue of Abe Lincoln looks out today on the stockade in the park alongside his memorial. All night long a light shines on his rugged fea-

tures, and his eyes have the appearance of never sleeping as he looks out on the city housing the descendants of those stockade residents of one hundred years ago.

He wonders, no doubt, what brought the poor people marching up from the South and what progress they have made in the hundred years since emancipation.

Paper Profits

On paper they have made a lot. Be-atedly they have the right to vote. Theoretically they have the right to sit beside white children in equal schools. They can patronize the same restaurants, use the same restrooms, buses, hotels and railroad trains. The days of Jim Crow are over. But do they have the equal right to make a living? Are they permitted to enter the skilled labor unions? Are the cards stacked against them when it comes to the land laws?

Above all, are they forced off the land which they have plowed and hoed and cultivated through the generations?

The answers are contained in a thick green volume entitled "Department of Agriculture and Related Agencies' Appropriations—Fiscal Year 1968," which contains the names of the big farmers who are subsidized by the rest of us for keeping their land idle. The book does not contain the names of the poor people who are thereby forced off the land.

Thumbing through these pages, the answer is definitely yes. The cards are stacked against the poor people of the South. The laws are written so they favor the big landowner, not the tenant farmer who is made homeless by the laws written by a Congress where the key committee chairmanships, the power establishment, stem from rural areas of the United States.

Thumbing through the subsidy payments made to cotton plantation owners in Mississippi, you get some idea of how things are stacked against the poor people. In Sunflower County there is Mrs. Eastland, wife of the Senator from Mississippi, who gets \$129,977 in one year for cutting back cotton acreage. There is also W. D. Patterson, who gets \$67,600; plus many, many more.

There is a total of 340 plantation owners in Sunflower County alone who received \$6,806,529 for cutting back cotton acreage and throwing poor people off the land. And this includes only those who get \$5,000 or more from Uncle Sam. Those receiving below \$5,000 are not tabulated.

Penalizing Poor

Or glance at some of the other Mississippi counties. They are similar, as are the rest of the farm states. In Alabama, W. L. Corcoran of Barbour County got \$54,666, Ben Bowden got \$51,226, Emmett Scroggins got \$44,786, all for cutting back acreage in one year alone.

In Colbert County, Alabama, 79 plantation owners received \$1,042,296 last year, and in Lawrence County 112 farmers received \$1,675,310. In Limestone County, 126 farmers received \$1,755,642 for throwing Negroes off the land.

Some of the poor people of Resurrection City are Spanish-Americans from Arizona, Texas and California. They too have been put off the land by the agricultural laws. In California, the Giffen Company of Fresno County got \$2,397,073, while the South Lake Farm got \$1,468,696.

The roll call is too long to publish here. But it includes wheat subsidies paid to Kansas and South Dakota farmers and tobacco subsidies paid to farmers in North Carolina and Kentucky. Even Puerto Rico benefits. Luce and Company got \$518,224 for not raising sugar, while A. Rolig Sucres got \$349,095 and C. Brewer Company got \$308,264.

Today in Congress the same members of the House and Senate who voted for these subsidies are demanding a cut-back on antipoverty, education, and big city housing.

The people who sit under the plastic roofs in Resurrection City listening to the rain beat down on their flimsy shacks don't know these things. But members of Congress do. They should read the thick green volume listing these subsidies. After reading, they should balance the economic score.

© 1968, Bell-McCune Syndicate, Inc.



Senator James O'Fallon
U.S. Senate Bldg.
Washington D.C.

20505

Chicago, Ill.
June 3, 1968

\$6,809,529 STOLEN FROM U.S.
YEARLY DOGS!

Senator James O'Fallon
U.S. Senate:

Dear Thief:

May you and yours
suffer the pain of
burns, hunger, robbery,
cancer, and arthritis
for your dirty, filthy
stealing of taxpayers
money. IT BELONGS TO ALL AMERICANS

Your Southern sociopaths
with you phony accounted

3

lies, manners and above
all your greed, associating
with your witches, like
Lady Bird, stealing and
cheating for monetary
gain. What good does
\$29,977 dollars of stolen
money do you? Hark?

Your Southerners who
are stupid, uneducated
shallow actors (Bad
once at that) you lack
any signs of integrity.
Your Brute, for a little
luc. bit. of MARIHUANA,
liquor, YOU KILL MEN
DROP DEAD SOON

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: July 13, 1968

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: [REDACTED] b7C
CRIME ABOARD AIRCRAFT -
PIRACY; KIDNAPING1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Kish
1 - Mr. Schutz
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. Gale
1 - Mr. Sullivan

Agents from our Miami Office at 9:34 p. m., 7-12-68, took captioned subject into custody at the Miami International Airport, Miami, Florida, after Delta Airlines Flight Number 977, originally bound for Houston, Texas, from Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, made an emergency landing following an attempted armed hijacking.

SAC, Miami advised that the subject, aged 33, apparently boarded the aircraft at Friendship Airport, Baltimore, Maryland, and while over western Tennessee displayed a .45 caliber automatic, forced his way into the cockpit and demanded to be taken to Havana, Cuba. The plane changed course and shortly thereafter, the subject obviously under emotional strain, fell to his knees crying, dropping the gun. One of the crew retrieved it and the aircraft radioed for emergency clearance to land at Miami. During interviews with crew members, it was reported that the subject, after being brought under control, asked "Why don't you kill me?" and during interview by Bureau Agents at the Miami Office, indicated he was fearful of dying of cancer. He also acknowledged contacting the Russian Embassy in Washington, D. C., within the last several days indicating he was trying to enter Russia and was also seeking medical care. His car, a 1968 Chevrolet, was reportedly abandoned by him somewhere in Washington, D. C.

According to SAC, Miami, interview with the subject is being hampered by the subject's highly emotional state. An Assistant United States Attorney, Miami, has authorized the filing of charges against [REDACTED] for violation of the Aircraft Hijacking and Kidnaping Statutes. [REDACTED] will be brought before the United States Commissioner, Miami, Florida, early 7-13-68.

Enclosure

WAK:HAS:erg

(10)

NOT RECORDED
102 JUL 29 '68

CONTINUED OVER

53 AUG 6 1968

COPY SENT TO MR. TOLSON

Memorandum to Mr. DeLoach

RE: [REDACTED] b7C ①

Of interest is the fact that Senator James Eastland (D. - Mississippi), Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, was aboard the plane. He was met by Miami Agents, found to be unharmed and hotel accommodations secured for him. He indicated he would rest in Miami a day or two before proceeding on to Mexico City as originally planned. Senator Eastland expressed admiration for the manner in which this situation was handled by Miami Agents and was grateful for the assistance rendered him.

The Crime Records Division coordinated a press release (copy attached) which was given to Associated Press and International News Service at 11:50 p.m., 7-12-68. SAC Frohbose was instructed to make the same release to news media in Miami at 12:00 a.m., 7-13-68.

ACTION:

Based on available facts, no pertinent information could be located in Bureau files concerning [REDACTED]. Investigation is continuing to develop full background information concerning the subject and efforts are being made by the Washington Field Office to locate the subject's car allegedly abandoned in the District of Columbia. No record could be located for this vehicle in National Crime Information Center. b7C

ADDENDUM JHT:erg 7-13-68

Cincinnati Division interviewed subject's wife. [REDACTED] said her husband departed Springfield, Ohio, 7-10-68, saying he was going to visit a doctor in another state. He telephoned her 7-11-68, and said he would return by the weekend. [REDACTED] described her husband as expressing a dislike for the United States, wanting to go to a foreign country and as a quiet man with no interest in politics. [REDACTED] became irrational during the interview and slammed the door in the Agent's face. b7C

[REDACTED]

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

FROM : G. C. Moore

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
1 - Mr. A. Rosen

DATE: 1-22-69

1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop
1 - Mr. G. C. Moore
1 - Mr. A. B. Fulton

To advise of new economic and reorganization program of the SCLC called "New Thrust" and to recommend that the Crime Records Division orally furnish to Senator James Eastland, Democrat of Mississippi, information concerning the proposed seizure of his farm in Mississippi.

The SCLC held a staff planning conference at Frogmore, South Carolina, from January 5-11, 1969. Approximately 75 staff members and executives of SCLC led by its President, Dr. Ralph David Abernathy, were in attendance.

The conference purpose was to explain the "New Thrust" program of developing black economic power by getting money into the hands of Negroes and by teaching Negroes to use their purchasing power to their advantage. Another phase of the program calls for consolidation, reorganization, and unification of the SCLC into a true national organization.

In connection with the economic phase, it was decided that in the spring a group of black men would seize and operate a farm of Senator Eastland which reportedly is not farmed and from which the Senator receives a subsidy from the Government for letting it lie idle.

This information has been furnished to the Internal Security, Civil Rights, and Criminal Divisions and the Inter-Division Information Unit of the Department, Secret Service, and the military.

RECOMMENDATION:

That a representative of the Crime Records Division orally furnish to Senator Eastland details of the above information concerning the seizure of his farm. A copy of the letterhead memorandum containing the details is attached for the use of the Crime Records Division.

Enclosure

100-438794

61 FEB 10 1969

NOT RECORDED

102 JAN 30 1969

17 JAN 30 1969

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

RA

DATE: 3/13/69

Tolson _____
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Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: JAMES EARL RAY
INQUIRY FROM SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND

On the evening of 3/12/69 Jay Sourwine, Chief Counsel for the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, telephoned Bishop and advised that Senator Eastland had asked him to contact the FBI and request that he be furnished answers to the questions raised in his press release of 3/12/69. Bishop advised Sourwine that he had not seen a copy of this press release and therefore was not aware of the questions raised in it. Sourwine explained that in the release Eastland stated that he is assembling all available facts concerning the slaying of Martin Luther King in an effort to answer some questions in his mind and in his press release he has listed the principal questions to which he refers. Sourwine advised that he would send Bishop a copy of the press release in question on 3/13/69. A copy of it has been received and is attached.

OBSERVATION

While the questions raised by Senator Eastland undoubtedly can be very simply answered by material contained in the Bureau file on this case, it is felt that we should advise Eastland that all data on the case has been furnished to the Department of Justice and that he might wish to contact the Attorney General for the answers to his questions.

RECOMMENDATION

That Bishop be authorized to inform Sourwine that the FBI cannot furnish the information desired, but that Senator Eastland might want to contact the Attorney General regarding this matter.

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach (Enclosure)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Enclosure)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Enclosure)
- 1 - Mr. Jones (Enclosure)

TEB:mls

55 MAR 24 1969

NOT RECORDED
12 MAR 20 1969

CRIME RESEARCH

ORIGINAL FILED IN 44-38861-5636



NEWS FROM SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND

WASHINGTON, D.C.

FURTHER INFORMATION: LARRY SPEAKES (202-225-50)

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

WASHINGTON -- Senator James O. Eastland (D. Miss.) said Wednesday he is "assembling all available facts" in the slaying of Martin Luther King "in an effort to answer some questions in my mind."

Senator Eastland, who heads the Internal Security Subcommittee, said he is looking into the matter as head of the Senate's anti-communist watchdog committee. "There are some questions which are unanswered," the Senator said. "They deserve an answer."

He pointed out that Ray's own statements had indicated there was a conspiracy with a "blond Latin" man, who directed Ray and provided him with funds. "The obvious question is - were there communists involved?" the Senator said. "There has been and there are now some questions in my mind on this incident" he added. "I have doubts that this killing was the work of one man."

The Senator said he wanted to find out --

- how Ray knew that King was going to be in the Lorraine Motel...
- how Ray knew the location of King's room. . .
- how Ray knew King would come out on the balcony where he was shot. . .
- how did Ray know exactly where to go to get a room from which to fire the shot...

"It is obvious to me," said the Senator, "that someone inside the motel advised Ray."

"The mathematical odds that King would step from a certain room onto a balcony directly in front of a would-be assassin are impossible to calculate," the Senator said. "Only a man armed with detailed and accurate information could have positioned himself to fire the fatal shot." He said also it was a puzzle as to "who assisted and advised Ray in the intricacies of international travel."

Furthermore, he added, some of the leaders of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, which King headed, have said Ray is not guilty.

The Senator emphasized that he had "no direct information" on any individual.

"I simply am raising some questions that are in my mind," he said.

F B I

Date: 4/9/69

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via Airtel _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (157-0)

SUBJECT: HONORABLE JAMES O. EASTLAND,
U. S. SENATE,
INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE
INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 4/8/69, [REDACTED]
Memphis, Tennessee, Police Department, advised that as a
result of a letter written by FRANK C. HOLLOMAN, Memphis,
Tennessee, Fire and Police Director, to Senator JAMES O.
EASTLAND, Democratic Senator from the State of Mississippi,
there are in Memphis, Tennessee, two investigators from the
U. S. Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, Mr. JOHN R.
NORPELL, JR., and Mr. J. G. SOURWINE.

These two investigators are in Memphis, Tennessee,
to review reports and interview [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] and is a member of the black militant group at Memphis,
Tennessee, known as The Invaders. In addition, [REDACTED]
has been a member of the Larry Payne Memorial Chapter of
Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) at Memphis State
University for the past six months.

2 - Bureau (RM)
4 - Memphis

Airtel (1 - 157-0)
Teletype (1 - 157-1067) (Invaders) REG 22
(1 - 100-4000)

A.M.

A.M.S.D. HSL:tjm
(6)

Spec. Del.

Reg. Mail

Registered

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

94-4-5130-57

APR 14 1969

b7C

ME 157-0

The identity of [REDACTED] has become known to this black militant organization and it has become necessary to surface [REDACTED]

According to [REDACTED] the information known by [REDACTED] regarding both black power and SDS activities at Memphis, Tennessee, and [REDACTED] regarding black power and SDS activities have been offered [REDACTED] to captioned subcommittee for any value this information may be to this subcommittee.

For the information of the Bureau, all information furnished by [REDACTED] has been furnished to the Memphis FBI Office.

This matter will be closely followed and the Bureau will be kept advised of pertinent developments.

1 - Mr. W. N. Preusse

SAC, Memphis (157-0)

4/15/69

Director, FBI

REC 22

64-4-5130-51
HONORABLE JAMES O. EASTLAND
U. S. SENATE
INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

Re your airtel 4/9/69 captioned as above.

You are requested to promptly advise the Bureau if all pertinent information obtained by [REDACTED] concerning Students for a Democratic Society and black militant groups and which has been furnished your office has been furnished the Bureau under appropriate caption. If it has not it should be immediately submitted in form suitable for dissemination. b7D

WNP:lvh
(4) *lvh*

NOTE:

Two investigators for Senate Internal Security Subcommittee recently interviewed [REDACTED] who has been [REDACTED] covering SDS and black militant groups. The identity of [REDACTED] was recently exposed and, thereafter, his reports were offered to the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee. b7C

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Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____



54 APR 24 1969

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 4/22/69

FROM : SAC, MEMPHIS (157-0)

SUBJECT: HONORABLE JAMES O. EASTLAND
U. S. SENATE
INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

Re Bureau letter to Memphis, 4/15/69.

All pertinent information furnished by

[REDACTED] concerning activities of the Students for a Democratic Society and black militant groups at Memphis, Tennessee, has been incorporated in reports concerning SDS activities and black militant group activity at Memphis, Tenn. This information has been furnished to the Bureau.

REC 107

5 APR 24 1969

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Memphis

HSL:jap
(3)



5010-108-01

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

September 30, 1969

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

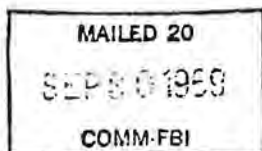
Dear Jim: Eastland

In connection with its cooperation with local and state law enforcement agencies, the FBI publishes in its monthly Law Enforcement Bulletin by-line articles by police officials and other executives on matters of interest to officers throughout the country.

Our October, 1969, magazine contains an article, beginning on page ten, by Mr. Thomas B. Shelton, Administrator, Mississippi Law Enforcement Officers' Training Academy, Whitfield, Mississippi, entitled "Skidpan Training." I thought you might be interested in seeing this excellent article. Enclosed are two advance copies for your information.

Sincerely,

Edgar



Enclosures (2)

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Bishop

Tolson _____
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Casper _____
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NOTE: Senator Eastland (D-Mississippi) is on the Special Correspondents List on a first-name basis. This letter is in compliance with a suggestion approved in M. A. Jones to Bishop Memorandum dated 12-18-67 that each month two copies of the Bulletin be sent to friendly Congressmen whose districts or states cover localities of by-line articles published.

CBF:pak

(9)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC-24

19 SEP 30 1969

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: 6/15/70

FROM : J. J. Casper

SUBJECT: UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS CONFERENCE
JUNE 12, 13, 1970
DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL'S RECEPTION FOR
UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS AND WIVES
FDIC BUILDING
EVENING OF JUNE 12, 1970
CONFERENCE ACTIVITIES
JUNE 13, 1970

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
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I attended the reception and I would estimate that there were roughly 55 to 90 United States Attorneys present, many of whom had their wives. It was a very well run affair and the Attorney General as well as other Departmental heads were also present. The Deputy Attorney General introduced Senator James O. Eastland (D.-Miss.), who very briefly welcomed the United States Attorneys and stated that he was pleased to have the opportunity to meet with them socially on this occasion. The Deputy Attorney General introduced Elliot L. Richardson, the newly designated Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, who was also present. Mr. Richardson told them that if they did not watch out they could see what would happen to a former United States Attorney, indicating that he himself had been one and was now on "the hot seat." The Deputy Attorney General then asked if I was in audience and I acknowledged my presence. He took this occasion to wish my wife and myself happy birthdays and commented that he wanted the United States Attorneys to know that the Director of the FBI whose men took their picture on the morning of June 12 had again shown his efficiency and cooperation because he has 150 of these photographs done in color now available to give to each of the United States Attorneys and other Departmental officials who were present in the photograph. He asked me to express to the Director his sincere appreciation again for the outstanding assistance of the FBI.

The reception broke up at approximately 8:30. During the evening literally scores of United States Attorneys came up to me and repeatedly spoke of their excellent relations with our Special Agents in Charge and our Agents and they spoke of the excellence of our investigations and our knowledge of the law. For

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. Callahan

1 - Mr. Gale
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
JJC:ple (9)

(CONTINUED OVER) JUN 18 1970

51 JUN 26 1970

NOT RECORDED
191 JUN 22 1970

PERS. REC. UNL

Memorandum J. J. Casper to Mr. Mohr
Re: United States Attorneys Conference
June 12, 13, 1970
Deputy Attorney General's Reception for
United States Attorneys and Wives
FDIC Building
Evening of June 12, 1970
Conference Activities
June 13, 1970

example, Mr. Robert B. Krupansky, United States Attorney for the Northern District of Ohio (Cleveland) could not say enough about SAC Cusick and our Agents for their outstanding and untiring efforts in both the Yablonski case and the Kent State case.

On Saturday morning, June 13, the small seminar groups of United States Attorneys continued meeting with various Department officials. I met and spoke with several of the United States Attorneys at their morning coffee break, and I attended the buffet luncheon served them in the courtyard of the Justice Building. At each of these events, those with whom I spoke were complimentary of the FBI and of the Director.

After lunch, the Civil Disturbance Seminar was held in the Great Hall. Deputy Attorney General Kleindienst acted as chairman. This portion of the conference was covered by Assistant Director Sullivan and associates who were designated by the Director to attend and participate.

On Saturday evening, I attended the Attorney General's Reception and Banquet for United States Attorneys held at the Department of State. The Deputy Attorney General introduced Attorney General Mitchell whose address reiterated the remarks made earlier by the President to the United States Attorneys. He spoke of the mission of the United States Attorneys and said they were the finest group of United States Attorneys to hold the office. I spoke with numerous United States Attorneys there and all exhibited a friendly attitude toward the FBI. Several remarked that Mr. Sullivan and his associates made excellent presentations and admirably represented the Bureau at the Civil Disturbance Seminar.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

[Handwritten signatures and initials: "JFK", "WYB", and a large flourish]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Mr. Bishop

DATE: September 3, 1970

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND
(D-MISS.)

Tolson
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Gandy

United Press International News Service of 9-2-70, carried a news story under a Washington date line which stated that Senator Eastland was preparing legislation to clarify FBI authority to deal with possible concerted attacks against police across the Nation. A copy of this news story is enclosed.

Senator Eastland, with whom we enjoy an excellent relationship, has not previously mentioned this matter to us. He is out of Washington and not expected to return until 9-8 or 9-70.

His Legislative Assistant, Bill Simpson, was contacted on 9-2-70, by Inspector Bowers concerning the news story. Simpson was not aware of the news story but stated this is a topic which the Senator had discussed with him on several occasions in recent days. He stated Senator Eastland is convinced some recent attacks on law enforcement personnel are the direct results of revolutionary action, probably national in scope. He said the Senator feels there must be no obstacle to the full forces of the Federal Government being brought to bear against such revolutionary attacks against our first line of defense against anarchy and criminal activities.

94-4-5130-
NOT RECORDED

Simpson stated he does not know specifically what type of legislation Senator Eastland plans to propose, adding that he doubts if the Senator has developed a particular course of action in his own mind as yet. He said the Senator wants to "get the message loud and clear to those bent on revolution" that they will not be faced merely with the investigative forces of a local police department or a county sheriff, but with the full forces of the Nation's finest investigative agency when they execute attacks on law enforcement personnel. He said the Senator certainly does not have in mind bringing the FBI into the investigations of police killings which do not result from a national conspiracy or revolutionary action.

ENCLOSURE

It was pointed out to Simpson that the FBI already furnishes every possible assistance to local, county, and state law enforcement agencies concerned with the investigation of attacks on their personnel regardless of the reason for the attack. He was told that this assistance includes the full services of our Laboratory

1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan 1 - Mr. Bowers
1 - Mr. Bishop 1 - Mr. Gale 1 - M. A. Jones

CONTINUED - OVER

36y DWB:kjs (10)
66 OCT 1 1970

COPY MADE FOR MR. TOLSON

CRIME RESEARCH

M. A. Jones to Bishop Memo
RE: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND

our fingerprint identification specialists, and the coverage of out-of-state leads. In addition, under provisions of the Fugitives Felon Act we conduct complete investigations to locate individuals accused of assault on police officers. It was also pointed out to Simpson that Federal legislation giving the FBI jurisdiction over certain types of police killings could create some most serious problems, not the least of which might be a strong resentment on the part of the local or state agency involved which might consider such a move as Federal intervention rather than cooperation. Simpson stated he knows the Senator is aware of the potential difficulty and he is certain the Senator will want to discuss this matter with the FBI in some detail.

Senator Eastland will be contacted upon his return to Washington to determine specifically what he has in mind regarding possible legislation dealing with FBI authority to investigate attacks on police. At that time our extensive cooperation with the affected agencies will be explained to him.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

[Handwritten signature]

Quib

Wed

Mohr _____
 Bishop _____
 Brennan, C.D. _____
 Callahan _____
 Casper _____
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 Walters _____
 Soyars _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

Boffers

UPI-72

(POLICEMEN)

WASHINGTON--SEN. JAMES O. EASTLAND, D-MISS., TODAY PREPARED LEGISLATION TO CLARIFY FBI AUTHORITY TO DEAL WITH POSSIBLE CONCERTED ATTACKS ACROSS THE NATION AGAINST POLICE.

EASTLAND, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, SAID ATTACKS AGAINST 13 POLICEMEN IN TWO CITIES LAST WEEKEND, IN WHICH ONE WAS KILLED, MAY WELL HAVE BEEN "THE OPENING SHOTS OF A NEW AMERICAN REVOLUTION."

"COLLECTIVELY THIS IS AN UNDISGUISED ATTACK ON LAW AND ORDER, AN ASSAULT AIMED AT THE HEART OF OUR NATION," EASTLAND SAID. "THIS IS GUERRILLA WARFARE IN OUR CITIES."

EASTLAND SAID THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT SHOULD GIVE "MAXIMUM ASSISTANCE" TO LOCAL AUTHORITIES. HE SAID HE IS PREPARING LEGISLATION TO MAKE CLEAR THE AUTHORITY OF THE FBI TO STEP IN.

"I FIRMLY BELIEVE THESE REVOLUTIONARIES ARE OPERATING ACROSS STATE LINES AND ARE SUBJECT TO FEDERAL JURISDICTION," EASTLAND SAID.

EASTLAND SAID MILITANTS, AFTER ADVOCATING VIOLENCE AND OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT WITHOUT BEING PUNISHED, ARE NOW "PUTTING INTO PRACTICE WHAT THEY HAVE BEEN PREACHING."

THE POLICEMAN, IN DONNING A BLUE UNIFORM, BECOMES A TARGET AS PART OF A "THIN BLUE LINE AS THE LAST DEFENSE AGAINST AN ALL-OUT ASSAULT ON OUR LAW-ABIDING CITIZENRY," EASTLAND SAID.

9/2--GE1149A

*Eastland did not tell me about this. He
 "Bombers" - per [unclear] and [unclear]
 [unclear] [unclear], WCL*

94-4-5130-

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

~~ENCLOSURE~~
 ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Bishop

DATE: 10-1-70

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND (D - MISS.)
PROPOSED LEGISLATION RELATING TO INJURING
OR KILLING POLICE OFFICERS

Tolson _____
Sullivan _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Brennan, C.D. _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Walters _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

Memoranda have previously set forth details concerning three bills introduced which would give the FBI jurisdiction in connection with injuring or killing of police officers. One of these bills was introduced by Senator Richard S. Schweiker (R - Pa.). Senator Eastland plans to hold hearings this week or next concerning these bills.

David A. Hartquist of Senator Schweiker's staff called 9-29-70 wanting to see a Bureau representative. Inspector Herington subsequently talked to Hartquist who indicated that he was trying to determine the Bureau's feelings about the proposed legislation. Hartquist was told that we, of course, took no official position on legislative matters since this was a function of the Department, but for his own personal guidance there appeared to be no real justification for legislation of this type and it looks like this was just another attempt to involve the FBI in a matter which is largely the concern of local law enforcement. Herington pointed out the extensive cooperative services we offer in every one of these cases and also advised Hartquist that from 1960 to 1969 there were 561 police officers who had been killed but that 96.4% of these cases had been solved within 30 days through the identification and arrest of the offenders. Hartquist said that he was most appreciative of this frank analysis and wanted to know whether a Departmental representative would testify during the Eastland hearings. Herington told Hartquist that this was a matter he would have to determine from Eastland's Committee since they were the ones who decided who the witnesses would be.

NOT RECORDED

Mr. Dale Shaffer in Senator Gordon L. Allott's Office (R - Colo.) phoned Herington and asked for statistics regarding police killings during 1970. He was furnished the figures relating to killings from 1960 to 1969 and the solution rate of those cases. After checking with the Uniform Crime Reporting Section, Shaffer was recontacted and advised we did not have figures for 1970 available for distribution since the year was not complete and, accordingly, any information we had would be fragmentary at best.

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan 1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan
1 - Mr. Mohr 1 - Mr. Gale
1 - Mr. Bishop 1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Casper 1 - Mr. Callahan

OCT 8 1970

51-106-201970

(CONTINUED - OVER)

Memorandum to Mr. Bishop
Re: Senator James O. Eastland (D - Miss.)
Proposed Legislation Relating to Injuring
or Killing Police Officers

While in Senator Eastland's Office on another matter, Herington was introduced to Larry Speakes, Senator Eastland's press secretary, who has been given the responsibility for ramroding the hearings on these bills. Speakes indicated that the hearings would probably last two days and wanted to know whether the Bureau would want to testify. Speakes was told that, as the Senator well knew, we did not testify on legislative matters since this was the responsibility of the Department. He asked for a confidential briefing regarding the Bureau's attitude and the facts were outlined to him which would tend to indicate to him that giving this responsibility to the FBI was not at all desirable.

Speakes said that he would relay this information to the Senator and would contact Herington if the Senator desired to speak to Herington personally. He said he felt that the Senator had always wanted to avoid enlarging the Bureau's jurisdiction unless absolutely necessary and did not desire to infringe upon local authorities' responsibilities. He said he thought that the Senator would be most sympathetic to the comments made and that he anticipated that there would be 2 days of hearings in which assaults on police officers would be highlighted. He said that this would direct public attention to the problem but he did not anticipate that any legislative proposals would ever get out of the committee. He was reminded that someone could possibly attach one of these proposals to other pending legislation as an amendment and he said that this was extremely unlikely. Speakes said that these bills had been turned over to Senator Eastland's committee and Senate protocol would almost forbid anyone on a maneuver of that type. Speakes said he felt pretty confident this legislation would never reach the floor.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

✓

TEB/jh

WCS

NR

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad *for*

FROM : C. F. Downing *CFD*

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND (D - MISS.)

DATE: October 13, 1970

Tolson _____
Sullivan _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Brennan, C.D. _____
Callahan _____
Casper _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Walters _____
Boyers _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

Pursuant to memorandum, M. A. Jones to Mr. Bishop, 10/1/70, cryptanalytic examination afforded page of miscellaneous words forwarded to Senator's office by television station editor. Editor believes author of page is Theodore Charach, *3/1/71 Bofers*

Examination discloses no signs of cryptosystem. Liberal use of abbreviations noted (e.g., heading's "jfkmlkrfk" probably John F. Kennedy, Martin Luther King, Robert F. Kennedy) but nothing of significance discovered. Page's notations include names, organizations, and places in the news.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memorandum be forwarded to Crime Records Division.

Enclosures (4)

- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Bishop
- 1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Boyd

KTB:mls
(8)

WST
Jack W. Hapel, Senate Internal Security Subcommittee
advised 10-15-70
EX-117
94-4-5130-6
REC-78
10 OCT 20 1970
UNRECORDED COPY

OCT 26 1970
58 OCT 29 1970

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NO LAB FILE

Laboratory Work Sheet

MEMO JAMES O. EASTLAND
(MISS.)

File #

Lab. #

CR-13536 ES

Examination requested by: **MEMO Jones to Bishop, 10/1/70**

Examination requested: **Cryptanalysis**

Date received: **10/5/70**

Examination of:

Examination by: **[Signature]**

See other side

Specimens submitted for examination

Copy of document, 5 1/2 inches by 8 inches bearing
letterhead "United States Senate" containing type-
written entries. At the top left of the document:
"Confidential: Eastland's opinion in vitro...."
and at bottom right: "confid..... r.m."

*Memorandum
to General
10/13/70*

Heading: "jfkmlkrfk" probably = John F. Kennedy, Martin Luther King, Robert F. Kennedy.

Examined linguistically (Vaccari and Torres) for presence of foreign words. "Vitrio" is Latin for "glass" and "munir" is close to French and Italian verbs meaning to provide, furnish, etc. Nothing observed which has intelligible meaning.

Open Code Analysis:

Letters, constant keying 2-50

Letters, polynumerical keying 4-8-6; 8-9-0-8; 1-4-8-7

First, second, third and last letters of words, 1-10

Letters on indicators: slashes and line ends

Frequency count, 1st, 2nd, last letters of words, by 100s

Words, constant keying, 2-20

Words, polynumerical keying, 4-8-6; 8-9-0-8; 1-4-8-7

Words on indicators: slashes and line ends

Direct and reverse standard alphabets run on all unintelligible entries, plus first and last letters of words (beats 1-25)

Slashes and remaining punctuation viewed as binary system using dots and dashes (both ways) of Morse code and as Baudot (A=oooox, B=oooxo, etc.)

Count of letters per row tested with I.C., total and minus 16 per row.

Impression: No crypto involved. Looks like random listing of names, organizations, places, etc. in news.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
Sullivan _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Brennan, C.D. _____
Callahan _____
Casper _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Walters _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Bishop

DATE: 10-1-70

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND (D - MISS.)

In response to his request, John R. Norpel, Jr., who is on the staff of the Senate Subcommittee on Internal Security, was contacted 9-29-70 by Inspector Jack E. Herington. Norpel furnished a letter sent to Senator Eastland by one Peter R. Noyes, KNXT television station, Los Angeles, California. This letter enclosed a page of miscellaneous words which possibly could be a coded message or possibly could be a transcription of someone's notes since it seems to contain a number of nonrelated words. Norpel said that he was furnishing this simply for the Bureau's information since there might be a code and since Noyes had been active in private investigations of the killing of both President Kennedy and Senator Robert F. Kennedy. He said that, of course, if the Bureau determined that there was any significance to the attachment the Senator would be anxious to know of it.

Bureau files indicate that Peter R. Noyes was interviewed by the Los Angeles Police Department in 1969 at which time he was described as Managing Editor of KNXT-TV. He made numerous allegations pertaining to the assassination of Robert F. Kennedy indicating a possible conspiracy. It was noted that Noyes' comments were not given much weight since he proposed to write a book at that time regarding the assassination.

Noyes' letter indicated that he thought the coded message had been written by Theodore Charach who had been traveling with Mary Sirhan and had been attempting to prove Sirhan did not kill Senator Kennedy. Charach is a native of Canada who was admitted to the United States for permanent residence in 1953.

There appears to be nothing here of immediate interest to us; however, because of the excellent relations we have had with Senator Eastland, perhaps the Laboratory should examine the enclosure to determine if it has any significance whatsoever.

RECOMMENDATION: That the Cryptanalysis-Translation Section of the Laboratory examine the item enclosed in the letter to Senator Eastland

to determine whether it has any significance.

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

Enclosures (2)

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Bishop 1 - Mr. Mohr

1 - Mr. Brennan 1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. Jones (9)

JH:mbk

CRIME RESEARCH

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

KNXT

CBS Television Stations
A Division of Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc.
6121 Sunset Boulevard
Los Angeles, California 90028
(213) 469-1212

Sept. 24, 1970

The Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
New Senate Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20510

ATTN: Larry Speakes

Dear Senator Eastland:

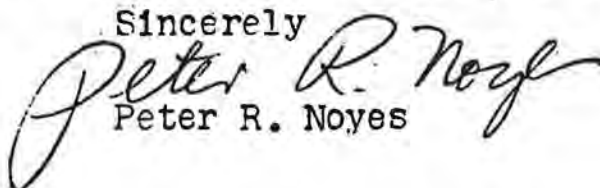
Enclosed is a Xerox copy of a Senate memorandum mailed from Washington D.C. on September 18. In my personal opinion the memorandum was written by Theodore Charach who has been back your way for about 10 days and has been traveling on and off with the Mary Sirhan party.

It is my understanding that Charach has attempted to present evidence to certain Senators to prove that Sirhan Sirhan did not kill Senator Robert Kennedy. To say the least, his motives are questionable.

After receiving this most unusual memorandum, I checked with Senator Murphy's office here in Los Angeles. I was particularly disturbed by the Senator's remarks in Northern California regarding the assassinations. The Senator's press secretary indicated there would be no additional comment save for the fact that the Senate Judiciary Committee would hold a hearing on Tuesday or Wednesday (September 22 or 23) regarding this matter. I was somewhat disturbed by the possibility that Charach would present doctored evidence to the committee. I was also disturbed by the fact that Charach has been keeping company off and on with persons associated with both the Sirhan defense team and the Black Panthers.

I construe the date October 4 in the letter to be a threat on my life because I have obtained considerable knowledge regarding the operations of El Fatah and the Black Panthers. I have advised the District Attorney, Los Angeles Police and the FBI of this matter, and should any member of your committee want additional information I will cooperate fully.

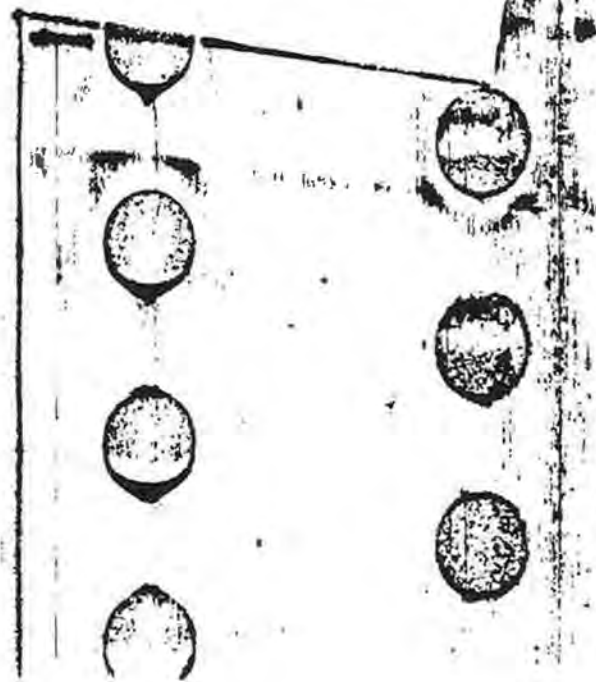
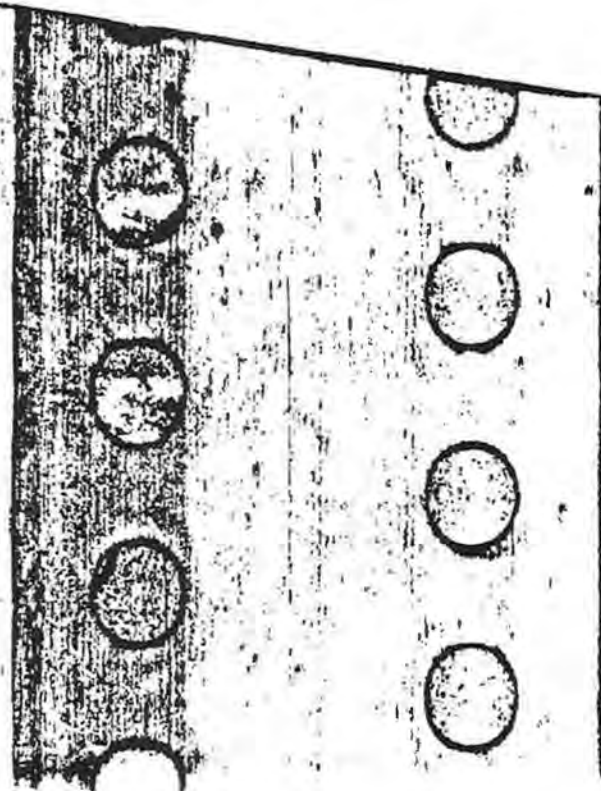
Sincerely


Peter R. Noyes



The Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senator
New Senate Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20510

ATTENTION: LARRY SPEAKES



#confidential: eastland

jfkknkrfk.vitrio....code 4y

United States Senate

MEMORANDUM

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1 Fl code peter noyes

jfk braden fensterwald cia

noyes & lapd FCC CBS/knxt holly.

check eugene braden dispatch

george thomson lilio code newcomb photos/

charach/ch; plus lomer & issac/young/d.a.

birch lord m. hall /blavatsky/;fbi/clark;

j. ch; ch; code 8908 linder CII/Sacramento

john christian wait-er carr./fresno/creep/la

;fop fbi/noyes/politics of position

linder; braden; time oct. 4/70

Noyes/kalder/sirhan/injunction/

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ldirections of mccown/dryer eliminate

tactic noyes tapes/files/b. fensterwald

sirhan manir/adel/seid./sharif fed 133

move noyes pics pentagon/garrison/lubic

steve laffe file: bob kaiser; mckissack

lal fatah fedayeen; plus mike mccown/noyes

paley/CBS/code xmin/lspecial init senator.

;rfk/bob liod/braden/houghton/lapd out-fini

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wilth tapes/in f.c.c./washington/emkenney/

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;judic. committee. & ;invest. with ;;chx

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CC CCCCC NOYES ELLF. CODE....486 l.a.

;;lh///char-a/altes ;c braden peopl.txx.

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ALWAYS USE
ZIP CODE

AM
18 SEP
1970

cc: Peter Hayes/
NYT/ny
4712 Sunset Blvd.
Hollywood, Calif.
90027
-Mr. Hayes

64-5130-61

rob:t. corn
box 1487.
:wash./d.c.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Bishop *fb*

DATE: 1-28-71 *4230*

FROM : M. A. Jones *Bobbers*

SUBJECT: INSPECTOR HERMAN WAYCASTER
MISSISSIPPI HIGHWAY SAFETY PATROL
NATIONAL ACADEMY APPLICANT *ger*

Tolson _____
Sullivan _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
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Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
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On 1-27-71, Senator James O. Eastland (D - Miss.), Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, contacted Inspector Bowers and inquired about the status of the application of captioned individual to attend the FBI National Academy. The Senator recalled having discussed this matter with Bowers during 1970, and he wondered if the situation had changed since that time so that there is a probability that Waycaster can be accepted for the National Academy. The Senator stated that Waycaster is very highly respected by prominent citizens of Mississippi both in law enforcement and in other professions. He stated a number of these individuals have contacted him and there is some feeling expressed that Waycaster may be the innocent victim of the ill-advised actions of Mississippi Governor John Bell Williams in refusing to allow members of the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol involved in the Jackson State College shooting incident to be interviewed by the FBI or to make available weapons used in this shooting for examination by the FBI. The Senator stated that Waycaster had absolutely nothing whatever to do with the Jackson State College incident or the decision by the Governor. He stated Waycaster was not even near Jackson State College when the shooting incident occurred, and he certainly hopes and trusts that this incident and the poor judgement of the Governor will not have an adverse effect on Waycaster's application to attend the FBI Academy. He commented that the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol is the State's best hope for good State law enforcement and it needs continued assistance of the FBI particularly in the training field. *3-1*

Senator Eastland did inquire about Waycaster's application on 8-4-70. A check of his file at that time revealed he had been investigated and favorably recommended to be invited to attend the Academy but the invitation was not made in view of the Director's instructions in May, 1970, that we cease training cooperation with the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol and accept no more Academy applicants because of the Governor's lack of cooperation in our investigation of the Jackson State College shooting. It was recommended and approved at that time that Senator Eastland be advised we were not inviting additional members of the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol to attend the Academy *94-4-5130*

1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Mohr

1 - Mr. Bishop RECORDED 1
1 - Mr. Casper 8 1971 1 - Mr. Bowers *5-2*

DWB: *398*
54 FEB 22 1971 *1000 am*

↓ RECOMMENDATION - OVER ↓ *8-1*

M. A. Jones to Bishop Memo
RE: INSPECTOR HERMAN WAYCASTER

at that time because of the large number who already had attended and in order to afford other officers in Mississippi an opportunity to attend. Senator Eastland was so advised on 8-5-70. The Senator agreed with our desire to afford other Mississippi officers an opportunity to attend the Academy but commented he hoped Waycaster would be invited in the not too distant future. He also stated at the time that he hoped Governor Williams' ill-advised action concerning the Jackson State College shooting incident would not be held against the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this matter be referred to the Training Division for its consideration and recommendations.

ADDENDUM OF TRAINING DIVISION:
JVC:jj 1/29/71

The Director approved in August, 1970, removal of training restrictions against the Mississippi Highway Patrol when Commissioner Giles Crisler, National Academy graduate, pledged complete cooperation and advised that instructions of governor were not his desires. Director continued National Academy restrictions. SAC Moore advises that cooperation of the Highway Patrol has been excellent, that all major administrative positions are filled with National Academy graduates, and that Inspector Waycaster would be an outstanding addition to this group. SAC recommends Waycaster be considered for the Fall session beginning August, 1971, if cooperation continues as is. We recommend that Senator Eastland be advised Inspector Waycaster will be considered for the next class in 1971, beginning April 1, 1971.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Senator Eastland be orally advised this applicant will be considered for next class beginning April 12, 1971.

Letter to SJ
2/5/71
JVC:m.lam.

April 9, 1971

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Jim:

Inspector Bowers has given me the clippings which your Secretary gave to him on April 5th for my attention. It was thoughtful of you to send these to me and I have written a note to the Editor of "The Daily Herald" expressing my appreciation for the editorial supporting my work.

With kind personal regards,

Sincerely,

Edgar

1 - Mr. M. A. Jones - (detached)

NOTE: James Eastland is on the Special Correspondents List and known to the Director on a first name basis.

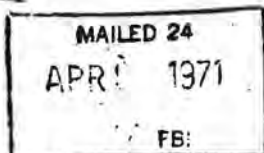
JBT:amw (4)

Q. 11. 11

REC-21

APR 20 1971

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Holmes _____
Gandy _____



MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

DO-6 OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION DN
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

April 5, 1971

The attached clippings were today
given to Inspector David W. Bowers
by the secretary to Senator James O.
Eastland (D-Mississippi).

Senator Eastland requested these
be brought to the Director's attention.

nm

MR. TOLSON ✓
MR. DELOACH ✓
MR. MOHR ✓
MR. BURNETT ✓
MR. BRENNAN ✓
MR. CALLAHAN ✓
MR. CASPER ✓
MR. CONRAD ✓
MR. DALBE ✓
MR. FELT ✓
MR. GALE ✓
MR. ROSEN ✓
MR. TAVEL ✓
MR. WALTERS ✓
MR. SOYARS ✓
MR. JONES ✓
TELE. ROOM ✓
MISS HOLMES ✓
MRS. METCALF ✓
MISS GANDY ✓

ack:oml
4-9-71
JBT: 2:00 PM
Letter to Eugene P. Wilson
Editor, "The Daily Herald"
Biloxi, Miss
4-9-71
JBT: answer

84

THE
DAILY
HERALD

State and Local News

Thursday, March 11, 1971 Section 2, Page 11

NAACP Wants Hoover Ousted

By BILLY RAY QUAVE
Daily Herald Staff Writer

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People is out to unseat Federal Bureau of Investigation Director J. Edgar Hoover and defeat President Nixon's state-sharing revenue plan, says the association's national treasurer.

Alfred Baker Lewis, a white man who has been a member of the association for 46 years, is on a speaking tour, and Wednesday night, he addressed the executive committees of the Biloxi and Gulfport Chapters in Biloxi.

Lewis attacked the president's revenue sharing plan because he said it would share the revenues "with no strings attached."

"Many states will use the money to finance private white academies which have been set up to evade the law regarding school integration," he contended.

Further, he said such "reactionary" governors as Ronald Reagan of California probably will use the money not for the benefit of the poor and the blacks.

"We intend to fight the provision of federal funds for states with no strings attached, and we have political influence in Congress, as Judge Hayensworth or Judge Carswell can testify," Lewis stated.

"Under J. Edgar Hoover, the poor and the blacks cannot expect justice," Lewis charged. He further commented Hoover is long past retirement age, his ideas are those of two generations before and he is a racial bigot, the treasurer continued.

He said the NAACP is disturbed over President Nixon's proposal in his budget message for a substantial increase in funds for the FBI under Hoover to maintain law and order.

"The NAACP wants not law and order, but law, order and justice, and the greatest of these is justice," said Lewis. "Law and order without justice is oppression," he said. "and with justice, law and order is easy to maintain."

Lewis said that Hoover was caught in an attempt to "bug" a telephone in order to connect the late Rev. Martin Luther King Jr. with a woman.

"This was absolutely none of his business, nor that of the FBI, which is to protect the country from subversives, not police the private morals of any individual."

He contended the telephone "bugging" attempt was "simply race prejudice on his (Hoover's) part to try to destroy the reputation of a revered black leader."

Lewis charged Hoover with denouncing the Black Panthers as the most dangerous organization in the country.

"The Black Panthers are certainly no bunch of roses; they have killed policemen and the police have killed some of them. But they have not killed one quarter as many people as have members of the Ku Klux Klan."

"When J. Edgar Hoover denounced the Black Panthers but says nothing against the far more violent Klan, he is clearly a racial bigot. Blacks can not expect justice from him," declared Lewis, "and I believe President Nixon knows that."

94-4-5130-62

ENCLOSURE

THE DAILY HERALD

EUGENE P. WILKES
Editor

JO WILKES REICKER
Publisher

ROLAND WEEKS JR.
General Manager

Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss., March 11, 1971

Snooping And FBI

Scidom has there been so much general confusion about the matter of "government snooping," currently very much in the news. And it is time to clarify some of these matters.

October 15, 1970, President Nixon signed into law the so-called "Organized Crime Control Act." It included, among many other provisions, specific legislation charging the FBI with the responsibility to investigate all bombings and bombing attempts on any property of the government, or that of any institution or organization receiving federal funds.

Because of the increased responsibilities to the Federal Bureau of Investigation arising from the new act, the President further proposed, and provisions were made for, the appointment of 1,000 additional FBI personnel—some of whom would be agents in the field, and others assigned to important support roles at the FBI headquarters.

It is difficult to believe that this simple information could be twisted in such a way as to attack the FBI and Director J. Edgar Hoover, but one or two Washington politicians managed to do so. They maliciously charged that the FBI planned to saturate college and university campuses with "1,000 undercover agents" to "snoop on students" and monitor their activities.

The charge of course, was false—unless we are to assume that all students on all campuses are bombers and terrorists. But although it was pure bunk, the accusation was picked up and used by the Communists, the extremists, and the left-wing press, as one would expect it would be.

Responsible members in the House and Senate know that the duties and responsibilities of the FBI are strictly proscribed by law; that the FBI is not, never has been, and—so long as Mr. Hoover has anything to say about it—never will be a national police force. The bureau is an investigative, intelligence gathering agency; and it initiates investigation only when there is information indicating that a crime within its legal jurisdiction has been committed. The new act stipulates that if there is a bombing on any campus which receives federal funds, it will be the responsibility of the FBI to investigate that criminal act. If there is no bombing, there will be no investigation. The truth is as simple, and as cut and dried, as that.

There are others who take shots at Hoover, including the Los Angeles Times and its reporter, Jack Nelson. Attacks have been made against Hoover because he fired Jack Shaw, an FBI agent who, while employed by the FBI, wrote a long letter with complaints about the agency for which he was employed. We do not know all the details, but any man working for an agency such as the FBI who writes a 15-page single-spaced letter on the agency's time, gets a typing office of the FBI to type it for him, and then tears the letter up and deposits it in a waste basket in the FBI office, should be fired for the simple reason he should have more discretion. It was that careless he certainly did not deserve to have access to the FBI files.

The FBI is probably the greatest crime investigation agency in the free world. It gets to the bottom of many crimes in the United States that other agencies fail to unravel. We in Mississippi remember the Neshoba County murder of three men that was solved by the FBI as well as many other instances when it was called in to solve crimes that others had not been able to learn who was responsible.

In spite of the widespread respect held by the FBI throughout the United States there are some who would destroy its efficiency for personal reasons.

9-1-62
ENCLOSURE

May 27, 1971

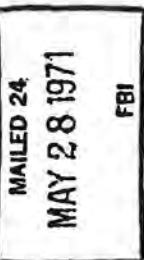
Honorable James O. ^①Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Jim: ^① not land

Enclosed are two advance copies of the
June, 1971, issue of the FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin.
I thought you might like to see the splendid article, begin-
ning on page six, entitled "Police Operations During a
Natural Disaster," by Mr. Howard L. Hobbs, Chief of
Police, Gulfport, Mississippi.

Sincerely,

J. Edgar Hoover



Enclosures (2)

- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. Bishop

NOTE: Senator Eastland (D-Mississippi) is on the Special Correspondents List on a first-name basis. This letter is in compliance with a suggestion approved in M. A. Jones to Bishop memo dated 12-18-67 that each month two copies of the Bulletin be sent to friendly Congressmen whose districts or states cover localities of by-line articles by authors in law enforcement.

Tolson _____
Sullivan _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Brennan, C.D. _____
Callahan _____
Casper _____
Conrad _____
Dalbey _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
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Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
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REC-49

94-4-51-6

JUN 1 1971

RECEIVED

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Bishop

DATE: 6-22-71

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND (D-MISS.)

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Enclosed is a copy of the "Eastland Report" which is the regular newsletter sent by Senator Eastland to his constituents in Mississippi. This item was made available to Inspector Bowers on 6-21-71 by Larry Speakes, Press Assistant to Senator Eastland.

The back page of this item contains a reproduction of the letter to the Senator from the Director dated 5-6-71 thanking the Senator for his speech in the Senate concerning the FBI. A photograph of the Director and Senator Eastland also is reproduced and the text on this page concerns the Senator's defense of the FBI and his introduction of legislation to make it a Federal crime to attack a policeman.

There is no reason for a letter to the Senator concerning this item since it is merely a factual report regarding speeches and actions he has taken and we already have thanked him for his remarks about the FBI.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. Bishop
- 1 - M. A. Jones
- 1 - D. W. Bowers

DWB:kjs (6)

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

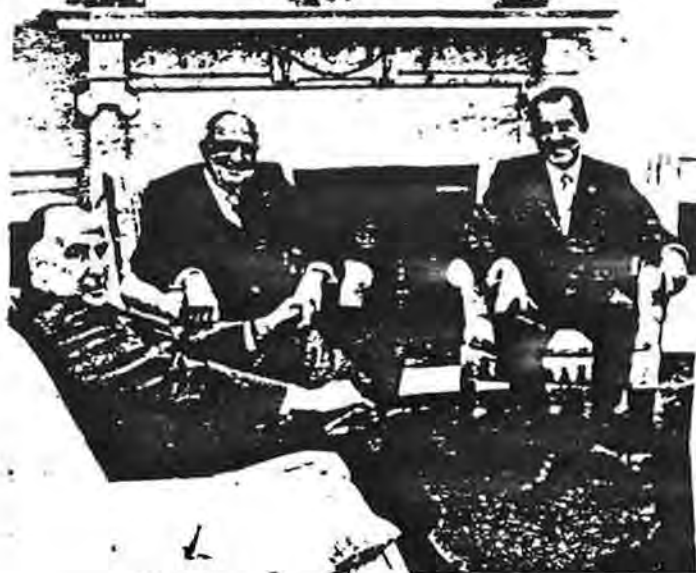
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EX 101
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JUN 24 1971
CRIME RESEARCH



Eastland Report

to the people of Mississippi



White House Meeting

Senator James O. Eastland meets with Pres. Nixon and Atty. Gen. John Mitchell for a "wide ranging discussion of issues facing the State and Nation" in the President's White House Oval Office.

**2 major
addresses**

Senator speaks out on vital issues

Senator James O. Eastland has challenged the state's college graduates to "join, lead -- and change..." the so-called System.

JACKSON

Speaking to Mississippi College commencement exercises in Jackson, the Senator declined to play the role of "apologist" for the Establishment, saying it had produced "the best fed, best clothed, best housed society the earth has ever seen."

He pointed to the nation's record of "ceaseless driving progress" which has met with success in surmounting the "obstacles of hunger, ignorance, poverty and disease."

The Senator said the new generation will be "equal to the burden and deserving of the glory" in tomorrow's tasks.

Senator Eastland predicts 1972 will be a good business year.

In an address before a group of Northeast Mississippi bankers at Tupelo, he said the winding down of the Vietnam war, reduction of inflation and the election year will contribute to a "solidly optimistic" forecast for the coming year.

"I see all the federal dollars the Administration can generate pouring into every section of the country," he said. "The aim will be an economy running at full steam."

Senator Eastland, however, said two proposals before Congress "could cloud the crystal ball." They are the Family Assistance Plan and portions of the revenue shar-

TUPELO

ing proposals, which the Senator labeled "unwise and unsound." He said he will oppose wasting taxpayer's dollars.



a personal
word...

I want to explore with you the critical question of national strength versus national weakness.

I have always favored a strong America -- a nation confident of her ability to defend her people and her heritage of freedom.

We are told by some in Washington that Breshnev and Kosygin are willing to talk about disarmament and -- therefore -- permanent peace is just around the corner.

HOWEVER, MY FRIENDS, the facts are that a space station -- manned by three Russian cosmonauts -- is hanging over our heads at this hour. We do not know how this and similar facilities will be utilized by Moscow.

While the Soviet rulers speak of talking to us, they continue their priority missile construction program and intensify their drive to achieve military mastery of the oceans.

We are flooded with the news that a handful of Americans played ping pong in China and -- therefore -- a new era is upon us in our relationship with Peking. The Chinese Communists may play ping pong -- but they daily expand their nuclear capability and rush work on intercontinental delivery systems.

REALITY TELLS US that danger lives today in the Far East, in the Middle East, in Berlin, in Cuba -- indeed -- on the ground and in the waters at our feet, as well as in the skies above us.

Americans are dedicated to peace. I reviewed only recently the inaugural addresses of all of our presidents and I was struck by two themes which reach from George Washington to Richard Nixon. Our leaders have spoken of peace -- and -- of a strong America, prepared to defend herself and to preserve liberty for mankind.

THE POINT OF this message is simple. I have represented the people of Mississippi for three decades -- at war and in peace -- and I know them. There are neither warmongers nor advocates of surrender in our state.

Mississippians share the ancient dream of "peace on earth" and subscribe to the belief that a strong nation is a secure nation.

I want to advise you that I shall continue to stand by America's quest for peace and to stand for an America strong enough to attain that goal. To this end, I shall always dedicate myself and my service for you here in Washington.

Jim Eastland



The newsletter is NEW!

Add the names of friends, relatives and neighbors to the mailing list of the next Eastland Report...

Name _____ Address _____

City _____ State _____ ZIP _____

Return to: Senator James O. Eastland, Room 2241
New Senate Office Bldg., Washington DC 20510

Mississippi grants will top \$2 billion

New projects are approved for state

Federal funds coming to Mississippi this year are expected to exceed \$2 billion. A new group of federal fund announcements made in the past few weeks include:

Environmental Protection Agency: Woodville, \$97,350; Tunica, \$32,400; Brookhaven, \$32,400; Brookhaven (2nd grant), \$37,950; Brooksville, \$38,760; Jackson, \$6.3 million; Columbus, \$1.1 million; Vicksburg, \$2.2 million; Yazoo City, \$376,750; Natchez, \$613,000; Gulfport, \$550,880; Greenwood, \$903,000; Jackson (2nd grant) \$1.3 million; Tchula, \$24,200; Plantersville, \$18,000; Derma, \$14,600; Kil-michael, \$27,600; Bay St. Louis, \$45,320; Rosedale, \$26,800.

Appalachian Regional Commission: Golden Triangle Regional Airport, \$29,600; Lowndes County Vocational Center, \$388,400; Regional Rehabilitation Center, Tupelo, \$39,000.

Office of Education: State Program for Disadvantaged, \$141,626; Greenwood, \$50,000; Mississippi State, \$23,840; MSCW, \$7,663; Mississippi Valley, \$11,941; Northeast Mississippi Junior College, \$3,727; University of Mississippi, \$16,460; University of Mississippi (2nd grant), \$12,325; Southwest Mississippi Junior College, \$10,319; Mississippi Delta Junior College, \$119,300; University School of Medicine, \$297,602.

Department of Transportation: Hattiesburg, \$16,666; Adams County, \$58,517; State Highway Traffic Safety Program, \$102,400.

In addition, the **Farmers Home Administration** has approved loans for the following **Water Associations**: Clear Creek (Bolivar County), Long Creek (Panola), Central Yazoo, North Hinds, Pattison (Claiborne); East Brandon (Rankin), Taylorsville (Rankin), Russell-Marion (Lauderdale), Tallahala (Jasper), Duffee (Newton), Strong Hill (Clay), Reed Road (Ok-tibbeha), New Zion (Stone), Livingston (Madison), Rawls Springs (Forrest); Southeast Chickasaw, Old River (Wilkinson), Wilk-Amit, Community (Tallahatchie), Union (Lee), White Oak (Smith), Lorena-Lemon-Burns, (Smith), Casey Jones (Yazoo), New Ireland (Newton), West Jasper, Moor-ville-Richmond (Lee), Bayou Pierre (Copiah), Double Ponds (Jeff Davis), College Street (Noxubee), Bear Creek (Madison), Sardis Dam (Panola), Pleasant Hill (DeSoto), Lagrange (Choctaw), Central (Lafayette).

A Mississippi State Flag -- carried in Southeast Asia combat -- is presented to Senator Eastland by William Grady Butler of Oakland, Miss. who served as an Army Lieutenant in the war zone.



America owes our lawmen 'deep gratitude'

Senator Eastland has expanded his leadership in the forefront of the nation's battle against lawlessness. He has come to the defense of FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover, introduced legislation to make it a federal crime to attack a policeman, and addressed two statewide lawmen's groups in Mississippi.

Declaring that the policeman "stands between the decent, honest citizen and the avowed revolutionary," Eastland spoke out strongly on the matter of law and order.

"AMERICA," said the Senator, "is a greater country today because of J. Edgar Hoover and the agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation." He said critics of law enforcement are "seriously undermining the nation's confidence in law enforcement."

Hoover, a longtime friend of Eastland's, wrote a letter of congratulations following the Senator's speech on the Senate Floor.

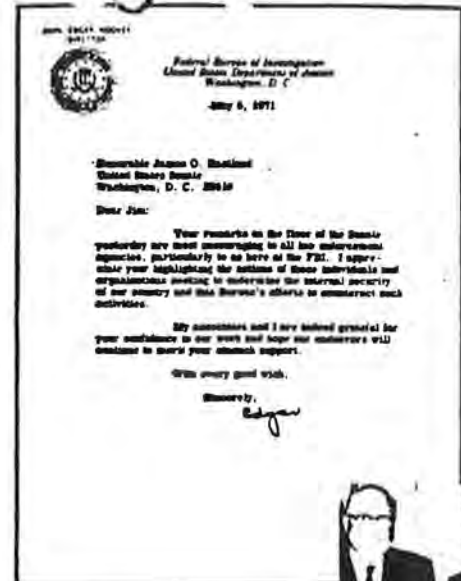
EASTLAND'S bill is the toughest of several pending in Congress aimed at halting the wave of assaults on policemen. It would employ the full force of the federal government against lawless elements which took the lives of over 100 policemen last year.

The Senator said Congress must act to halt the "epidemic of attacks" on policemen and called for "stringent measures to protect our society, our government and our citizens." His bill would prohibit interstate travel with the intent to "assault, injure or kill a policeman or fireman." In addition, it provides stiff prison sentences and fines for violators.

In the Mississippi speeches, Senator Eastland addressed the Sheriffs' Association and the State Crime Control Conference -- calling for a "coordinated attack on crime" and praising the dedication of the state's police officers.

 **Eastland Report**
to the people of Mississippi 

James O. Eastland
U.S.S.



May 6, 1971

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Jim:

Your remarks on the floor of the Senate yesterday are most encouraging to all law enforcement agencies, particularly to us here at the FBI. I appreciate your highlighting the actions of those individuals and organizations seeking to undermine the internal security of our country and this Bureau's efforts to counteract such activities.

My associates and I are indeed grateful for your confidence in our work and hope our endeavors will continue to merit your staunch support.

MAILED 10

MAY - 6 1971

FBI

With every good wish,

Sincerely,
Edgar

EX-115
REC-41

- 1 - Jackson
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones - Enclosure (detached)

NOTE: Senator Eastland (D-Mississippi) is on the Special Correspondents List and is known to the Director on a first-name basis.

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ENCLOSURE

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PERS. REC. UNIT

May 5, 1971

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD - DATE

S 6209

(District of Columbia Court
January Term, 1971, No. 5827)

JERRY V. WILSON, ET AL., APPELLANTS, V.
JOHN DOE, ET AL., APPELLEES
(SP 50-71)

Before: Pickling, Kern and Reilly, Associate
Judges.

ORDER

This cause came on for consideration on
appellants' motion for stay pending appeal
and the court heard argument of counsel.
Upon consideration thereof, it is

Ordered pending review by this Court with
respect to the issue of the authority of the
trial court to entertain the above entitled ac-
tion the order of said Court may remain in
effect until final disposition of this appeal
except in the following respects: (1) Para-
graph 2 of said order is amended to read as
follows:

"Any person arrested on May 3, 1971, who
is still in detention and with respect to whom
no field arrest form or the equivalent or con-
temporaneous photograph exists shall be re-
leased without collateral, bond, or citation
immediately upon his submitting to the Dis-
trict of Columbia Law enforcement authori-
ties his name, and such additional informa-
tion as is required by the Metropolitan Police
Department collateral receipt form and
fingerprint and photograph. Any person re-
fusing to supply the foregoing information
shall be presented to the Superior Court
for arraignment between 12 noon and 5 p.m.
on May 5, 1971."

(2) Paragraph 3 of said order is deleted.
By the Court:

AUSTIN L. PICKLING,
Associate Judge.

May 5, 1971.

[From the Washington Post, May 5, 1971].
BUSTED ON A "DISORDERLY" RAP
(By Henry Allen)

"Once we've arrested you we can't unarrest
you," the policeman explained.

Twenty-one hours later, as dawn streamed
down on the grimy, blanketed masses huddled
on the concrete floor of the Washington
Coliseum, John Conroy, a civil rights lawyer
from the Justice Department, informed me
my crime was something called "disorderly."

During those 21 hours, the processing of
my part of the 7,000 prisoners matched the
charge. We were held with no legal amenities,
few physical ones, plenty of promises and
even more rumors.

I knew only one thing for sure. The charge
wasn't jaywalking. I was being careful about
that on Monday morning. Even though the
police bullhorn was warning us to clear the
area, and the prospect of tear gas grew larger
and helmeted police were marching down on
us we waited on the corner for the WALK
sign to flash because police were standing in
front of us too. Waiting.

They waited until we got to the other side
of the street and then they busted us, me
and two friends I'd just eaten breakfast with
in a restaurant near Washington Circle.

We explained that the gas, the other police
and their bullhorn had left only this street as
an exit. We said we were only following police
orders to leave the area. But as they
shoved us against the paddy wagon and
kicked our feet out into regulation frik posture,
they explained they couldn't unarrest
us.

An arrest usually entails taking the sus-
pect's name and noting the offense, date,
time and place. We didn't get the benefit of
these legal niceties. One officer told Sally,
one of my friends, to take off her coat, and
then ran his night stick along her buttocks.

When the paddy wagon unloaded me, Sally
and Mike—a former fellow corporal in the
Marines in Vietnam—we were hustled into a
Hertz Rent-A-Truck and we realized that if

the police department had to rent its paddy
wagons—a lot of people were being busted.

Inside, the Rent-A-Paddy the prisoners
swapped bust stories until they realized
there was only one story and everybody told
it the same way: They were just walking
down the street and the cops arrested them.

On the way to the D.C. Jail, those who
weren't arguing politics with exasperating
restraint with the cops in front of the wire
screen moved automatically into Phase I of
immediate action of Street People in Dis-
tress: They shared.

They shared food and cigarettes and water
and legal advice and ballpoint pens and every-
thing else they had that anyone needed. They
saw another truckload of prisoners and
cheered.

And when the cops hustled them through
the steel door of the exercise yard at D.C.
Jail, they heard a thousand other prisoners
of demonstration cheer, and sensed from the
roar and the field of raised fists that no mat-
ter what any government official might say
on the 6 o'clock news, some kind of victory
was being won.

There was no legal aid.

There were no telephone calls. (Prison of-
ficials said the phone was "out of order.")

The only medical aid, until Monday night,
was supplied by demonstration medics.

Until the middle of the afternoon, male
prisoners had three holes in an exposed stone
bench at the head of the exercise yard to
urinate in. Prisoners inside the jail tossed
down blankets so the prisoners outside could
jerry-rig an enclosure where women urinated
on the grass. Later, a crane lowered portable
toilets into the yard.

"It's like Vietnam," Mike said. "It's like
when we used to go out and sweep the VCS
(Viet Cong suspects)."

"How did you know who was a VCS?" some-
body asked.

"They were the ones with the slanted eyes,"
Mike said.

There was something else in the jail yard
I'd never thought I'd see after I left Vietnam
until I saw it a week and a half ago at the
veterans' encampment on the Mall. Then,
I thought I'd never see it among students and
kids and non-veterans. But in the jail yard
I saw the tough, almost amused cynicism of
people who are no longer surprised that other
Americans will sweep them off the streets on
charges so ridiculous that no one even both-
ered to laugh at them.

"It's President Nixon's new program," said
David Bernstein, 22, a cab driver from Bos-
ton. "It's called Americanism."

While prisoners stared from the jail
at the bizarre phenomenon of people who
almost seemed to relish their plight, the
crowd debated the issues.

Would accepting food from "the pigs" con-
cept them? Some people thought so. They
fasted.

Should they accept tents? One side argued
that they didn't want to give the government
the opportunity to say it gave them adequate
shelter.

Should they refuse to be processed?
Should they refuse to leave D.C. Jail and
stage a non-violent confrontation? A violent
confrontation?

The politicians argued. The people listened.
Or played volleyball and basketball with the
two balls the guards gave us. We rapped with
the guards. They said they dug us.

Some people took the tents, some didn't.
Some processed, some didn't. Some stayed,
some left.

Everybody wanted blankets but the sup-
ply didn't immediately match the guards'
promises. Night was coming on cold. A few
people panicked and fought over the blankets
as they came in the door.

So when chow—beans and hot dogs—ar-
rived and we saw we only had enough at
once to feed a single line of 1,588 people, the

prans were asked to control the crowd.
wasn't hard.

Some people didn't understand they
couldn't have seconds, or go to the head of
the chow line for coffee.

A certain revelation lit some faces when
they were told: "You're in jail."

We huddled around fires built from wood
pallets the guards brought in. The people
lay down in groups together under their
blankets in the cold.

Around 3 a.m. we were told we could
move to the Coliseum to be processed. Some
went. Some stayed.

At the Coliseum some of the detainees
talked with National Guardsmen and active-
duty troops who said they were on their side.
Mayday leaders told us bustees we could wait
until 6 p.m. (last night) when all charges
would probably be dropped.

I elected to be processed—fingerprinted,
mug shot, name, address, date and place of
birth.

At 6 a.m., I was informed of my rights
by Conroy, the Justice Department lawyer.
Conroy told me how much information I had
to give.

I would have liked to talk a little more
with Conroy. I hadn't seen him since we
were classmates at Hamilton College nine
years ago. But at our stage of gray-faced
exhaustion there were more important things
to do than swap alumni notes. I said I'd
been fine and he said he'd been fine.

I let the similarly exhausted bureaucrats
grind me through their legal mill.

At 7:59 a.m. the Coliseum was roaring with
antiwar chants and rhythmic clapping and
I was up in the lobby paying \$10 for the
privilege of walking outside onto a street in
Washington and waiting to be tried on June
24.

Mr. TAFT, Mr. President, the Federal
Government could not tolerate the
shocking acts of vandalism which oc-
curred in Washington this morning in
the name of "peace."

All of us support the right to petition
the Government peacefully. The freedom
to assemble is in the great American tra-
dition.

But to drop rocks and other debris on
passing motorists, to attempt to block
streets and bridges, to block entrances
to buildings, and to hurl abusive insults
at the public in general and Govern-
ment officials in particular cannot be
tolerated.

All of us are working
may agree with the
the to disagree st
pol they interfere with other
persons.

The District law enforcement officers
and others have shown remarkable re-
straint under very trying circumstances.
They are to be praised for the way they
handled this week's demonstrations.

Mr. EASTLAND, Mr. President, all
Americans are deeply concerned about
the growing wave of attacks on law en-
forcement officers. In recent weeks, this
offensive has reached unprecedented
proportions.

The police officers of this Nation have
been subjected to physical assaults which
last year left 100 brave men dead in the
line of duty. Thus far, in 1971, these
attacks on lawmen continue at a level
which threatens to surpass last year's
deadly total. I have introduced legisla-
tion—both in the 91st Congress, and I
plan to do so again this year—to offer

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the protection of the Federal Government in these incidents. It is my hope that this proposal will become law.

I am just as concerned—and perhaps even more so—about the rising tenor of verbal attacks which are now centered on law enforcement. It is my judgment that this bold abuse—directed at lawmen in general, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation in particular—can and will be more harmful in the long run to law enforcement and to the Nation.

Whatever the motives of these who would heap abuse on our dedicated professionals in law enforcement, the result is the same. These attacks are seriously undermining America's confidence in law enforcement and in the Nation.

It is my contention that every American owes a deep debt of gratitude to the law enforcement officer. This brave and dedicated professional has historically formed a buffer between those who abide by the law and those who would break the law. Now, the policeman is called to an even higher task—to stand between the citizen and the revolutionist, forming the last line of defense before a force which is determined to replace government with anarchy. The law enforcement personnel of this Nation stand today as a cornerstone of government.

Yet, these men are victims of the worst abuse ever applied to any segment of our society. In the last several years, a series of events have combined to make the task of law enforcement more difficult than it has ever been.

Initially, there began a breakdown in the morality of our society—a sense of permissiveness which permeated the land. Individuals and groups sought to assert the right to select the laws they would obey. Confrontations with law enforcement agencies were deliberately created, and too often the enforcement officer was cast in the light of the villain even though he was doing nothing more than carrying out his duty.

At the same time the Supreme Court greatly expanded its jurisdiction and authority. Decision after decision was handed down, piling one restriction after another on the law enforcement officer. For a time it seemed whenever a case went to trial the police were the defendants and the criminals the accusers. Individual rights were given such prominence that it seemed society had no right whatever to protect itself. The search for truth often was forgotten as the courts appeared intent only in searching for error.

Meanwhile, law enforcement faced new and even more demanding challenges. As crime grew by leaps and bounds, law enforcement found itself confronted with revolutionary activity. Riots swept the land. Demonstrations erupted into violence.

All the while, there was an undercurrent growing among many of our people. To them it was fashionable to be against the establishment—and what greater symbol of the establishment than law enforcement. A mere assertion of wrong on the part of the law officer became fact in the minds of many—no matter the total lack of evidence.

Mr. President, these are troubled times for America. We are faced with a situation unprecedented in 200 years of history.

Consider, if you will, the FBI's list of "10 most wanted fugitives." This gage of criminal activity has carried the names of the infamous of the underworld. In all its years, this lineup of criminals included murderers, kidnapers, bank robbers, and the like.

Today, however, the list of "10 most wanted" has been expanded to include 15 names—and nine of them are revolutionaries. More than half of the criminals which law enforcement officials would like most to apprehend are people wanted for sabotage, mob and riot action, theft of government property, conspiracy, and violent acts—not against the person, but against the Nation.

Let us take a look at some of those listed:

Cameron David Bishop—wanted for dynamiting the transmission towers in Colorado which supplied power to defense plants.

H. Rap Brown—inciting to riot and arson.

Karleton Lewis Armstrong, Dwight Alan Armstrong, Leo Frederick Burt, and David Sylvan Fine—bombing a University of Wisconsin building in which a research worker was killed.

Susan Edith Saxe and Katherine Ann Power—thief of Government property and the murder of a Boston police officer following a bank robbery.

Bernardine Rae Dohrn—mob action, and violation of Federal antiriot laws and conspiracy.

Mr. President, these are but a few of the many persons of similar background and offenses who are wanted by the FBI. They are not the "elite" of a group of revolutionaries who have openly advocated the use of explosives, have been known to acquire firearms and incendiary devices—and have said that the Government of this Nation must be overthrown.

Let us look at the statements made by these people.

The correct choice will never be made by so-called representatives or bureaucrats, but only by the people fighting in the streets.

A statement by New Years Gang on March 3, 1971, a group claiming responsibility for bombing an Army ammunition plant.

The Panther 21 letter in the Berkeley Barb, March 5-11, 1971.

Do you recall the old "Ask what you can do for your country? Destroy it—mentally, morally, psychologically, and physically—destroy it. And whatever you do—do it good."

These are the statements of avowed revolutionaries—people who have made it their sole aim in life to destroy the system of government in America today.

Mr. President, I submit further that these people are ready to lay up their words with action—and they have done so with terrifying results.

Consider the activities attributed to the Weathermen, a former faction of the Students for Democratic Society who have vowed to make the 1960's "look like a Sunday school picnic" when compared

to the 1970's. On March 6, 1970, a series of dynamite explosions destroyed a Greenwich Village townhouse, killing three Weathermen. On June 9, a bomb exploded at the New York City police headquarters. On October 5, the Weathermen underground took credit for bombing a police statue in Chicago.

Look at the actions of the Black Panther Party, whose leader Huey P. Newton stated:

Our goal is to crush American capitalism and American imperialism.

By their own admission, acts of the Black Panthers resulted in the death of six police officers and wounding of 22 others in 1970 alone. Its leaders have openly traveled in Communist countries and made statements in radio broadcasts from these countries.

This action is not limited to open revolutionary groups. These disruptions have spread to college campuses, where last year alone there had been 180 demonstrations, 12 arson incidents, nine bombings, and 23 attacks on ROTC buildings. All of this amounted to \$3.3 million in damage.

Revolutionary activities have erupted in every sector of this country and now have exploded in the very heart of the Nation, that symbol and shrine of freedom, the Capitol itself. The bomb which seriously damaged this building was no mere prank nor harassing tactic—it was, by any description, an act of open and violent revolution.

Only through the diligence of the FBI are we today on the brink of apprehending those responsible for this act.

Mr. President, the Federal Bureau of Investigation is charged with the responsibility under the law of investigating the activities of those who would advocate the overthrow of our Government. Espionage, sabotage, and inciting to riot—these are the activities of revolutionaries—and these are the activities that the FBI is charged to investigate.

The intent of the Congress is clear and unmistakable. The FBI has not only the jurisdiction and the authority—but the explicit responsibility—to keep these activities under close and constant surveillance.

It is my opinion that the FBI would be in serious neglect of its duty and responsibility under the law and to the American public if they did not investigate the activities and actions of these revolutionary groups.

There are cries that Congress should investigate the FBI for its actions. It is my opinion that it would be imperative for Congress to investigate the FBI if it were not performing these duties.

I would find it amusing—if it were not so deadly serious—that those who view with such horror the FBI's efforts to infiltrate the violent revolutionary groups are the same critics who applauded the FBI for its infiltration and virtual destruction of the Ku Klux Klan. I see little difference between KKK violence and SDS violence—with the possible exception that the radical activities of recent months have proven more destructive.

Much has been said of recent about electronic surveillance or "bugging" by

the FBI. It is my opinion that these are wild charges—largely unsupported—made in an effort to make newspaper headlines and gain time on the national television networks.

However, I maintain that the FBI should have the same authority to fully investigate criminal activity—whether it occurs in the Halls of Congress or on Main Street, U.S.A. A Member of Congress, when he is suspected of breaking the law, should have no more immunity than the average citizen. It is imperative that the FBI be just as diligent in investigating wrongdoing by people in high places as they are in surveillance of Federal crimes in any area of our national life.

Yes, Mr. President: these are troubled times. America is under attack from every quarter. Our Nation finds itself besieged by a force unknown in our history.

In the front ranks of these battles against anarchy stands the police officer. He is the defender of our Nation and of freedom itself.

It is indeed a tribute to law enforcement that these professionals have withstood the attacks—both physical and verbal—and met the challenge. During this period of growing abuse of police, the law enforcement officers have become more dedicated in their duty, more scientific in their approach, and more efficient in combating crime.

It is my opinion that this growing professionalism and dedication is a direct result of the influence and leadership of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and its Director, J. Edgar Hoover. No agency—no American—has been more responsible for upgrading the profession and maintaining its high level of efficiency.

This man and the agents of his Bureau have been in the forefront in America's battle against crime. Their bravery and professionalism is an important chapter in our Nation's history.

The FBI has not only advanced its own war against crime—but this agency has made its facilities, its knowledge, and its leadership available to law enforcement on every level in an effort to aid the Nation's battle against lawlessness.

Nearly 300,000 local police officers benefit annually from FBI professional training schools. Non-Federal officers who proudly carry the title "FBI Academy graduate" as they advance their careers in law enforcement number nearly 6,000. At the same time, law enforcement agencies over the entire Nation have at their disposal the facilities of the world's most modern crime laboratory, maintained by the FBI here in Washington.

Without a doubt, Mr. President, America is a greater country today because of the efforts of J. Edgar Hoover and the agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Millions of Americans share this view. Our country owes a special debt of gratitude to the dedicated professional lawman who forms the bulwark of our defense against lawlessness.

It is in the best interest of this Nation that we turn aside from the pettiness of

the hour. We must raise our eyes to the horizons of tomorrow, look with assurance toward a future without violence and anarchy—a day when we are once again free of fear, when we have thrown off the shackles of terror—a day when the lawless, the revolutionary, and those who would rob us of this great and precious freedom for which so many have paid so great a price, are gone and forgotten.

A new generation of Americans is entitled to this legacy of freedom.

I maintain that the FBI—indeed, all law enforcement officers—are dedicated to this end. Every American should pledge himself anew to this highest of all goals—a greater, stronger America.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages in writing from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mr. Geisler, one of his secretaries.

PROPOSED LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION ACT—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT (H. DOC. NO. 92-104)

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore (Mr. GRAVEL) laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

To the Congress of the United States:

In the long, uphill struggle to secure equal rights in America, the Federal program of legal services for the poor is a relative newcomer to the cause. Yet it has already become a workhorse in this effort, pulling briskly and tirelessly at the task as the Nation moves ahead.

The legal services program began six years ago as a small experiment within the Office of Economic Opportunity. It grew swiftly, so rapidly that today more than 2000 lawyers work for the poor in some 900 neighborhood law offices. No less than a million cases a year are now processed by these dedicated attorneys, with each case giving those in need new reason to believe that they too are part of "the system."

A large measure of credit is due the organized bar. Acting in accordance with the highest standards of its profession, it has given admirable and consistent support to the legal services concept. The concept has also had the support of both political parties.

The crux of the program, however, remains in the neighborhood law office. Here each day the old, the unemployed, the underprivileged, and the largely forgotten people of our Nation may seek help. Perhaps it is an eviction, a marital conflict, repossession of a car, or misunderstanding over a welfare check—each problem may have a legal solution. These are small claims in the Nation's eye, but they loom large in the hearts and lives of poor Americans.

A NEW DIRECTION

The Nation has learned many lessons in these six short years. This program has not been without travail. Much of the litigation initiated by legal services has

placed it in direct conflict with local and State governments. The program is concerned with social issues and is thus subject to unusually strong political pressures.

Even though surrounded by controversy, this program can provide a most effective mechanism for settling differences and securing justice within the system and not on the streets. For many of our citizens, legal services has reaffirmed faith in our government of laws. However, if we are to preserve the strength of the program, we must make it immune to political pressures and make it a permanent part of our system of justice.

For 2 years, this administration has studied means of delivering improved, high quality legal services to those in need, as well as the question of what the proper role and structure of the legal services program should be. In 1969, we upgraded the status of legal services, recognizing it as a separate program within the Office of Economic Opportunity. Because of its importance, I also specifically asked the President's Advisory Council on Executive Organization (the Ash Council) to examine the question, and last November the Council recommended that the Government create a special corporation for the program. The role of legal services lawyers was also considered by the recent White House Conference on Youth, and a task force there expressed strong concern that the independence of these attorneys be maintained.

Today, after carefully considering the alternatives, I propose the creation of a separate, nonprofit Legal Services Corporation. The legislation being sent to the Congress to accomplish this has three major objectives: First, that the corporation itself be structured and financed so that it will be assured of independence; second, that the lawyers in the program have full freedom to protect the best interests of their clients in keeping with the Canons of Ethics and the high standards of the legal profession; and third, that the Nation be encouraged to continue giving the program the support it needs in order to become a permanent and vital part of the American system of justice.

INDEPENDENCE FOR THE CORPORATION

True independence for a corporation created by the Government demands a governing body drawn from a wide spectrum and safeguarded against partisan interference after its appointment. I believe that we can best meet these requirements by appointing the board of directors for the Legal Services Corporation on the following bases:

- The members of the board should be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- The board should consist of eleven members, no more than six of whom may be of the same political party.
- A majority should be members of the bar of the highest court of a jurisdiction, and none should be a full-time employee of the United States.
- Members should be appointed for

RA
November 24, 1971

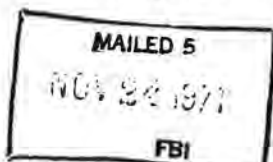
Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Jim:

I have read your remarks in the Congressional Record of November 23rd regarding the recent resolution of the Southern Regional Conference of Attorneys General and wish to express my appreciation for your generous comments and for having their resolution printed. This was typically thoughtful and most kind of you.

Sincerely,

Edgar



1 - Memphis

1 - Mr. M. A. Jones (detached)

NOTE: Senator Eastland on Special Correspondents List. Appropriate letters were sent to Attorneys General responsible for this resolution.

Tolson _____
Felt _____
Rosen _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Miller, E.S. _____
Callahan _____
Casper _____
Conrad _____
Dalbey _____
Cleveland _____
Ponder _____
Bates _____
Tavel _____
Walters _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

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JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE
November 23, 1971
To the Joint Economic Committee of the Senate

We the undersigned faculty members of Michigan State University are concerned over the reorganization of the Bureau of Labor Statistics as announced in the Department's press release of September 28, 1971. It appears that two professional economists, Mr. Harold Goldstein and Mr. Peter Henle, have for political reasons been demoted or displaced from duties they had been carrying out satisfactorily.

Although new appointments may be based on professional competence, as the release states, the fact that career civil service appointees can lose their posts in this way is bound to put pressure on every government statistician to avoid the presentation of unpleasant facts that might incur the displeasure of their political superiors.

The release also states that the Bureau's statistical procedures and standards will not be affected. We take this assurance at face value, but the release says nothing about analysis and explanation of the data, and interpretations made to the press and the public by those who have a special bias may be misleading. We therefore feel that official releases accompanying the data should be prepared only by responsible technical experts.

We believe that summary reorganizations and other actions of this kind tend to undermine the integrity of federal statistics. Trust and confidence in data that are essential for analysis of the nation's position have been built up over several decades but could be dissipated in short order.

We therefore urge an investigation of the changes already made and any others that are contemplated. The American public needs some assurance of fair play from sources outside the administrative channels themselves.

John P. Henderson, Economics; Walter Adams, Economics; Lawrence Officer, Economics; Subrah Kannaiah, Economics; Byron W. Brown, Economics; Maurice Weinrobe, Economics; Mitchell Stengel, Economics; C. Pierre Larowe, Economics; Harry G. Brannard, Economics; Harold Reinholds, Economics; Milton C. Taylor, Economics.

Mr. PROXMIER. Mr. President, I invite special attention to the second paragraph, referring to the displacement or demotion of two fine economists:

Although new appointments may be based on professional competence, as the release states, the fact that career civil service appointees can lose their posts in this way is bound to put pressure on every government statistician to avoid the presentation of unpleasant facts that might incur the displeasure of their political superiors.

This fact is frequently overlooked by those attempting to justify the actions.

HONOR TO J. EDGAR HOOVER AND THE FBI

Mr. EASTLAND. Mr. President, the 25th annual meeting of the Southern Regional Conference of Attorneys General met recently in my State. In session at Biloxi, Miss., this distinguished group of legal leaders adopted a series of resolutions expressing their viewpoint on a variety of subjects.

Among these resolutions was one expressing the appreciation of the Southern Regional Conference of Attorneys General to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and its Director, the Honorable J. Edgar Hoover.

Mr. President, I agree—as do millions of Americans—with the letter and the spirit of this resolution, honoring a great American and the outstanding organization which he heads. The resolution is as follows:

Whereas, the Federal Bureau of Investigation has earned, through years of dedicated service, high esteem as one of the most reputable and competent law enforcement agencies in the world; and

Whereas, the Director of the FBI, J. Edgar Hoover, in a lifetime of service to our country, deserves a place of honor as one of America's outstanding patriots and leaders; and

Whereas, each of our states has benefited from FBI expertise, not only in carrying out its investigative responsibilities but also in its police training programs, laboratory and fingerprint work and through other services the FBI offers to state and local prosecutors and local law enforcement agencies:

Now, therefore, be it resolved, that the Southern Regional Conference of Attorneys General expresses its appreciation to J. Edgar Hoover and the FBI.

DISCOURTESY TO PRESIDENT NIXON

Mr. GOLDWATER. Mr. President, when AFL-CIO president, George Meany, adopted his rude and hostile attitude toward the President of the United States, he chose to do it in comfortable surroundings of his own making. In other words, while he was mouthing disrespectful wisecracks and making sure that the Chief Executive was not accorded the courtesy due the highest office in the land, he was surrounded by his longtime buddies and henchmen in the labor movement. What he seems to have forgotten was that the entire Nation looks on when a President performs, regardless of attempts to freeze out important parts of the communications media.

I suspect that Mr. Meany is now beginning to understand this condition. From all over the Nation critical editorial comment is rolling in, and it has had the effect of making President Nixon a hero. Typical of the editorial comments was that published in the Nashville, Tenn., Banner of November 20. It is entitled "The Right Speech at the Right Place at the Right Time." Because it is a particularly incisive and accurate appraisal of Mr. Nixon's address to the AFL-CIO convention, I ask unanimous consent that it be printed in the Record.

There being no objection, the editorial was ordered to be printed in the Record, as follows:

THE RIGHT SPEECH AT THE RIGHT PLACE AND TIME

In the address delivered yesterday before the AFL-CIO convention—a revision of his prepared text—President Nixon made the right speech, at the right place and at the right time. With no intention of offending his audience, but with the candor a mutual understanding demands, he told that Miami Beach assembly that he was going to make his economic program work, with or without organized labor's support.

It was not a prejudicial utterance, notwithstanding the fact that AFL-CIO President George Meany has adopted a hostile position to much of the freeze policy as it applies to wages. In Phase II, Mr. Nixon assuredly does not want to alienate any element in the nation's economy; he is bent,

on orienting all these components in mutual interest of all, for economic recovery, stability, and prosperity.

At the same time, he recognizes that the urgency of success in that objective necessitates action for its accomplishment, regardless of any segment that either refuses to lend support or attempts to block it. In still other words, the President is not playing a partisan game; but, in the responsibility that is his, is seeking to mobilize the maximum of economic strength for the job that is to be done.

He could have reminded his audience that some of the very ones opposing his program, including some in positions of labor leadership, are those who most strenuously advocated wage and price controls before they were clamped on.

In acknowledging areas of disagreement on details, the President paid a warranted tribute to the judgment and national devotion of organized labor's rank-and-file.

"What there can be no disagreement on," he said, "is the need to provide more jobs for more Americans; the need to provide a dollar that doesn't decrease in value every time you get a pay raise; the need to increase production; the need to increase trade with other nations and stop subsidizing foreign industry with American jobs, and the need generally to establish a sound and stable economic base which will give us prosperity in time of peace."

The President obviously does not confuse the attitude of Meany & Co. with that of the total constituency. For he knows that, contrary to the stance of those labor leaders who preceded him on that rostrum to berate the administration and impugn its motives and objectives, a substantial segment of organized labor has supported his economic program. For example, the Gallup Poll disclosed on Aug. 28 that the Nixon program was supported by 65 per cent of labor union families interviewed indicating a wide divergence between the view of union leadership and that of rank-and-file members.

It logically is assumed that President Meany is aware of that, also, and it is a factor in his decision to continue as a member of the Pay Board, notwithstanding his stated disagreement.

President Nixon launched his program in the national interest, and obviously intends for it to succeed. He frankly declared that he knew that when the chips were down, and the objectives of such vital consequence nationally, he could count on labor's support for his policies.

Stating it as frankly as he did, and with it serving notice it was the proper message indeed, on the proper occasion. More than those at Miami Beach were listening.

THE SITUATION IN PAKISTAN

Mr. PERCY. Mr. President, the tragedy of the South Asian situation deepens, and with the passing weeks we continue to learn of the brutality, homelessness, and starvation suffered by the East Bengalis.

Mrs. Mildred Robbins visited East and West Pakistan from September 30 to October 11 of this year as an observer for the International Peace Academy. In this capacity she visited Karachi, Lahore, and Islamabad in West Pakistan and Dacca and Chittagong in East Pakistan, meeting with Pakistani Government officials, civil servants, private individuals, Pakistani and foreign voluntary nongovernmental agencies, foreign government representatives, U.S. personnel and members of the national and international press. She notes that, even

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January 3, 1972

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

My dear Senator:

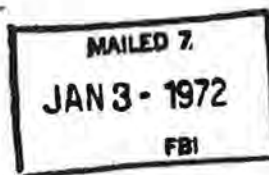
Enclosed is a copy of "Nation's Business"
for January, 1972, which contains the results of an
interview I had recently with representatives of this
magazine. I thought perhaps my remarks on this occa-
sion would be of interest to you.

Sincerely yours,
Edgar

Enclosure

1 - Mr. M. A. Jones (detached)
NOTE: Senator Eastland is on the Special Correspondents
List.

HRH:jam (3)



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MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

January 24, 1972

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Jim:

Your kind comments and typical thoughtfulness in having printed in the January 21st Congressional Record the article from the current issue of "Nation's Business" are indeed appreciated. Your continuing staunch support of the FBI means a great deal to my associates and me and we are grateful to you.

Sincerely,
Edgar

① - Jackson

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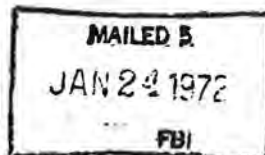
Review

1 - Administrative Unit - Enclosure (de. 100-768)

NOTE: Senator Eastland is on the Special Correspondents List and known to the Director on a first-name basis.
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8 JAN 27 1972

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Miller, E.S. _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Dalbey _____
Mr. Cleveland _____
Mr. Ponder _____
Mr. Bates _____
Mr. W. _____
Mr. Walters _____
Mr. Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____



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which is more than \$55 million more than previously.

The President devotes one paragraph to nursing homes. He promises only that he will continue the "crackdown on substandard nursing homes" began in 1971 and that "our followthrough will give special attention to providing alternative arrangements for those who are victimized by such facilities."

It seems to me that the problem of long-term care in this Nation will not be resolved by more inspections and shutdowns of marginal institutions. What we need is a genuine national policy on long-term care, more appropriate use of alternative facilities, and greater emphasis upon rehabilitation for those now in nursing homes. On December 2, Senator FRANK MOSS—chairman of the Subcommittee on Long-Term Care for the Senate Special Committee on Aging—introduced a legislative package which would take this Nation a long way toward the goals I just described. I commend the Senator's proposals to the President and his staff.

Mr. Nixon also mentioned earlier suggestions he has made about pension reform and the property tax, but does not provide essential details.

In short, Mr. President, the President's state of the Union message gives no real assurance that he really has paid careful attention to the recommendations made by the thousands of delegates who attended the White House Conference on Aging late in 1971.

We can only hope that future messages will fill in gaps and answer questions.

And we on the Committee on Aging will make certain that such questions are asked.

J. EDGAR HOOVER INTERVIEWED

Mr. EASTLAND, Mr. President, the nationally circulated magazine *Nation's Business*, in its January 1972, edition contains an excellent and worthwhile article entitled "J. Edgar Hoover Speaks Out." The article, subtitled "An exclusive interview with the senior statesman of law enforcement," traces Mr. Hoover's career as Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Emphasizing his record of service to law enforcement, the story gives an insight into Mr. Hoover's deep dedication to America and its well-being as a nation. At the same time, the article, in question-and-answer style, gives Mr. Hoover the opportunity to discuss many of the vital issues facing our citizens today.

It has always been my belief that Mr. Hoover ranks with the greatest of Americans. He is a man of great personal integrity, and his dedication to principle is well known. The creed by which J. Edgar Hoover lives could well be a guide for every American who seeks to better serve his country and his fellowman.

I believe the article will make excellent reading for every citizen; therefore I ask unanimous consent that it be printed in the Record.

There being no objection, the article was ordered to be printed in the Record, as follows:

AN EXCLUSIVE INTERVIEW WITH THE SENIOR STATESMAN OF LAW ENFORCEMENT, J. EDGAR HOOVER

J. Edgar Hoover speaks out about: Presidents he has known. Attorneys General he has known. Crooks he has known. Organized crime in business. The FBI—past, present and future. Demands that he retire.

Almost 48 years ago, a hardworking young Justice Department lawyer was called into the office of then Attorney General Harlan Fiske Stone and told: "I want you to take over as acting director of the Bureau of Investigation."

J. Edgar Hoover reflected for a moment. A Justice Department employee since 1917, he had been assistant director of the Bureau for three years, agonizing all the time as it became increasingly a product of the political spoils system.

"I'll take the job, Mr. Stone," he replied, "on certain conditions":

The Bureau must be divorced from politics. Appointments and promotions must be based on merit, and the Bureau must be responsible to the Attorney General only.

"I wouldn't give it to you under any other conditions," the Attorney General said. "That's all. Good day."

In the years since then, John Edgar Hoover has seldom been out of the public eye as he has molded the Federal Bureau of Investigation into a model law enforcement agency and kept it that way. (The word "federal" was added to the Bureau's title in 1935. The word "acting" was dropped from Mr. Hoover's own title a few months after his appointment.)

"FBI" became an abbreviation that commanded the respect and cooperation of citizens.

"G-Man" became a nickname feared by criminals and subversives.

Mr. Hoover set a rigid standard of personal behavior for himself and for the people of the FBI. To attain a goal of excellence, he believes there is one essential: integrity of self and deed. With absolutely no compromise.

A lifelong bachelor whose work is his first love, he does find time for other interests, too. In the evenings at his two-story house in a pleasant Northwest Washington neighborhood (a housekeeper overseas the establishment), he relaxes in front of the television set and in the company of his two Cairn Terriers. ("Naturally, they're spoiled. They boss me around.")

He loves gardening and is proud of his roses. And now that he's put down artificial turf in his spacious back yard, "I can forget about seeding grass every year. This stuff is wonderful."

His favorite sport is horse racing. A big reason is that "you can relax completely. I love to watch the horses run." The Ex-Agent Association recently gave him a statue of a stallion—"the first I've ever owned, though I've supported many of them."

He was also a fan of the Washington Senators before the franchise was moved to Texas last fall, and frequently went to games with Richard Nixon when he was Vice President. (Mr. Nixon "knew all the players by name and everything about them—batting, fielding, everything.")

His favorite vacation spot is La Jolla, Calif., and if he were an agent in the field, that's where he'd most like to be assigned. His second choice would be Butte, Mont.

"I've been accused of using Butte as a kind of Siberia for agents that displease me," he says with a chuckle. "When that allegation was made, I checked up and found we actually had 144 requests from agents to be assigned there. You know why? It's close to Glacier National Park, and some of the

best hunting and fishing in the world is around there."

Mr. Hoover, 77 this New Year's Day, has been warmly lauded for his performance as director of the FBI. An inner corridor leading to his office is lined with plaques and citations from sources of organizations and with mementoes from notables he has known.

In recent years, he also has been the target of criticism, a fact he accepts as inevitable in light of the position he holds.

In this interview with editors Jack Woolridge and Wilbur Martin of *Nation's Business*, Mr. Hoover talks over many of the highlights of his career, taking note of achievements for which he has won praise as well as matters for which he's been criticized, and discussing other subjects ranging from Presidents and Attorneys General he has known to crooks he has known.

You have served under eight Presidents. Were you closer to some than others?

President Coolidge I only knew officially. I became very, very close personal friends with Herbert Hoover, but really this was after he left office. He was chairman of the board of the Boys' Clubs of America and I was a board member. I got to know him quite well.

I didn't know until he told me years after he left office that he was responsible for my being named director of the FBI. As a young lawyer in the Justice Department, I had worked with the Senate Foreign Relations Committee on an investigation of whether we should restore recognition to Russia. I had come to the attention of Mr. Hoover, who was then Secretary of Commerce.

Attorney General Stone mentioned to him that he was looking for someone to put in charge of the Bureau and Mr. Hoover recommended me.

I always felt President Hoover was terribly wronged. Everyone blamed him alone for the Depression. He was a very shy man, you know, very human. We used to walk down the street in New York City after he had been President and no one recognized him. I thought, "How terrible, to be forgotten." I was so pleased that in his later years he was recognized for the great man that he was.

I was very close to Franklin Delano Roosevelt, personally and officially. We often had lunch in his office in the Oval Room of the White House. During his Presidency and afterwards, at Gettysburg, I was close with Gen. Eisenhower. He was a great man and a great President.

I lived across the street from Lyndon Johnson for 19 years. We were very close friends and this friendship continued during his Presidency and to this day, I hear from him regularly.

When he was in the Senate, and we were neighbors, he had a little dog he called Little Beagle Johnson. Every few days he would come over in the evening and say, "Edgar, Little Beagle Johnson's gone again. Let's go find him."

And we would go off looking all over the neighborhood.

When he was President, two of LBJ's beagles died. One swallowed a stone and the other one was run over by a Secret Service car.

I got a little beagle from a kennel in Atlanta and gave it to him. One day, I was visiting at the White House and he said, "Let's go look at the dogs." We were walking along when all of a sudden he halted, in his big Texas voice right in my ear, "Edgar, where are you?"

Well, I was right beside him and I didn't know what he meant. "I'm here, Mr. President," I said.

"Oh, I don't mean you," he growled. "I mean the dog, the beagle, I call him Edgar."

I had a letter from President Johnson

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just a few weeks ago and he told me Edgar was doing just fine on the ranch in Texas.

Of course, I have been friends with President Nixon for a long time. I first met him on the Alger Hiss case. A lot of hatred for President Nixon stems from this case, from some of the liberals and pseudo-liberals who've never gotten over this case. I think much of the hatred for me stems from this case, too.

[Mr. Nixon, then a Congressman, played an active role in the case, in which Hiss, a former State Department official accused of having passed on secrets to the communists, was convicted of perjury.]

President Nixon has changed materially. He's much more extroverted today than when I first met him. That's good. I think he's doing an excellent job as President, despite the brickbats he gets thrown at him from some of the media. He never loses his cool. He's done an excellent job on economic matters and I think his coming trips to China and Moscow will turn out well. He knows how to negotiate with people without giving up principles.

You have also served under 16 Attorneys General and once termed Ramsey Clark the least effective. Who was the best?

Oh, that's hard to say. There are a half dozen that stand out, those I was very close to.

There was Harlan Fiske Stone [who served under President Coolidge]. He appointed me and we were very close. After he became Chief Justice of the Supreme Court he often would stop by. He'd say, "Edgar, I've come by to get an account of your stewardship." He considered me the steward of the FBI.

Then there was John G. Sargent [who also served under President Coolidge]. He was a big man, 6 feet 6 or 7, and wore a size 15 shoe. His feet always hurt and sometimes when I went home with him to lunch, he'd take his shoes off. He was like the mountains of Vermont—solid, very solid.

Herbert Brownell [under President Eisenhower] is a great lawyer, a great administrator. And Bill Rogers [William P. Rogers, now Secretary of State]. We were very close. When he was Attorney General and President Nixon was Vice President, we would frequently spend the Christmas holidays in Miami Beach together.

Frank Murphy [who served under President Roosevelt] was a very close personal friend. I don't know why. In the beginning, we were so opposite philosophically. Murphy was very shy and stiff in public. But in private he was the life of the party. After he was named to the Supreme Court, I would go up and we would walk from the Court to the Washington Hotel, where he lived.

Of course, there's John Mitchell, the present Attorney General. He is a very able man, a very down-to-earth individual, very unlike those Herblock cartoons in *The Washington Post*.

And I'm completely fascinated by his wife. Martha is a wonderful person. She speaks her mind. She has integrity in thought. I like that.

I was very close to the wives of some of the other Attorneys General. Mrs. Homer Cummings [her husband served under President Roosevelt], Mrs. Brownell, Mrs. Rogers.

What, in your mind, has made you successful in your administration of the FBI?

Principally, instilling in every FBI employee the absolute need for excellence in performance.

A law enforcement agency is only as good as the support it receives from the public. Over the long run, the public cannot be fooled. Only demonstrated performance produces the respect and cooperation necessary to achieve the results FBI responsibilities demand—and which the public has every right to expect.

This attention to a goal of excellence requires sacrifice. It means long, often grueling hours of work on the part of our

special agents. It means they must maintain personal conduct standards that raise no question as to our capacity to discharge FBI duties with skill and integrity, strict impartiality in conducting investigations, and self-discipline to withstand the frequent taunts and abusive manners of those who would impede the performance of our lawful obligations.

Some of my critics have charged me with being a harsh and autocratic administrator, but they fail to recognize the trust that must be generated from the proper discharge of FBI responsibilities. This fact leaves little room for error. An enforcement agency, by the very nature of its duties, is an easy and natural target for criticism.

You spoke of critics. In recent years, the most persistent criticism concerning you, Mr. Hoover, has been that you should retire and hand over the reins of the FBI to a younger man. What is your reaction to this?

I don't consider my age a valid factor in assessing my ability to continue as director of the FBI—any more than it was when, at the youthful age of 29, I was appointed to this position. I was criticized then as "the Boy Scout." Now, I'm called "that senile old man."

My appointment to head the FBI was based on performance and I believe that same standard should apply to any evaluations of my fitness to continue in this post.

Years are only a guide to a person's age and have little meaning when attempting to equate them with ability, vigor and demonstrated performance.

This is what I believe many young people are talking about today when, in spite of their youth, they demand a more active role in our society commensurate with the many obligations they are required to shoulder. And they are right.

Many of our great artists and composers did their best work in their 80s. They were judged on performance, not age. Other leaders, too.

Look at Bernard Baruch; he was brilliant in his 90s—and Herbert Hoover and Douglas MacArthur in their 80s.

That is my policy. I judge a man on the quality of his performance. So long as I am blessed with good health and enthusiasm for my work, I would hope that I may be judged in this same manner.

How much has the FBI grown since you assumed its leadership?

When Attorney General Stone appointed me on May 10, 1924, to head what was simply called the Bureau of Investigation, the Bureau had 441 special agents.

Compared with today, the Bureau's jurisdiction was quite limited. Through the years Congressional enactments, Presidential directives and orders of the Attorney General have substantially increased our jurisdiction to some 185 federal investigative matters.

We have 59 field offices located throughout the U.S. and Puerto Rico. In addition to these major offices, there are hundreds of resident agencies or suboffices. All told, the Bureau now has approximately 19,000 employees, and over 8,000 of these are special agents.

I might say here that the average agent works overtime 2½ hours every day, but gets paid for only one hour and 45 minutes, the legal limit. I think the amount of overtime is grossly excessive, but it's necessary because of the vastly expanded duties given the Bureau.

Has the nature of your own work changed as the Bureau has grown?

In the early days, I could get out and visit the field offices every year, personally see the agents in action, and spot those with potential, those who did more—or less—than their duty.

I can't do that now. I have to stay here. I spend a lot of time in preparation for

testimony before Congressional committees, and in testifying.

But the FBI inspection division reports to me on what you might call "the blood pressure of the service." It makes inspections of every field office—not to get somebody, but to find the soft spots, if any. We can't afford these.

Another difference is that in the early days, I could get out on cases. I wish I could do that now, but somebody has to run things here. I still sweat the hard cases out, though here at headquarters.

The plane hijackings, for example.

What were some of the cases you went on?

Some were publicized, some were not. There was one involving John Henry Seadlund, in the '30s. He was wanted for the kidnaping and murder of Charles S. Ross [a wealthy St. Paul, Minn., businessman]. Seadlund was arrested at the Santa Anita race track in California and I flew out there to get his confession.

In the FBI, we have never countenanced any rough stuff, never any "third degree." I believe psychology plays a large part in dealing with criminals. Psychology and integrity, even with criminals. This case makes that point.

I talked all day to Seadlund and I hadn't had any sleep. Or food. I asked him if he wanted something to eat.

"What do you want to know for?" Seadlund snapped at me. "You won't get it for me." I asked him pretty bluntly, "What do you want to eat?"

He said, "Steak, potatoes, and pie à la mode." I told an agent, "Just double that order."

The next day Seadlund asked to see me. He told me, "Well, you kept your word and got me my steak. Now get your steno and I'll tell you what you want to know." I got a full confession.

So psychology and integrity are tremendously important. FBI agents were warning suspects of their constitutional rights long before it was required by law.

We had to take Seadlund to St. Paul. When we left Los Angeles it was 78 degrees and when we got to St. Paul it was zero. We had to hide out from the press in the woods for two or three days, looking for the bodies of Ross and Seadlund's partner, whom he had also killed.

I asked one of the agents to get me some warm clothing. He brought me a suit of red woolen underwear. He could have at least gotten white, but it was a gag and it was appreciated.

Weren't you also personally in on the Alvin Karpis affair?

Of course, there was Karpis. He was part of the Ma Barker gang, and kept sending me postcards from all over the country, saying he was going to kill me like Ma Barker and her son [Fred] were killed in a gun battle in Florida. I parsed the word that whenever we spotted him, I wanted to make the capture personally.

Well, we tracked him to New Orleans [in April, 1936] and I saw down there.

We try to make an arrest at dawn, or some other time when there aren't many people on the street. But we had to do this one at 8 in the afternoon. Karpis had been held up in an apartment on Jeff Davis Parkway and it was the rush hour and there were people everywhere.

Karpis and a companion suddenly walked out of the house and got into a car. I ran up on one side and grabbed him. Another agent went to the other side and grabbed the other fellow.

I said, "Bring the handcuffs," but everybody had forgotten to bring handcuffs. So an agent who had grown up on a cattle ranch said, "I can tie him up so he can't move." And he did, tying his hands behind him with a necktie.

When we got into the car, Karpis called

me by name. I asked him how he knew who I was and he said, "Oh, I saw your pic in the paper in Miami." I'd had my pic taken when I caught that sailfish on the wall over there, the only one I've ever caught. Karpis said that my luck was better than his, that he'd been trying to catch one for three years.

On the way downtown, the agent driving the car got lost.

Karpis spoke up, wanting to know where we were going. I asked him why he cared and he said, "Well, if it's to the post office building, I can tell you how to get there. I was planning to rob it." So he directed us. The agent who was driving heard from me later.

You have always shown particular interest in kidnapping cases, haven't you?

Yes. Every case is important, but kidnappings strike me as being extremely vicious crimes against society. Often they involve young children or other family members. I don't think there is anything worse than the kidnapping of a child and the agony of the family. I look with a great deal of personal satisfaction on our accomplishments in these cases.

We first got the name "G-man" on a kidnapping, the Urschel case. [Oklahoma oilman Charles F. Urschel, kidnapped in 1933 by the George "Machine Gun" Kelly gang. Caught in a house in Memphis, Tenn. Kelly cringed and cried "Don't shoot, G-men, don't shoot, G-men!"]

The federal kidnapping statute, passed in 1932 after the Lindbergh baby kidnapping, as well as a series of other special "crime bills" in the early '30s, greatly expanded our responsibilities in that field.

Do you have any advice on how to keep in good health?

I try to stay in good health by avoiding excesses. Moderation in everything you do is a good rule. I take a physical every year and the last one showed I was in better shape than when I took the first one in 1938. I had to lose a little weight after that one.

All of our agents must be in top physical condition. They can be a little underweight, but they can't be overweight. When I put that rule in, some men groaned a little. But the wives all think it is great.

I exercise every morning on an exercycle.

I try to get enough sleep each night, but not too much.

In the evening I relax and watch television. I usually have a highball, maybe two. But never more than two. Jack Daniels Black Label—on the rocks, with a dash of soda. I never drink martinis. Martinis are poison. Nobody can drink four and be sober.

I never take work home with me Monday through Friday. But I take a lot of work home with me on the weekend when I have time to think.

Of course, I watch my diet. Again, you have to do everything in moderation.

I have two little cairn terriers. One is 17, blind and deaf, and the other is four. She's a little husky, bosses the older one around. At breakfast, they get my bacon and eggs. I get the fruit juice and black coffee.

I always have the same thing for lunch: grapefruit, cottage cheese and black coffee. And usually I eat at the same place [the Mayflower Hotel].

I like to relax at lunch. One of the things that irritates me is for people to come up and ask, "You don't know me, do you?" I always say, "If you were ever in Alcatraz, I know you. We'd have a record on you."

My dinner at home is always moderate. I'd love to have a piece of chocolate cream pie. But I don't. Moderation in what you do, integrity in what you do. I believe in that absolutely.

Horse racing is your favorite sport. Have you seen any of the great winners?

Yes. I saw Whirlaway, for example.

As a matter of fact, I was at Aqueduct and asked a friend with me to get a ticket on him. He came back with a ticket on the wrong horse, Tola Rose. I think it was a 20-1 shot. Whirlaway was something like 2-5. And Tola Rose won. I told him I should let him pick the horses every time.

One fellow I wouldn't let ever pick a horse is George Allen [a friend of President Roosevelt, Truman and Eisenhower]. He always bets three horses in the same race—to win.

President Eisenhower used to give George \$5 to bet for him every now and then. I told President Eisenhower, "I'd never let George bet for me. He's the worst at picking horses I ever saw."

George said that if I'd told that to anybody else but the President, he'd have sued for slander. We're very good friends.

What are your 10 most important accomplishments as director of the FBI?

It's difficult to pick out any specific number of accomplishments. Certainly among the most important was cleaning up the Bureau, cleaning out the political hacks. This was the mandate given to me by Attorney General Stone when he appointed me. Also, winning the support the FBI has consistently received over the years from the law-abiding and concerned public.

Without these, it is doubtful the FBI could have realized many other accomplishments. I am particularly proud that FBI performance during my tenure has merited the public's support.

Other accomplishments which were important in the development of the FBI include the nationwide centralization of criminal fingerprint records in the FBI Identification Division in 1924; establishment in 1932 of the FBI Laboratory; and establishment in 1935 of the FBI National Academy, which provided a university-level advanced training program for select law enforcement officers throughout the nation.

Also, the capture of the Nazi saboteurs landed on our shores by submarines during World War II; the convictions of top communists leaders following the war; the successful investigations into the Rosenberg and Col. Rudolf Ivanovich Abel spy cases in the 1950s; the convictions resulting from our investigations of the murders of a number of civil rights workers during the 1960s; and the beginning of the FBI National Crime Information Center.

There are many more, of course, but these stand out in my mind.

What about your own politics?

You know, when I took over with the mandate to clean out the political hacks and straighten out the Bureau and did, I was accused of being a Democrat because the Republicans were in office. Then I was accused of being a Republican when the Democrats took over.

I grew up in and live in the District of Columbia. I have never voted in my life. I don't like labels and I am not political. My feeling about politics is that both parties should nominate for all offices the very best qualified man—unfortunately, that isn't always the case—and that the people should vote for the man whom they believe is the best qualified.

You have been quoted as saying the FBI's National Crime Information Center is a real breakthrough in fighting crime. Why so?

The NCIC provides what was long urgently needed, a comprehensive and swiftly efficient informational exchange system of national scope.

This computerized index of documented crime data is now tied to all states and Canada by a vast telecommunications network. The total number of NCIC active records concerning stolen property and persons wanted for crimes has climbed to over three million, with daily transactions sometimes well over 75,000.

Let me give you an example of why I think it gives our nation's law enforcement community an essential tool to meet the challenge of crime.

Recently, two state troopers in New York stopped a car. They radioed for a check on it and within two minutes—two minutes—they knew that the car had been stolen and that its two occupants were wanted for murder in California.

Some have charged that federal computer systems are leading to a huge national data bank that could strip the individual of his privacy. Could you comment?

As far as the FBI is concerned, those fears are groundless.

The National Crime Information Center is the principal FBI computer system and it contains only documented data concerning criminals and stolen property. Its information is available only to authorized law enforcement agencies and the system was designed to prevent any abuse or misuse of its data.

Any allegations that this could lead to a "big brother is looking at you" operation are completely false.

The FBI has been accused of engaging in unauthorized wiretapping. What are the facts?

The facts are that the FBI has not used wiretaps without the authority of the Attorney General, and then only to a limited extent in cases involving our nation's security.

Also, under the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, federal judges may authorize the FBI to use electronic surveillance techniques in some cases involving organized crime. The Attorney General has to approve each instance, and a written affidavit establishing probable cause for action must be presented to the judge.

Assertions that FBI wiretapping is widespread are absurd. If the FBI engaged in wiretapping to just a fraction of what its critics suggest, it would have no time for anything else.

These critics who accuse the FBI of this practice can never produce any proof.

Congressman Boggs (Rep. Hale Boggs (D-La.), majority leader in the House) made a wild statement that his telephone had been tapped. That charge was simply not true. No telephone of any Congressman has ever been tapped since I became Bureau director in 1924. He was put in the position of having to "put up or shut up" on that charge and he shut up.

Another accusation against the FBI is that of snooping on campuses.

Completely false. I believe this is only a scare tactic to inflame the academic community against the FBI.

Yes, the FBI does conduct investigations on college campuses—or anywhere else in the nation. But only if there is a violation within its investigative jurisdiction.

If, for example, an ROTC building has been destroyed by a fire or explosion, we will investigate to see if there is evidence of sabotage or destruction of government property. Many campuses have government research or other government facilities. If government property is damaged or stolen, the FBI investigates.

We do not snoop on campuses, or in any way treat the campus different from any other area of society. The FBI has the highest respect for academic freedom.

American business is making great use of computer technology, particularly in record management. What steps has the FBI taken along this line?

One of the first actions I took upon becoming director was the establishment of a centralized national file of arrest records on fingerprints. This led to formation of the FBI Identification Bureau in 1924, the year of my appointment.

From 800,000 fingerprint records, this has

now grown to nearly 300 million, including many civilian and military fingerprints that are kept separately from those filed as a result of arrests. I have always felt strongly that fingerprints for identification purposes are a protection for the public. I remember I personally took the fingerprints of John D. Rockefeller Jr. and his family in 1924 to encourage the public to take advantage of this protection, and to show there was no stigma in having your fingerprints recorded. Nelson was a little boy then.

As far back as 1934, the FBI installed a punch card system of searching fingerprints. However, because of the rising volume of fingerprint records this proved inadequate and, by necessity, the Identification Division had to return to manual searching. Presently, development contracts are nearing completion to computerize fingerprint files and to electronically read, classify and retrieve—within seconds.

In 1954, we had in operation the first automated payroll system in the federal government.

What are some of the major problems the FBI has run into in combating organized crime, especially in the field of legitimate business?

There is no question the two most serious problem areas are the complexity and size of the investigations themselves, and the general apathy of citizens directly or indirectly affected.

On one series of gambling raids we used over 200 FBI agents. In another series, we had to call upon over 400 agents. In one major hoodlum international bankruptcy case alone, we had investigations being conducted by 31 offices in 28 states, ranging from New York to California and from Minnesota to Alabama.

Many hoodlums, unfortunately, have acquired a facade of semi-respectability in their communities. People find it hard to believe that these so-called "businessmen" can possibly be involved in illegal activities.

Even more disturbing, from a law enforcement view, is the seeming indifference of otherwise responsible citizens to the acknowledged existence of specific phases of organized crime in their communities.

What they are overlooking, of course, is that hoodlum-connected major thefts increase their insurance rates, that labor racketeering increases consumer costs, that gambling and narcotics corrupt youth, and that bribery of civic and police officials undermines good government and deprives the public of the protection to which it is entitled.

Is there a law which particularly helps the FBI to fight infiltration of business by criminals?

Under the Organized Crime Control Act of 1970, which the President signed into law in October, 1970, Title IX bans the investment of underworld funds in legitimate business ventures. This provides for severe criminal penalties, as well as forfeitures.

Successful businessmen place great emphasis upon personnel training. What is the FBI doing in this area?

I certainly agree with the importance of personnel training, and effective personnel training has been a keystone of FBI operations since I became director. In fact, the FBI pioneered advanced law enforcement training with the establishment of the National Academy in 1935.

In addition to the Academy, the FBI has some 1,600 specially trained special agent police instructors who go out where requested and give a wide variety of training. For example, this FBI Field Police Training Program just this past year conducted more than 9,000 training schools, attended by more than 300,000 people. And this involved over 58,000 hours of classroom instruction by Bureau personnel.

The new facility for our Academy at Quantico, Va., when we move in later this year, will enable us to increase the number of officers to be trained from 200 to 2,000 annually. It will also provide specialized courses for 1,000 others. These will be management courses, and I'm quite proud that we will be able to do this. I believe it will certainly strengthen local law enforcement.

Do you think the United States should have a national police force?

I am vigorously opposed to a national police force, or any trend toward one. I want to make one point clear, and it is one that critics of the FBI seem to want to overlook.

The FBI does not decide what it will investigate. It is given responsibilities by Congress, by the President, by the Attorney General. It is charged by law to carry out certain functions. And we will do that.

I might also say that I opposed our being given some of these responsibilities. For instance, we are charged with investigating an illegal gambling case if it involves five or more persons, remains in business 30 days, or has a daily \$2,000 gross. I believe this is a function of local law enforcement.

The FBI has a relatively small number of Negro special agents. What is its policy with respect to employing members of minorities?

The FBI is unequivocally dedicated to the principles of equal employment opportunity. I insist that all appointments and other personnel actions be based on merit and fitness.

Let me say that nothing would please me more than to have a greater number of special agents from minority groups. We have a very real need for them, and they would be a most welcome asset. We will continue to make every effort to attract those qualified.

But I have not, and will not, relax the high standards which the FBI has traditionally demanded of special agents without favor or exception.

Attorney General [Robert F.] Kennedy became very angry with me over this.

I would not yield.

The standards for a special agent of the FBI are stringent. Applicants must be of outstanding appearance and outstanding character, and have the required education in law, accounting, languages or sciences, or three years of executive, professional or investigative experience.

We demand of FBI employees a standard of morality which can be approved by the majority of the American people. Some say we are too strict, but I submit to public judgment that discipline is an absolute necessity. An undisciplined law enforcement agency is a menace to society.

We do have exacting standards in the FBI and we apologize to no one for them. We have no intention of arbitrarily compromising these standards to accommodate kooks, misfits or slobs.

As I have said publicly, disregard for law and order is encouraged by hatemongers, extremists and others who say that revolution against society is justified and necessary.

A number of terrorist or revolutionary groups seem to have sprung up in recent years. Would you comment?

Terrorist-extremist sentiment is on the rise in the nation today, especially in the so-called New Left. The Students for a Democratic Society was formed in 1962 and by 1967 this group had developed a revolutionary, violent posture, urging destruction of our democratic institutions. In 1969, it was torn by factionalism and its extremist wing became the Weatherman.

The Weatherman, which went underground in 1970, believes in violence. Its adherents have collected explosives and set up bomb factories. They have carried out acts of violence not only against police facilities, but against military and government buildings and even private buildings which happen to house the offices of companies these extremists don't like.

Small terror groups, operating from underground, represent a great danger. Unfortunately, the Weatherman type of extremist mentality seems to have spread to some other young people and even some adults.

You have black nationalist terror organizations such as the Black Panther Party. The Panthers are hoodlum-type revolutionaries, and their true nature must be exposed.

Currently the Panther Party is doing everything possible to show a "humanitarian face"—to show that it is interested, for example, in the welfare of children through its so-called Breakfast for Children program.

This is a public relations gimmick. Part of the reason for this feigned emphasis on humanitarianism is to encourage contributions from wealthy white liberals, who have given thousands of dollars to the Panthers.

What is the FBI's role concerning protests, such as those against the Viet Nam War?

In America, we have freedom of expression. Individuals have a right on their own to oppose the war or say anything else they desire about Viet Nam.

There are a number of antiwar groups and they have the right to voice their viewpoints. The FBI does not in any way attempt to stifle groups or individuals who speak out against the Viet Nam War. Charges that we do are completely false.

The FBI becomes concerned only when members of these or any other groups violate laws within its investigative jurisdiction. Or when the activities of the groups become violent or terroristic and pose a threat to the internal security of the country.

You mentioned what you consider your most important accomplishments as FBI director. What would you consider the most important cases the FBI has investigated?

I like to think that all of our investigations are important. But in terms of their impact on FBI operations or the events of the time, a few stand out.

The successful investigation of the kidnapping of Charles Lindbergh's son in 1932 led to the passage that same year of the federal kidnapping statute, giving the FBI added jurisdiction over this despicable crime.

John Dillinger had become a full-blown American folk hero by the time our agents were forced to shoot while moving in to arrest him in Chicago during 1934. I saw and ad the other day that they were making another movie about Dillinger. I suppose this one will make him a hero again. I can't understand this. The worst movie ever made was that one about Bonnie and Clyde. They were nothing but a couple of bum criminals, the worst kind.

Just a few months prior to the Japanese bombing of Pearl Harbor in 1941, FBI agents arrested 33 members of the network of the German spy, Frederick Duquesne. This case, together with the FBI capture of the Nazi saboteurs landed secretly in this country. I am sure, stopped serious enemy attempts to sabotage our war effort. Those Nazi saboteurs were tried in Classroom No. 1 of this building [the Justice Department building].

In 1949 our investigations resulted in the conviction of 11 top leaders of the Communist Party, U.S.A. We were only a few years removed from working with the world's leading communist power, the Soviet Union, as an ally. It was hard for some to realize the conspiratorial nature of the Communist Party in those circumstances.

The trial in which the leaders were convicted galvanized public opinion to the fact the communists were attempting to subvert our democratic form of government. The Rosenberg atom bomb spy case the following year left little doubt of these motives.

The six-year-long FBI investigation of the 1930 robbery of Brink's, Inc., at Boston demonstrated the virtue of investigative persistence and hard work.

The FBI investigation of the assassination of President Kennedy at Dallas resulted in

the interviewing of approximately 25,000 persons and the submission of more than 1,000 reports to the Warren Commission.

As a result of the assassination and the investigation, Congress passed legislation, approved by the President, providing for federal criminal penalties in instances involving Presidential assassination, kidnapping and assault. The FBI was charged to investigate such violations, which were previously the responsibility of the local jurisdiction in which the crime occurred.

The FBI investigation of the murder of three civil rights workers in Mississippi in 1964, as well as investigations of other similar instances of violence and brutality, helped to hasten the passage of broader civil rights legislation.

Mr. Hoover, is there one crook you remember most vividly?

Gaston B. Means. I think he was the worst crook I ever knew. I fired him from the Bureau the first thing when I took over and he became mixed up in all sorts of things. He was a scoundrel.

Evalyn Walsh McLean [the wealthy Washington socialite] knew he was a crook, but she thought because he was, he could help in the Lindbergh kidnapping. She gave him \$100,000 to try to get the baby back, and would have given him more. She was going to pawn her jewels, but I stopped that.

We never did find the money Means got from Mrs. McLean and which he said he had buried. We had divers searching the Potomac. When he was convicted and in the hospital at Leavenworth, I flew out there and saw him. "Why did you lie to our men about where the money is?" I asked him.

He put his hand over his heart and said, "Oh, Edgar. That wounds me."

He was a complete scoundrel. But he was the type some people liked—a sort of lovable scoundrel.

A headquarters building for the FBI is being constructed across the street. When will it be completed?

There are some who maintain that the only reason I am staying on as director of the FBI is to be present at the dedication of this new building. I say this is absolute nonsense. In a recent speech, I facetiously noted that at the rate it is going up, none of us will be around by the time it is completed.

Hopefully, it will be ready for occupancy in 1974. We have shared space with the Department of Justice since 1934 and during that period our staff and that of the Department have multiplied many times. It's been necessary to relocate many phases of our operations in seven other sites in the capital.

This new headquarters will bring everything under one roof and vastly improve our administration and efficiency.

Would you take a look ahead at the FBI's role in the years to come?

I would hope the FBI's role in the future will be identical with its role in the past and at the present. That is, being a servant of the people.

The FBI's success has been built on one vital base—the confidence of the people. If we knock on a citizen's door, he does not have to talk to us or give our special agents information. This is a decision he must make. We can solve cases only if citizens furnish information.

We want to maintain the confidence and support of citizens in all walks of life, in all areas of the country. If we don't, we simply cannot do the job for which we are responsible.

I want the FBI's work in the future to continue to merit the approval of the people. This means, on our part, top quality investigation. Efficient, loyal and responsible personnel. A willingness to work hard.

One question, Mr. Hoover. You've spent a lot of time fighting crime. Have you, as a result, been victimized?

Yes. Once by a fellow who came door-to-door. I bought a load of fertilizer from him for my roses. The stuff turned out to be black sand.

And then, once by the fellow they called "The Birdman of Alcatraz." He had two cells—one in which he lived, and another where he kept his birds.

My mother was alive then and she always liked to keep a few birds, so I bought a canary from him. Only it turned out to be just a sparrow, dyed yellow.

So I've been conned at least twice in my life. I guess that proves I'm human.

MEYER SOKOLOW—MARYLAND VETERAN OF THE YEAR

Mr. BEALL. Mr. President, it is indeed satisfying to see someone who has worked long and hard for his country and for the interests of all veterans receive the credit he so richly deserves. Such a man is Meyer Sokolow, who has been selected as "Maryland Veteran of the Year" by the Joint Veterans Committee of Maryland.

Mr. Sokolow, past departmental commander of the Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A. and chairman of the Joint Veterans Committee of Maryland, has done much to strengthen the voice of Maryland veterans. Through his leadership, both local and national veterans' organizations have actively promoted the patriotic ideals that have held our Nation in fine stead.

Mr. Sokolow has long been concerned about the welfare of innocent victims of war, particularly the people of South Vietnam. While serving as national chairman of Aid to the People of South Vietnam for the Jewish War Veterans, he supervised the collection of hundreds of tons of clothing and medical supplies that were sent directly to the U.S. Army and Marine Corps civil action officers for distribution in hamlets and villages in South Vietnam. Through these efforts, the hardships of war for many unfortunate people were lessened. Clearly, Meyer Sokolow is a man who is deeply concerned both for principles and the people.

I ask unanimous consent that the editorial published in the Baltimore News-American of January 20, 1972, commending Meyer Sokolow be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the editorial was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

VETERANS' HONOR

A coveted award, "Maryland Veteran of the Year," has gone to Meyer Sokolow, past departmental commander of the Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A.

The honor is the most significant because it is bestowed by the Joint Veterans' Committee of Maryland. This organization represents the members of the American Legion, Catholic War Veterans, Disabled American Veterans, Jewish War Veterans, Marine Corps League, Veterans of Foreign Wars, and Veterans of World War I.

Mr. Sokolow, a veteran of the Korean conflict, has served as national chairman of Aid to the People of South Vietnam for the JWV, supervising the collection of tons of clothing, soap and medical supplies sent to aid the war victims in South Vietnam.

We congratulate Mr. Sokolow upon his selection. The service that veterans' organizations do for others, such as the Vietnamese

in Vietnam, is too often overlooked by those who think the Legion, the VFW, the JWV and others are merely social groups.

AWARD TO W. O. DUVALL, ATLANTA, GA.

Mr. TALMADGE. Mr. President, each year Dixie Business, edited and published in Decatur, Ga., by Hubert E. Lee, selects an outstanding citizen for "A Great American" award. Selected for 1971 was W. O. DuVall, chairman of the board of the Atlanta Federal Savings & Loan Association.

I ask unanimous consent there be printed in the RECORD the article from Dixie Business designating Mr. DuVall as the "A Great American" for 1971 and also the remarks I made in 1967 in the Senate when Mr. DuVall received an honorary doctor of laws degree from the Atlanta Law School.

There being no objection, the items were ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

[From Dixie Business]

W. O. DUVALL: "A GREAT AMERICAN" FOR 1971 (By Hubert E. Lee)

W. O. DuVall, Chairman of the \$500-Million Atlanta Federal Savings and Loan Association has been named the "A Great American" for 1971 by the editors of Dixie Business.

He is the 17th to be honored. Mr. DuVall was named to the South's "Hall of Fame for the Living" on the basis of his life record. See page 15.

The Atlanta Kiwanis Club in 1959 dubbed him "Kiwanian of the year."

His alma mater, the University of Florida, in 1968 conferred on Mr. DuVall honorary law degree—LLD—as reported in Dixie Business and inscribed in the Congressional Record by Rep. Fletcher Thompson.

Mr. DuVall was nominated by Hubert F. Lee, editor of Dixie Business; Joseph R. Mills, a Deacon of the Glen Haven Presbyterian Church and owner with his son Bob Mills, of the Mills Body Shop, seconded the nomination.

The day-to-day management of Atlanta Federal was turned over to able Bill Wainwright by Mr. DuVall on July 23, 1971.

Mr. Wainwright is president and has been Mr. DuVall's good right hand.

Rev. James P. Wesberry best tells the Saga of W. O. DuVall.

[FROM THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, OCT. 18, 1967]

HONORARY DOCTOR OF LAWS DEGREE CONFERRED UPON W. O. DUVALL, CHAIRMAN, ATLANTA FEDERAL SAVINGS & LOAN ASSOCIATION

Mr. TALMADGE. Mr. President, an honorary doctor of laws degree was conferred by the Atlanta Law School upon one of the city of Atlanta's most outstanding businessmen, W. O. DuVall, chairman of the board of the Atlanta Federal Savings & Loan Association.

This was indeed a high honor for Mr. DuVall and a well-deserved recognition of the outstanding contribution he has made to his city and State.

On this occasion, the Reverend James P. Wesberry, pastor of the Morningside Baptist Church in Atlanta, delivered an eloquent tribute to Mr. DuVall:

Rev. James P. Wesberry, pastor of the Morningside Baptist Church, Atlanta, one of the great preachers and leaders of our time, outlined the achievements of the honoree.

Here is what Rev. Wesberry wrote and read about W. O. DuVall, a real life in the flesh:

"You were born in Fernon in South Georgia on July 23, 1901.

January 28, 1972

Honorable James O. Eastland
National Naval Medical Center
Bethesda, Maryland 20014

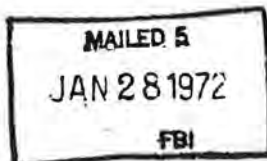
Dear Jim:

I was sorry to learn from news accounts that it was necessary for you to be hospitalized. I trust this note finds you resting comfortably and that your confinement will be of short duration.

With warm regards and every good wish for a speedy and complete recovery,

Sincerely,

Edgar



REC-4 94-4-61

ENCLOSURE 1 - Administrative Review Unit - Enclosure (detached)²⁰ FEB 3 1972

NOTE: Senator Eastland is on the Special Correspondents List and known to the Director on a first-name basis.

MSR:elb (3)

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Miller, E.S. _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Dalbey _____
Mr. Cleveland _____
Mr. Ponder _____
Mr. Bates _____
Mr. Warkent _____
Mr. Walters _____
Mr. Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UPI-202

(EASTLAND)

WASHINGTON--SEN. JAMES O. EASTLAND, D-MISS., WAS ADMITTED TO THE NATIONAL NAVAL MEDICAL CENTER AT BETHESDA MD., MONDAY WITH FLU SYMPTOMS.

EASTLAND SAID HE AWOKE WITH FLU SYMPTOMS AND ENTERED THE HOSPITAL AFTER FINDING HE HAD A TEMPERATURE OF 101.5 DEGREES.

EASTLAND SAID HIS ADMISSION TO THE HOSPITAL WAS "PURELY PRECAUTIONARY" BUT HE EXPECTED TO BE CONFINED FOUR OR FIVE DAYS.

THE MISSISSIPPI SENATOR, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, CANCELLED TWO SPEECHES HE HAD PLANNED TO MAKE IN HIS STATE FRIDAY AND ONE SPEECH MONDAY.

1-27--EH73JES

let to Sen. Eastland
1-24-72
MSR:erb

file
1/28/72

94-4-5130- 69

ENCLOSURE

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

February 8, 1972

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I wish to thank you very much for your kind expression of concern during my recent bout with the flu and for your best wishes for my recovery.

I am very grateful to be able to say I have completely recovered and am now back in the office.

With kindest personal regards and best wishes,
I am

Sincerely,

James O. Eastland
James O. Eastland

The Honorable John Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

EXP. PROC.

FEB 10 1972

54 FEB 22 1972

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. Felt ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Mohr ✓
Mr. Bishop ✓
Mr. Miller, E.S. ✓
Mr. Callahan ✓
Mr. Casper ✓
Mr. Conrad ✓
Mr. Dalbey ✓
Mr. Cleveland ✓
Mr. Ponder ✓
Mr. Bates ✓
Mr. Waikart ✓
Mr. Walters ✓
Mr. Soyars ✓
Tele Room ✓
Miss Holmes ✓
Miss Gandy ✓

94-45730-70
FEB 15 1972

June 15, 1972

Honorable James . Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator Eastland:

Enclosed are two photographs which were taken in May when I addressed the Governor's Conference on Crime in Biloxi which were sent to me by Elmer Linberg, our Special Agent in Charge in Jackson. We thought you might like to have them.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

Pat

MAILED 20

JUN 16 1972

FBI

Enclosures (2)

1 - Jackson

1 - Administrative Review Unit - Enclosure (detached)
Room 4230

NOTE: Senator Eastland is on the Special Correspondents List and our relations with him have been cordial.

awt:ls (5)

REC 107

JUN 16 1972

Felt _____
Mohr _____
Rosen _____
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Campbell _____
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Cleveland _____
Conrad _____
Dalbey _____
Marshall _____
Miller, E.S. _____
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Mr. Kinley _____
Mr. Armstrong _____
Ms. Herwig _____
Mrs. Neenan _____

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

July 28, 1972

BY LIAISON

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear Senator Eastland:

Your election today as President Pro Tempore of the United States Senate is indeed an honor and I know you must take considerable pride in being chosen for this position. This certainly is indicative of the great esteem you enjoy among your colleagues and their high respect for your leadership abilities.

My associates share my pleasure in this news and join me in extending hearty congratulations to you.

With best wishes and warm regards,

Sincerely,

L. Patrick Gray III

MAILED 5

JUL 28 1972

CCB
FBI

REC-32

19 JUL 11 1972

- 1 - Jackson
- 1 - Administrative Review Unit (detached)

NOTE: We have had cordial relations with Senator Eastland. He was nominated by a Democratic Caucus and approved by the Senate on 7-28-72 to assume the position of President Pro Tempore to replace the late Senator Altemus Ellender who died 7-27-72.

REW:lj1 (5)

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Mr. Armstrong _____
Ms. Herwig _____
Mrs. Neenan _____

0 AUG 7 1972

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECEIVED

November 15, 1972

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator Eastland:

My FBI associates and I certainly were pleased to learn of your re-election to the Senate and this brief note of congratulations is just to let you know how glad we are to have the opportunity to continue working with you in service to our country.

With warmest best wishes,

Sincerely,

Pat Gray

1 - Jackson

1 - Administrative Review Unit (det.)

NOTE: Based on memorandum Jones to Bishop dated 9-14-72 captioned "Congressional Contacts" DWB:kjs.

HRH:sel

Election Continued Through:

19 NOV 17 1972

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Wash. Eve. Star.....
N.Y. Times.....
U P I.....

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Mr. Kinley _____
Mr. Armstrong _____
Ms. Herwig _____
Mrs. Neenan _____

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

November 21, 1972

Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Baker _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Cleveland _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Dalbey _____
Mr. Gebhardt _____
Mr. Jenkins _____
Mr. Marshall _____
Mr. Miller, E.S. _____
Mr. Purvis _____
Mr. Scyma _____
Mr. Walters _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Kinley _____
Mr. Armstrong _____
Ms. Herwig _____
Mrs. Neenan _____

Dear Pat:

Your nice letter of November 15 has been received.

The fruits of victory are always sweet, but one of the most pleasant aspects has been the ability to share them with friends like you who are thoughtful enough to express your interest.

I look forward to our continued warm relationship and will see you in January.

With best wishes, I am

Your friend,

Jim

Jim (Eastland)

The Honorable L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

ST-103

REC-10

1 DEC 1 1972

CORRESPONDENCE

Copy made for Tele. Rm.
54 DEC 7 1972

February 22, 1973

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator Eastland:

This is just a brief note to again express my thanks for your taking the time to see me in your office Tuesday. I am deeply grateful to you for arranging your schedule to make my visit possible and I just wanted you to know how much I appreciate your courtesy in doing this.

Sincerely,

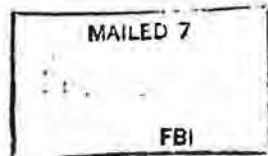
Pat

- 1 - Jackson
- 1 - Mr. Baker
- 1 - Congressional Services Office

MSR:nb (6)

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Callahan _____
Cleveland _____
Conrad _____
Dalbey _____
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Jenkins _____
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Mr. Armstrong _____
Ms. Herwig _____
Mrs. Neenan _____




ST-104

REC 27

FEB 26 1973

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MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



F. White

Mr. Baker _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Cleveland _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Corradi _____
Mr. Darling _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mrs. Edwards
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Thompson _____
Mr. Walters _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Kinley _____
Mr. Armstrong _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Miss Gandy _____
Miss Miller _____
Mrs. Newman _____

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P. B.

57 APR 27 1973

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PAGE TWO

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ADMINISTRATIVE.

ABOVE INFORMATION FURNISHED TO BUREAU AND IS NOT BEING
DISSEMINATED LOCALLY.

[REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED]

CAUTION: EXTREME CARE SHOULD BE USED IN DISSEMINATING
INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IN ORDER TO PROTECT BOTH INFORMANTS,
WHO ARE IN EXTREMELY SENSITIVE POSITIONS.

ABOVE INFORMATION CLASSIFIED ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~. NO LHM FOLLOWS.

END

HOLD

LXS FBI WASH DC

cc - Inspector [unclear]
cc - [unclear]
cc - [unclear]

July 25, 1973

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Mr. Chairman:

I was certainly pleased to learn of the creation of the subcommittee to handle oversight of the FBI. The outstanding Senators which you have selected for membership on this subcommittee, with their great knowledge and experience, will be able to make tremendous contributions toward enhancing the efficiency and reputation of the FBI. The fact that you accepted the chairmanship of the subcommittee is especially reassuring.

I look forward to working with you and the members of this subcommittee in every way possible. Let me assure you that I and the members of my staff intend to cooperate fully in consideration of factors to make the FBI truly responsive to the Nation's needs. Please feel free to call on us whenever we may be of service. Certainly, we will not hesitate to seek your counsel.

With kindest regards, REC-8

Sincerely,

Clarence

EX-105

22 JUL 26 1973

DWB/jkl (3)

NOTE: Reference D.W. Bowers to the Director memo, 7/24/73, "Congressional Oversight of the FBI," DWB/jkl.

MAILED 3
JUL 25 1973
FBI

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Corr. & Crm. _____
Research _____
Press Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

PLAINTEXT

TELEGRAM

URGENT

10/9/73

HONORABLE JAMES O. EASTLAND
DODDSVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

YOUR FRIENDS IN THE FBI WERE SORRY TO LEARN OF
YOUR ACCIDENT AND HOPE YOU ARE RESTING COMFORTABLY. WE
DID WANT YOU TO KNOW THAT OUR THOUGHTS AND PRAYERS ARE WITH
YOU AND WE WISH YOU A SPEEDY RECOVERY.

CLARENCE M. KELLEY, DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 - Jackson

1 - Congressional Services Office

NOTE: Senator Eastland is on the Special Correspondents List.
Congressional Services Office advised Senator Eastland fell in
his home and suffered a fractured rib. He will be confined to
his home in Doddsville, Mississippi, for a while.

awt:nmi (5)

SL 100

REC-26

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Director Sec'y _____

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

OCT 09 1973

WESTERN UNION
55 OCT 10 1973

OCT 10 1973

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECEIVED
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

October 11, 1973

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator Eastland:

During the course of my confirmation hearing before the Committee on the Judiciary of the United States Senate, June 19, 20, and 25, 1973, it was apparent to me that there is widespread interest in the Congress as to the activities of the National Crime Information Center (NCIC). It is my opinion that a discussion and explanation of NCIC would be of benefit to Members of the Congress of the United States.

It, therefore, gives me pleasure to extend an invitation to you or a member of your staff to attend a briefing on this subject on October 25, 1973, at 10:00 a. m. The briefing will be held in the Conference Room of the Computer Systems Division, Room 3119, FBI Identification Division Building, Second and D Streets, Southwest, Washington, D. C.

In order that we may plan for proper seating arrangements, a reply by October 22, 1973, would be very helpful.

Sincerely,

Clarence Kelley

MAILED 9

OCT 11 1973

FBI

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Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

PWM:nls (7)

- 1 - Mr. Franck
- 1 - Mr. Thompson
- 1 - Mr. Bowers
- 1 - Mr. Campbell
- 1 - Mr. Stultz

NOTE: See memo Campbell to Callahan dated 10/10/73 re "Congressional Liaison, NCIC/CCH Briefing."

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC-41

94-4

17 OCT 12 1973

November 7, 1973

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator Eastland:

I regret that neither you nor a member of your staff was able to attend the briefing held on October 25, 1973, at the FBI Identification Building. The briefing included a presentation concerning the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) system, particularly the concepts and issues involved in the Computerized Criminal History Program, followed by a tour of the FBI's computer facilities. Questions posed by the perceptive Congressional staff members provided for a mutually beneficial discussion.

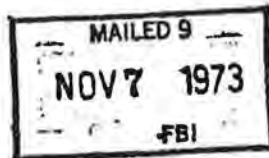
Since you were unable to attend, I have enclosed a packet of information, which I believe will be most useful in answering questions you may have about the NCIC.

Should you have any questions please feel free to contact me or a member of my staff.

Sincerely,

C. M. Kelley

21 NOV 8 1973



Enclosure

1 - Mr. Franck
1 - Mr. Bowers
1 - Mr. Thompson

1 - Mr. Campbell
1 - Mr. Stultz

NOTE: See memo Campbell to Callahan, dated 10/26/73, captioned "Congressional Liaison, NCIC/CCH Briefings, 10/25/73."

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Director Sec'y _____

MAIL ROOM ☒

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Callahan

DATE: 11/15/73

FROM : T. J. Jenkins

SUBJECT: LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

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Asst. Dir. _____
Adm. Serv. _____
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Director Sec'y _____

Mr. Hugh H. Clegg, former Assistant Director now visiting the Academy, advised me today that on Monday he met with Senator James O. Eastland of Mississippi who is a lifelong friend of Mr. Clegg's. Mr. Clegg advised that Senator Eastland had high praise for the Director and told him that he was the Chairman of the Oversight Committee concerning the FBI. Senator Eastland informed Mr. Clegg in view of his high regard for the Director that if he received any complaints concerning the FBI he would pitch them into the wastepaper basket and not bother to call together the Committee. Mr. Clegg suggested I bring this to the attention of the Director.

ACTION:

Submitted for information.

1 - Mr. Franck
TJJ:jms
(4)

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NOTED
176 NOV 21 1973
NOV 20 1973

NOV 30 1973

REC'D. SEC. UNIT
2-286

December 17, 1973

Honorable James O. Eastland
Chairman
Subcommittee on FBI Oversight
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Mr. Chairman:

It was our pleasure to release the FBI
1973 Annual Report last Friday. In view of your
position on the Senate Subcommittee on FBI Oversight,
I thought you might like to have a copy.

Sincerely,

Clarence Kelley

Enclosure

NOTE: Senator Eastland (D-Mississippi) is Chairman of the
Senate Subcommittee on FBI Oversight.

Assoc. Dir. — JCW:mks (3)

Asst. Dir.:

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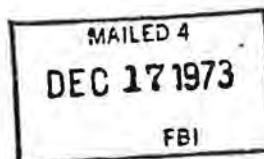
Training —

Legal Coun. —

Telephone Rm. —

Director Sec'y —

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



19 DEC 18 1973

JAMES A. EASTLAND, MD, MISS., CHAIRMAN
 JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, AND.
 SAM J. ERVIN, JR., R.C.
 PHILIP A. HART, MICH.
 EDWARD M. KENNEDY, MASS.
 BIRCH BAYNE, IND.
 GUDWIN N. BURDICK, N. DAK.
 ROBERT C. BYRD, W. VA.
 JOHN V. TURNER, CALIF.
 ROM/ CRUSTA, NEDL.
 DEW/ TO/ YAH
 BUGH
 STROM
 SHARLOW W. COOK, N.
 CHARLES MCC. MATI
 EDWARD J. BURNETT, P. .

JOHN H. HOLLOMAN III
 CHIEF COUNSEL AND STAFF DIRECTOR

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

Ruleville, Mississippi
 January 8, 1974

Ident. ☒
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 Laboratory ☒
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 Training ☒
 Legal Coun. ☒
 Telephone Rm. ☒
 Director's Sec'y ☒

Honorable Clarence M. Kelly
 Director
 Federal Bureau of Investigation
 Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Clarence:

Thank you for furnishing me with copy of
 your correspondence with Congressman Michael J.
 Harrington regarding the investigation of Mr. [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED] by the Bureau.

b7C

In view of the fact that the Congressman was
 kept fully informed as to the progress of the investigation
 and immediately notified upon its completion, I, frankly,
 do not think he has a legitimate complaint concerning
 lack of cooperation from the Bureau.

With kindest personal regards and best
 wishes, I am

Sincerely,

John Eastland
 O.I.

U. S. S.

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7/24

W. J. ...
 CORRESPONDENCE

February 6, 1974

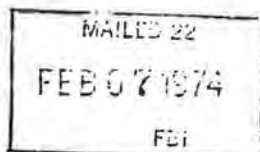
Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator Eastland:

It was certainly thoughtful of you to introduce the Resolution authorizing the printing of congressional eulogies and other tributes to former Director Hoover. All of us in the FBI are appreciative of your actions in this regard. I look forward to receiving a copy of this Senate document.

With kindest regards

Sincerely,
Clarence



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Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

1 - Congressional Services Office - Enclosure

NOTE: Senator Eastland (D-Mississippi) is Chairman of the Senate Subcommittee on FBI Oversight and is on the Special Correspondents List.

JCW:nmi (4)

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC. UNIT

Calendar No. 647

93D CONGRESS
2d Session

SENATE

REPORT
No. 93-671

AUTHORIZING THE PRINTING OF CONGRESSIONAL
EULOGIES AND OTHER TRIBUTES TO THE LATE
J. EDGAR HOOVER AS A SENATE DOCUMENT

JANUARY 80, 1974.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. CANNON, from the Committee on Rules and Administration,
submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany S. Con. Res. 64]

The Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 64) authorizing the printing of congressional eulogies and other tributes to the late J. Edgar Hoover as a Senate document, having considered the same, reports favorably thereon without amendment and recommends that the concurrent resolution be agreed to.

Senate Concurrent Resolution 64 would provide that there be printed with an illustration as a Senate document, prepared under the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing, a compilation of materials eulogizing the late J. Edgar Hoover, including—

Memorial tributes in the Congress;

The eulogy by Warren E. Burger, Chief Justice of the United States, in the Rotunda of the U.S. Capitol on May 3, 1972;

The funeral services for Mr. Hoover at the National Presbyterian Church, Washington, D.C., including the eulogy by President Richard M. Nixon and the tribute by the Rev. Edward L. R. Elson, Chaplain of the U.S. Senate; and

Various articles and editorials relating to the life and work of J. Edgar Hoover and his contributions to the well-being of the American people.

The concurrent resolution would further provide that there be printed 5,550 additional copies of such document, of which amount 4,420 copies would be for the use of the House of Representatives (10 per Member), 1,030 copies would be for the use of the Senate (10 per Member), and 100 copies would be for the use of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary.

93-009

Let to Tolson
2-6-74
Jew/ai

Let to Senator Eastland Let to Sen. Hruska
2-6-74 2-6-74
Jew/ai 4-5130

The printing-cost estimate, supplied by the Public Printer, is as follows:

Printing-cost estimate

To print as a document (1,500 copies).....	\$14,517.68
5,550 additional copies, at \$2,573.76 per thousand.....	14,284.87
Total estimated cost, S. Con. Res. 64.....	28,802.25

A letter in support of Senate Concurrent Resolution 64 addressed to Senator Howard W. Cannon, chairman of the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration, by Senator James O. Eastland, author of the concurrent resolution, is as follows:

U.S. SENATE,

Washington, D.C., January 24, 1974.

HON. HOWARD W. CANNON,
Chairman, Committee on Rules and Administration,
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: I have today introduced a Senate Concurrent Resolution authorizing the printing of Congressional Eulogies and other tributes to the late J. Edgar Hoover as a Senate Document. I would appreciate it very much if the Committee on Rules and Administration could give this resolution early and favorable consideration.

Mr. Hoover's record of service to the Federal Government and to the people of this Nation is almost without parallel in our history. As Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for nearly a half-century, he shaped a small, inept force into the finest law enforcement organization in the world. The professional standards he set are today the benchmark for lawmen all across the United States. He was a pioneer in the field of law enforcement training and the programs he established for Special Agents of the FBI today serve as guidelines for agencies around the world.

Perhaps his greatest achievement was his unblemished reputation for personal integrity and dedication to the highest principles of Americanism. As a mark of the great esteem in which Mr. Hoover was held by his friends in Congress and all American people, his death was marked with a great outpouring of personal tributes and eulogies. His body lay in state in the Great Rotunda of the Capitol.

I think it would be a fitting climax to this great tribute to a great American if these eulogies and other tributes would be printed as a Senate Document.

With kindest regards and best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

JAMES O. EASTLAND,
U.S. Senator.

An additional letter in support of Senate Concurrent Resolution 64, addressed to Chairman Cannon, by Senator Roman L. Hruska, ranking minority member of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, is as follows:

S.R. 671

Let to Senator Eastland Let to Sen Hruska
2-6-74 2-6-74
JCW/ani

4-5120-81

U. S. SENATE,
COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY,
Washington, D.C., January 28, 1974.

HON. HOWARD W. CANNON,
Chairman, Senate Rules Committee.
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: It is a privilege to join with Senator Eastland in supporting the printing of eulogies to the late J. Edgar Hoover as a Senate Document.

It is most appropriate that the long and selfless service of this fine American be recognized in this manner.

The favorable consideration of this recommendation by the Committee on Rules and Administration will be appreciated.

With kind regards,
Sincerely,

ROMAN L. HRUSKA,
Ranking Minority Member.

O

Let to Tolson
2-6-74
Jew/ani

- B.R. 671

Let to Tolson
2-6-74
Jew/ani
2-6-74
4-513-81

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Callahan

DATE: 1-25-74

FROM : R. R. Franck

SUBJECT: MEMORIAL BOOK CONCERNING
J. EDGAR HOOVER

Shortly after Mr. Hoover's death in May, 1972, Inspector Bowers spoke to Senator James O. Eastland (D-Miss.) concerning the possibility of having a book published by the Senate containing the memorial tributes delivered in Congress and elsewhere following Mr. Hoover's death. The Senator stated he thought this was an excellent idea and that he would look into the matter. Senator Eastland subsequently stated he would proceed at the appropriate time to obtain authorization for the memorial book. At his request, Bowers got together the remarks made by Chief Justice Warren Burger during the ceremony for Mr. Hoover in the Capitol Rotunda, the funeral services held at the National Presbyterian Church, the remarks made by various Members of Congress, and numerous editorials and articles concerning Mr. Hoover for use in the book.

Late in 1973 Senator Eastland instructed his Press Assistant, Larry Speakes, to do the necessary preliminary work leading to his introduction of a resolution authorizing the printing of the book. This involved obtaining through the staff of the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration a cost figure for the book. Speakes subsequently advised that staff personnel of the Rules Committee with whom he had discussed this matter indicated some reservation since there was no precedent whatever for publishing such a memorial tribute to anyone other than former Members of Congress or former Presidents. Bowers discussed this matter with William Cochrane, Staff Director of the Committee on Rules and Administration, and he advised that there is no precedent but that precedents are made to be broken and he could think of no better person to justify breaking precedent in this regard than J. Edgar Hoover. Cochrane stated he certainly would do all in his power to assist in bringing this proposed book to fruition. 12-1974

On 1-24-74 Speakes advised that Senator Eastland that afternoon would introduce a concurrent resolution calling for authorization of the printing of Congressional eulogies and other tributes to Mr. Hoover as a Senate document. He said the resolution will call for the printing of 7,050 copies. Fifteen hundred copies are reserved for distribution to libraries throughout the country. The other 5,550 copies would be used to distribute 10 to each Member of the House and Senate with to be reserved for use by the Senate Committee on the Judiciary which Senator Eastland chairs.

Enclosures

- 1 - Mr. Callahan - Enclosures
- 1 - Mr. Walsh - Enclosures
- 1 - Mr. Bowers - Enclosures

- 1 - Mr. Ponder - Enclosures
- 1 - Mr. Franck - Enclosures

55 MAR 22 1974

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Telephone Rm.
Director Sec'y

Handwritten notes and signatures:
Bowers
Eastland
Cochrane
Mittelman
ATSON

94-4-5100-
NOT RECORDED
MAR 19 1974
3-1

**R. R. Franck to Mr. Callahan Memo
RE: MEMORIAL BOOK CONCERNING
J. EDGAR HOOVER**

Printing cost for the book was estimated at \$28,802.25. This cost is broken down to \$14,517.88 for the first 1,500 copies and \$14,284.37 for the remaining 5,550 copies.

We will be able to obtain a limited number of copies from the Senate Judiciary Committee and from various Members. Additional copies can be ordered directly through the Government Printing Office. This matter was discussed with Mr. W. Scott Sonntag, Chief of the Congressional Information Section, Government Printing Office, with whom orders have to be placed. He said the additional copies would be \$2,573.76 per thousand and they must be ordered prior to the printing, otherwise the cost would probably double.

It is felt the FBI Recreation Association may wish to consider ordering additional copies of this book when the publication is approved to be offered to FBI employees.

Senator Eastland did introduce the concurrent resolution late on 1-24-74. A copy of this resolution and a letter dated 1-24-74 from Senator Eastland to Senator Howard Cannon, Chairman of the Committee on Rules and Administration are enclosed. Senator Eastland has indicated he would hope this matter can be approved quickly and that the book would be available for distribution prior to the second anniversary of Mr. Hoover's death on 5-2-74.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the FBI Recreation Association Board consider the desirability of ordering additional copies of this book to be made available to Bureau employees.

h
Supr
C. H. H.
OK
7
↓
memo to Mr.
Guthrie from
Pondexter 1-3-74
FBIHQ n.c.
1000 copies
Bice

May 15, 1974

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator Eastland:

A brief note to express my appreciation for your assistance in protecting the FBI's interest when S. 2543 was considered in your Committee on May 8, 1974. For your information, FBI representatives met on May 13 with representatives of Senators Roman Hruska and Edward Kennedy and discussed the problem involving an amendment to exemption number 7 of the Freedom of Information Act, and it was agreed that no effort will be made at this time to change this exemption. We thank you for your help in making this solution possible.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Clarence M. Kelley

Director
REC-112

NOTE: See R. R. Franck to Mr. Jenkins Memo dated 5-14-74, captioned "S. 2543; H. R. 12471; Freedom of Information Legislation."

MAY 17 1974

1 - Mr. Callahan (detached)
1 - Mr. Mintz (detached)
1 - Mr. Franck (detached)

1 - Mr. Farrington (detached)
1 - Mr. Bowers (detached)

DWB:kjs (8)

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MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

70 MAY 20 1974

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Jenkins

DATE: 6-10-74

FROM : J. J. McDermott

SUBJECT: MEMORIAL BOOK CONCERNING J. EDGAR HOOVER

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Captioned book, which was authorized by Senate Concurrent Resolution 64, introduced by Senator James O. Eastland, will be distributed this week. W. Scott Sonntag, Chief of the Congressional Information Section, Government Printing Office, advised Inspector Bowers on 6-7-74 that the 1,000 copies ordered for the FBIRA will be delivered first and should reach the FBI on Monday, 6-10-74. He said delivery to the Congress will begin on 6-11-74. He stated he had arranged for our copies to be delivered first since he knew of our interest in this matter.

Bowers has arranged to obtain about 100 copies without cost through Senator Eastland's Office. One each of these will be furnished to the Director, Mr. Callahan, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Miller, and each Assistant Director. In addition, a copy will be forwarded to each Special Agent in Charge. It is suggested a copy of this book be sent to Mr. Tolson and Miss Gandy by letter from the Director, and appropriate letters in this regard will be prepared by the Correspondence Section.

The issuance of this book was mentioned some time ago to Ed Rogers, UPI reporter now assigned to cover the Department of Justice, who formerly worked on Capitol Hill and is well acquainted with Senator Eastland. It was pointed out to him the issuance of this book is unprecedented since there has never been such a book published on any person not previously a Member of Congress or a President. He agreed this would make an excellent feature story and said he would certainly pursue the matter toward preparing a proper feature story to be carried by UPI. He also suggested that it would be a natural for a photograph showing Senator Eastland perhaps presenting a copy of the book to Mr. Kelley. He advised on 6-7-74 he had explored this idea with the Photographers Department of UPI and they are most anxious to get such a picture at any time convenient with Mr. Kelley and the Senator. This matter has been discussed with David Lambert, Press Assistant to Senator Eastland, who indicated he thought the Senator would be most pleased to pose for such a picture with the Director. He will

- 1 - Mr. Callahan
- 1 - Mr. Walsh
- 1 - Mr. McDermott
- 1 - Mr. Ponder

- 1 - Mr. GALT
- 1 - Mr. Malmfeldt
- 1 - Mr. Bowers

DWB:kjs (9)

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RECEIVED

ORIGINAL FILED IN

J. J. McDermott to Mr. Jenkins Memo
RE: 'MEMORIAL BOOK CONCERNING J. EDGAR HOOVER

check this matter with the Senator upon his return to Washington on 6-10-74 if the Director is interested in doing so. The picture could be taken in the Senator's Office at the convenience of the Director and the Senator on 6-11 or 12-74.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Director indicate if he desires to have a photograph made with Senator Eastland as indicated above. If so, appropriate arrangements will be made.

TJS
HWS

DWB

[Signature]

OK

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Jenkins

DATE: 6-27-74

FROM : J. J. McDermott

SUBJECT: MEMORIAL BOOK CONCERNING J. EDGAR HOOVER

On 6-11-74, the day after captioned book was released, the Director was photographed by United Press International with Senator James O. Eastland in the Senator's office with a copy of the book. Enclosed are clippings of this picture from two Mississippi newspapers which were supplied by Senator Eastland's office. According to the Senator's staff personnel, virtually every newspaper in Mississippi carried this particular picture. UPI representatives have indicated the picture also was widely used throughout the country.

Also enclosed are three copies of the UPI photo obtained from UPI News Photo Department. An additional copy of this photo has been furnished to the Investigator staff for possible use in the Investigator.

The Director is requested to autograph the top two copies of the enclosed photograph. One copy for Assistant Attorney General Vince Rakestraw and the other for Inspector Bowers.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Director autograph two of the enclosed photographs as indicated.

Enclosures

- 1 - Mr. Callahan
- 1 - Mr. McDermott
- 1 - Mr. Heim
- 1 - Mr. Bowers

DWB:kjs (6)

ST-114

REC-16

15 JUL 9 1974

56 JUL 10 1974

3- ENCLOSURE

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Director's Sec'y _____

9/11
Autographed
photo distributed
for Bowers &
Rakestraw
7-1-74



94-4-5130-83



Memorial book presented

Sen. James O. Eastland, D-Miss., right, presents a copy of the memorial book authorized by congress on the

career of long-time FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover to FBI Director Clarence Kelly today in the Senator's office in the Capitol. —AP photo

44-4-5130-83



Commemorates Hoover's Career

WASHINGTON — Sen. James O. Eastland, D-Miss., right, presents a copy of the memorial book authorized by Congress on the career of long-time FBI

Director the late J. Edgar Hoover to FBI Director Clarence Kelley Tuesday in a ceremony in the Senator's Capitol office. (UPI Telephoto)

Wednesday Morning, June 12, 1974

NINETEEN

Starkville Daily News—Starkville, Mississippi

74-4-5135-83

December 27, 1974

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator Eastland:

Enclosed is a copy of the 1974 FBI Annual Report
which I thought you might like to have. For your information,
the printing of this particular issue has been limited and it is
not readily available for public distribution.

Sincerely yours,

M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

5 DEC 27 1974

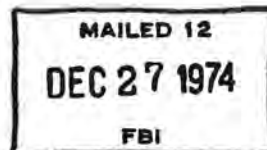
Enclosure

EX 104

1 - Congressional Services Office

JCW:nml (4)

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MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

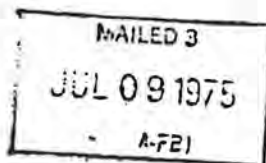
July 9, 1975

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senator
c/o Bolivar County Hospital
Cleveland, Mississippi 38732

Dear Senator Eastland:

I trust this note finds you resting as comfortably as possible after your fall. You have the best wishes of all of us in the FBI for a complete and speedy recovery. I know you must be looking forward to leaving the hospital and I hope that your stay there will be a short one.

Sincerely, ^{REC-29}
Clarence ^{EC-29}



19 JUL 10 1975

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JUL 31 1975

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October 3, 1975

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear Senator Eastland:

It was indeed a pleasure to have you attend the dedication ceremony of the J. Edgar Hoover F.B.I. Building on September 30th. You have been a particularly close friend over the years and we were happy to have you share this occasion with us. I am sending with this letter a memento which I hope you will accept with our deep appreciation.

ST 112 Sincerely,

REC-114-4-5120

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Walsh
- 1 - Office of Congressional Affairs

NOTE: See J. P. Dunphy to Mr. Walsh memo dated 10/2/75 captioned "Dedication Ceremony, 9/30/75, Letters of Appreciation".

awt:slr (5)

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MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

① February 17, 1976

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator:

Although I am unable to be with you March 8, 1976, for the 'Day for Eastland' festivities, I assure you my thoughts will be with you. On that date I am attending a meeting in San Diego, a meeting which was scheduled several months ago and which I cannot now ignore.

I do want you to know I have enjoyed the all too infrequent times when we can be together. On those few occasions when I have been privileged to talk and deliberate with you, I found them all most helpful and come out with a sound decision as to my procedures. I hope that you continue for many years to serve so valiantly.

Sincerely,
W. Clarence

1 - SAC, Jackson (80-620)

Reurairtel, 1-23-76, Re: Invitation to Director Kelley to Attend "Day for Eastland," Jackson, Miss., 3-8-76

- 1 - Mr. Moore (with copy of incoming)
- 1 - Mr. Malmfeldt (with copy of incoming)
- 1 - Telephone Room (with copy of incoming)

CMK:EDM (7)

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MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

56 MAR 05 1976

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SPEECH ROOM
MAR 23 1976

FBI

Date: 1/23/76

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (80-620) ml 31

INVITATION TO DIRECTOR KELLEY
TO ATTEND "DAY FOR EASTLAND,"
JACKSON, MISS. 3/8/76

Re Jackson telcalls to Inspector-Deputy Assistant
Director HOMER BOYNTON, External Affairs Division,
1/22-23/76.

On 1/22/76 GEORGE E. DONAVAN, Vice President,
Unifirst Federal Savings and Loan, Jackson, Miss., a close
friend and contact of SAC SULLIVAN, advised that a few
years ago community, financial, educational and industrial
heads held a special recognition for Senator JOHN C. STENNIS
of Mississippi. The same prominent individuals have now
planned a "Day for Eastland" 3/8/76 to honor the Senator
from Mississippi. Chief Justice BURGER of the U.S. Supreme
Court has accepted an invitation to attend the banquet
on that date and to be the principal speaker.

Mr. DONAVAN advised that Mr. EDWARD BRUNINI,
a prominent attorney of Jackson, Miss., whose brother,
Rev. JOSEPH BRUNINI, is the Roman Catholic Bishop of
Mississippi, is in charge of the entire event while
DONAVAN is in charge of inviting prominent industrialists
from across the country. Because of his acquaintance with
SAC SULLIVAN, DONAVAN had been delegated the responsibility
of inviting Director KELLEY. Mr. DONAVAN explained that
the facilities of the new Holiday Inn in downtown Jackson

2 - Bureau
1 - Jackson

DTS/lwp
(3)

See Addendum page 4

Approved: new

56 MAR 05 1976 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

CORRESPONDENCE

Per _____

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SPEECH/ROD

JN 80-620

will accommodate a total of 900 to 1100 for dinner and in addition to Senator EASTLAND, the honored guest, and Chief Justice BURGER, invitations were being extended to Vice President ROCKEFELLER, Presidential candidate Senator HENRY M. "SCOOP" JACKSON, numerous Federal Judges in the Fifth Circuit, prominent members of the Mississippi Bar, and approximately 100 industrialists selected as follows:

Of the Fortune 500 principal industries in the U.S., those which have interests in the State of Mississippi will be invited as follows:

The head of General Motors, CHARLES ESTES, will be invited to attend through and accompanied by RICHARD ACKER, a prominent Jacksonian who is in charge of Packard Electronics Corporation, a GM subsidiary in Mississippi. Similar arrangements are being made for Standard Oil of Kentucky, which has a refinery in Pascagoula, Miss., and other manufacturers, public utilities and airlines which are Mississippi oriented.

Chief Justice BURGER having accepted the invitation to speak, additional invitations are being forwarded to Attorney General LEVI through one of the U.S. Attorneys in Mississippi and to accommodate those Senators and Congressmen who will travel from Washington to attend a DC-9 jet aircraft has been chartered.

The program on 3/8/76 will include a very limited reception at noon involving at most 20 or so of the nation's leading industrialists and the Governor of Mississippi, Mr. CHARLES CLIFTON FINCH, not including the Chief Justice nor the Attorney General.

At 4:30 p.m. a second reception will be held which will include the honored guest, Senator EASTLAND, the Chief Justice of the U.S., Senators, Congressman, the Attorney General and those other prominent persons invited but not including Jackson celebrities or officials.

At 5:30 p.m., to 7:00 p.m., a general reception will be held which will include those industrialists not previously invited and Jacksonians invited for the evening banquet and speech.

JN 80-620

Mr. DONAVAN stated that this is an event to recognize and honor Senator EASTLAND and would undoubtedly result in the Ole Miss (University of Mississippi at Oxford) foundation honoring the Senator with the establishment of the Eastland Chair at the University of Mississippi Law School. Mr. DONAVAN felt in view of the Senator's position in regard to the FBI, it would be most appropriate if Director KELLEY could attend. He wished this information communicated to the Director. Mr. DONAVAN stated that the invitation would be extended over the signature of Mr. PORTER FORTUNE, Chancellor of the University of Mississippi.

RECOMMENDATION OF THE SAC

Mississippi has an extremely pro-Bureau attitude due to the excellent work done particularly in regards to the Ku Klux Klan and many credit the growth of the state subsequent to the removal of the Klan as in part due to the excellent work of the FBI. In view of Senator EASTLAND's position on the oversight committee, his pronounced pro-Bureau stand, and in view of the many dignitaries and prominent individuals who will attend it is felt a very positive result would ensue from the Director's appearance if his schedule would allow. It is recommended the Director attend.

It is requested Bureau advise at the earliest possible time whether his schedule will allow so that appropriate reservations may be made at an early date.

OVER

Attached from SAC, Jackson indicates that March 8, 1976, will be a "Day for Eastland" in Jackson, Mississippi, honoring the distinguished Senator James O. Eastland of that state. Chief Justice Burger has an accepted invitation to attend and will be the principal speaker at a banquet held in Jackson on that date. Other invitations have been extended to Vice President Rockefeller, numerous Federal Judges of the Fifth Circuit, and approximately 100 prominent industrialists.

The External Affairs Division has determined from Robert Havel, Public Information Office, Department of Justice, that Attorney General Levi has also received an invitation; however, he has not as yet made up his mind concerning attendance.

Because of the long and distinguished career of Senator Eastland and the prominent position he has played in regard to the FBI in the past few years regarding oversight, it is recommended that the Director give favorable consideration to attending this affair. It is further suggested, however, that the Director might desire to personally contact the Attorney General prior to accepting this invitation in order to determine if the Attorney General may have political objections or other considerations insofar as either his or the Director's attendance.

nbc
1/30

gm
1/30

THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI 38677

OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR

February 9, 1976

Mr. Clarence M. Kelley, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Kelley:

On March 8, 1976, the University of Mississippi will recognize the distinguished service of Honorable James O. Eastland, Senior United States Senator from Mississippi, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and past acting Vice President of the United States, with a dinner in his honor in Jackson, Mississippi.

The Honorable Warren E. Burger, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, has graciously accepted to deliver the principal address. Honorable John C. Stennis, Junior United States Senator from Mississippi, will introduce the Chief Justice.

While sponsored by the University, the dinner in honor of Senator Eastland is also endorsed by all members of the Federal Judiciary in Mississippi, the Mississippi Supreme Court, the Mississippi Bar Association, and a united cross-section of all people and civic leaders of our state. A cordial invitation is extended to you to be our guest on the occasion. Your presence will make the affair complete.

The University Dinner Committee will provide commercial air transportation for you and the others from Washington, departing from Washington late in the afternoon of March 8 and returning immediately after the dinner, with anticipated arrival in Washington at approximately midnight. On your acceptance, your staff will be contacted and furnished with all of the details necessary to make your visit to Mississippi a very pleasant one.

We hope you will be able to accept our invitation.

Sincerely,

Porter L. Fortune, Jr.
Porter L. Fortune, Jr.
Chancellor

FEB 11 1976

NOTED
SPEECH ROOM

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EXP. PROC.
30 FEB 11 1976

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February 23, 1976

EX-111

REC-15 94-4-730-87

Dr. Porter L. Fortune, Jr.
Chancellor
The University of Mississippi
University, Mississippi 38677

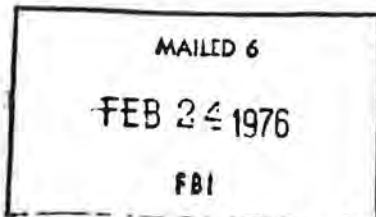
Dear Dr. Fortune:

I very much appreciate your personal letters of February 9th and 12th inviting me to participate in the dinner honoring Senator James O. Eastland on March 8th, as well as your invitation to participate in an informal meeting with Governor Pinch and Senators Eastland and Stennis earlier in the day. Unfortunately, on that date I am attending a meeting in San Diego which was scheduled several months ago. I am indeed sorry I will miss this important function and have personally written to Senator Eastland to express my regrets.

Sincerely yours,

G. M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

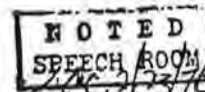


- 1 - Jackson - Enclosures (2)
1 - Telephone Room - Enclosures (2)

Assoc. Dir. — NOTE: Bufiles indicate cordial correspondence with Dr. Fortune.
Dep. AD Adm. — SAC, Jackson, informed the Director of this affair by airtel
Dep. AD Inv. — of 1-23-76 and a personal letter was sent to Senator Eastland
Asst. Dir.: on 2-17-76.
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15 MAR 15 1976



THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI

UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI 38677

OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR

February

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Telephone Rm.	_____
Director Sec.	_____

Mr. Clarence Kelley, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Kelley:

On Monday, March 8, 1976, at 7:30 p.m., in the Delta Ballroom of the Holiday Inn Downtown in Jackson, Mississippi, a black tie dinner will be held honoring the many years of distinguished service of the Honorable James O. Eastland, senior United States Senator from Mississippi. The Honorable Warren E. Burger, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, has graciously committed to deliver the principal and a major address.

On the afternoon of March 8, you are cordially invited to an informal meeting with Mississippi Governor Cliff Finch and Mississippi Senators James O. Eastland and John C. Stennis at 3:30 p.m. in the eighth floor dining room of the First National Bank Building, and to a reception at 5:30 p.m. at the University Club, located in the Deposit Guaranty National Bank Plaza.

We look forward to having you with us on Monday, March 8, 1976, to honor a Mississippian whose life has been so closely and importantly linked with law and government, Senator James Oliver Eastland.

Sincerely,

Porter L. Fortune, Jr.
Porter L. Fortune, Jr.
Chancellor

REC-15 94-4-5/30 90

5 MAR 2 1976

RSVP prior to February 25, 1976

cc: Mr. Donald Sullivan

ENCLOSURE

70 MAR 15 1976

NOTED
SPEECH ROOM

EASTLAND DINNER COMMITTEE

Post Office Box 22607
Jackson, MS 39205



HOUSING RESERVATION FORM

DINNER HONORING SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

_____ ZIP _____

Please reserve _____ rooms () single () double for the
following dates in the above name _____.

Please return this form to: Mr. George Donavan
Eastland Dinner Committee
Post Office Box 1818
Jackson, MS 39205

YOUR RESERVATIONS WILL BE CONFIRMED BY THE HOTEL.

DINNER HONORING SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND
Monday, March 8, 1976--7:30 p.m.
Delta Ballroom, Holiday Inn Downtown
Jackson, Mississippi

ORDER FORM

Please reserve _____ tickets @ \$25 each to
the Dinner Honoring Senator James O. Eastland.
Enclosed is my remittance in the amount of
\$_____.

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

_____ ZIP _____

NOTE: Tickets will not be mailed out but must be picked up on the
mezzanine level of the Holiday Inn Downtown beginning at
10:00 a.m. on Monday, March 8, 1976. The Dinner will
commence promptly at 7:30 p.m., and all guests are urged to
be in their seats by 7:15.

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20540

March 30, 1976

James O. Eastland

Dear Clarence:

Belatedly, but very sincerely, permit me to acknowledge your very thoughtful letter regarding the "Eastland Dinner" in Jackson on March 8. I certainly understand that your duties on that date were in California. You were, however, missed. You have a world of admirers in Mississippi who would have enjoyed being with you.

The Bureau and the Jackson office were very helpful in the security arrangements for the great number of Federal Judges, the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General and my colleagues in the Senate. Please express to them my personal appreciation for their unselfish service on their own time to the success of the dinner.

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Dep. A.D.-Inv. _____
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Director Sec'y. _____

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EX 103

REC-11 94-45130-91

20 APR 15 1976

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RECEIVED
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

57 APR 28 1976

I look forward to our continued
friendship and service for the benefit of the
Bureau and the Nation.

With kindest regards and best wishes,

Sincerely,

Jim Eastland
Jim Eastland
U. S. S.

The Honorable Clarence M. Kelley
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

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EX 103
REC-14 94-45130-91

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FBI
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JAMES O. EASTLAND

MISSISSIPPI

PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

September 1, 1976

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Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

FBI/DOJ

Dear Clarence:

I want to express my concern at the public attack being made on you and express to you my continued support for the manner in which you are carrying forth your responsibilities.

You may be assured that any assistance I can afford you will be readily given. You are doing a fine job and I know you have the support of our right thinking people.

With kindest personal regards, I am

Your friend,

Jim Eastland

U. S. S.

Honorable Clarence M. Kelley
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
J. Edgar Hoover Building
Washington, D. C. 20535

SEP 14 1976

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CONFERENCE

September 8, 1976

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator Eastland:

I am most appreciative of your letter of September 1st and feel that your support and that of other associates of yours could not help to have had some influence on the decision rendered in my case.

This has been a distressing period, but I have a feeling that we are beginning to come out of the woods and possibly can do the job the way it should be done and with the results I know we are capable of achieving.

Best of health to you and it is my hope that if at any time I can be of assistance to you that you let me know at once. I consider you not only a fine Senator, but a good personal friend.

Sincerely,

/s/ Clarence

CMK:mfd
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and Tour Section

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ORIGINAL FILED

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : The Associate Director

DATE: 9/27/77

FROM : Legal Counsel

SUBJECT: INQUIRY BY SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND
CONCERNING [REDACTED] b6

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Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

PURPOSE:

The purpose of this memorandum is to report an inquiry made by Senator Eastland and answer provided concerning [REDACTED] b6

DETAILS:

On Friday, September 23, 1977, Senator Eastland advised Paul V. Daly of this Division he was traveling to Columbia, Mississippi, on Saturday, September 24, 1977. He recalled that several years ago he had been advised that a man named [REDACTED] who resided in Columbia, constituted a possible threat to the personal safety of the Senator. The Senator asked for [REDACTED] full name so he could advise the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol. b6

SAC Homer R. Hauer, Jackson Division, advised that Division was notified by Secret Service in March, 1974, that [REDACTED] posed a potential threat to the Senator. [REDACTED] as of March, 1974, described as [REDACTED] b6

[REDACTED] SAC Hauer agreed to notify local authorities in Columbia. 7

Dennis Miller of this Division provided [REDACTED] full name to Courtney Pace, Senator Eastland's Administrative Assistant, on the afternoon of September 23, 1977.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information. EX-108 REC-93 74-1000-92 4-32

APPROVED:

Director

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1 - Mr. Mine

2 - Mr. Daly

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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OCT 6 1977

LEGAL COUNSEL

SI/DOJ

December 14, 1977

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Honorable James O. Eastland
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Senator Eastland:

It was certainly a pleasure to read your kind comments in the December 6th Congressional Record regarding my staying on the job until February 15th. I am most grateful for your support and thank you for making your views known to your colleagues.

Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley

Director

- 1 - Public Affairs Office
1 - Office of Congressional Affairs

ESH:ings/ (5)

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20 DEC 16 1977

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Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

MAILED 5

DEC 14 1977

FBI

APPROVED:

Director
Assoc. Dir.
Dep. AD Adm.
Dep. AD Inv.

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ENCLOSURE

205

DEC 23 1977

MAIL ROOM ☐

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FBI/DOJ

Besides, even if, somehow, the producer should get some marginal amount more for his barrel of oil, the price he can charge for his old barrel must go down, so that the "composite price" of all oil remains the same. Now will someone explain to me where the incentive is for Exxon to produce more? At a minimum, the "composite price" concept has to go.

And if there is no additional incentive, there will be no additional production, and if there is no additional production, there will be no reduction in imports, except for the marginal reduction in consumption due to conservation, and the marketplace is already encouraging that conservation.

So where does that leave us, Mr. President? Of the three pieces of the energy program I have discussed, not one of the three is proceeding in an acceptable way. Regulation of the intrastate gas market is unacceptable; the destruction of the independence of the electric utility industry and the usurpation of the States' role are unacceptable; and the refusal to do away with the "composite price," with extremely burdensome crude oil tax of doubtful utility, is unacceptable.

As I said earlier, I am only one Senator. I represent a producing State, and I understand a little bit about the economics of energy production. At the same time, my constituents are consumers, and they do not want higher energy prices. I do not know anyone who does, not even Exxon. The plain fact of the matter is that prices are going to be higher before they get lower, and we should get ourselves out of the market so that those higher prices call forth additional supplies. This bill does not do it, and I see very little likelihood that it can be made to do so. Should the conferees care to see them my suggestions are: phased deregulation of natural gas, the elimination of the "composite price," and the phaseout of the "old oil" category.

On the other hand, should the conferees report back a bill containing intrastate regulation of gas, the federalization of utilities, and a tremendous oil tax with no possibility of relief, then I predict that there will be no bill at all this year. I cannot believe that the Senate will accept such legislation, and I will do what I can to see that they do not. It is time for us to level with people, to explain the facts of life. We may get lucky and have a mild winter this year. I hope we do. But if we do not, all the laws in the world will not produce the energy we need. Nothing ever has but the marketplace.

RETIREMENT OF CLARENCE M.

James O. KELLEY

Mr. EASTLAND. Mr. President, I would like to call to the attention and the notice of the Senate the fact that Director Clarence M. Kelley of the Federal Bureau of Investigation has agreed, at the request of the Attorney General, to defer his retirement and to remain in his position as FBI Director until February 15, 1978. This extension was necessitated when the Honorable Frank M. Johnson felt impelled to withdraw as nominee as FBI Director for health reasons. I believe

Mr. Kelley's action, another personal sacrifice in a long career in the public service, is worthy of the notice of this body.

Mr. Kelley has devoted a lifetime to the service of our country and our citizens. That public service began in 1940 with his appointment as an FBI agent, was interrupted for duty with the Navy during World War II, and was resumed in 1946. With increasing competence and growing responsibility, Mr. Kelley served with the FBI until his retirement in 1961 as the special agent in charge of the FBI Memphis Office. For 12 years following, he was chief of police at Kansas City, Mo., his native city, until called to assume his present office as Director of the FBI in 1973. He has devoted 37 years to law enforcement, as an investigator, instructor, supervisor and, for the last 20 years, as an administrator with recognized accomplishments.

On December 15, a testimonial dinner will be held for Director Kelley at the Washington Hilton Hotel, by friends and associates from all parts of our Nation in and out of law enforcement, in recognition of his long service and valuable contributions. In an era when flamboyance has often been equated with ability, I believe that the unassuming competence, unswerving dedication, and unstinted efforts of Director Kelley during a troubled period, and the recognition being accorded him, merit the official notice of this body.

ONE OF A RARE BREED

Mr. HANSEN. Mr. President, one of Wyoming's best editorial writers, James Fitchum of the Wyoming State Tribune in Cheyenne, Wyo., has published a fine salute to U.S. Senator John L. McClellan.

Because the editorial tribute is so excellent, in that it tells so much about the man and the statesman that he became through a lifetime of public service, I am sure it is one that my colleagues and other interested persons would like to read.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the editorial be printed in the Record.

There being no objection, the editorial was ordered to be printed in the Record, as follows:

[From the Wyoming State Tribune, Nov. 29, 1977]

ONE OF A RARE BREED

John L. McClellan was of a character mold that seems to have largely passed from our scene. This son of an Arkansas poor dirt farmer rose to occupy a moral plateau in this nation's government that few can claim any territorial rights to, and to which fewer still may be granted tenancy.

One does not achieve such eminence by being a mere successful politician able to survive assaults on one's tenure at the polls. The clever, the cunning and the lucky as well as the simply persevering, can carry this off. But John McClellan was not just another politician even of the survivable common kind.

His stern visage and his unyielding determination gave him the aspect of an Old Testament prophet. He was a man of deep faith which he actually became in the days of the

Senate rackets committee he served as chairman over 20 years ago.

But Senator McClellan was more than a mere pursuer of miscreants. His rock-solid character provided this country through his established leadership in the Senate a medium of stability in a time of turmoil and chaos. In a period when the established value system of our society was under attack from all sides the mere fact that he was where he was at the time he served provided the uncertain with encouragement and guidance, the weak with strength and the errant with deterrence. At a time when we are confronted on all sides with the inept, the venal, the avaricious, the greedy and the murderous; with men of small or no vision, bereft of spirit and principle, and above all the shallow and dishonest with morally and intellectually, it is some solace to know that our society has been graced by an individual of his rectitude and probity. Thus it gives us hope that others of his kind may pass our way again. But not too often is it likely; not too often.

TRIBUTE TO SENATOR MCCLELLAN

Mr. HAYAKAWA. Mr. President, I join my colleagues and the entire Nation in mourning the death of John McClellan.

He was a man of remarkable inner strength, able to meet great personal sorrow with the same courage he used to face life.

His life was a living testimony of what can be when we want it to be. At 3 weeks, he was a motherless farmchild; at 17 years, the youngest lawyer in the history of his State; at 45, a U.S. Senator. He was given a good mind and a strong spirit, and he used them to carve a special place for himself in the history of a great nation.

His strengths were virtues so often looked for, and so rarely found: He was honest, just, and noble of spirit.

He read as he announced his retirement shortly before he died:

To everything there is a season and a time to every purpose under the heaven.

We will be poorer for the loss, but the heaven he spoke of will be richer.

IN SUPPORT OF THE PANAMA CANAL TREATIES

Mr. KENNEDY. Mr. President, on November 11 Deputy Secretary of State Warren Christopher delivered an excellent speech in support of the Panama Canal treaties, before the Florida Council of 100 in Palm Beach. In his speech, Mr. Christopher reviews the important history of these treaties, and details the reasons why they are in our strong national interest. Those Members who remain skeptical about the treaties should carefully consider the strong security, economic, and political arguments so ably presented by Mr. Christopher. It is my hope that the future Panama Canal debate in this country will proceed along these rational lines, rather than descending to the emotional jingoism which has characterized some of the early attacks on the treaties.

I ask unanimous consent, Mr. President, that Mr. Christopher's speech be printed in the Record.

94-4-512
ENCLOSURE

Memorandum

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Director's Sec'y _____

TO : Mr. *Long*

DATE: 8/11/78

FROM : H. E. Woodby *HEW*

SUBJECT: TRAVEL ITINERARY
SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND
TRIP TO FAR EAST

PURPOSE: To advise of Senator Eastland's travel to the Far East.

DETAILS: On August 10, 1978, Frank D. Barber, Senator Eastland's Office, contacted the FBI and advised that the Senator wished to furnish the FBI with his travel itinerary.

Attached is the itinerary supplied by Mr. Barber.

RECOMMENDATION: None. For information.

Enclosure ENCLOSURE

- 1 - Mr. Adams (Enc.)
- 1 - Mr. McDermott (Enc.)
- 1 - Mr. R. J. Gray, Jr. (Enc.)
- 1 - Mr. Griffin (Enc.)

TRP: *TRP*
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11 AUG 24 1978



15/1978

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

REVISED ITINERARY (FINAL)

for

SENATOR JAMES O. EASTLAND

- August 11 - Friday - Leave New Orleans at 11:35 P.M. on ^{LA} Delta 1099 to Los Angeles _{CA}
Arrive Los Angeles 1:02 A.M.
(Guaranteed reservations at Marriott Hotel at Los Angeles Airport)
- August 12 - Saturday - Depart Los Angeles 1:30 P.M. - Pan American Airlines #3
(747 one stop (Tokyo) to Osaka)
- August 13 - Sunday Arrive OSAKA 6:55 P.M.
Transfer to KYOTO and the MIYAKO HOTEL
- August 14 - Monday - Sightseeing Kyoto - See the Old Imperial Palace - the beautiful Kinkakuji Temple - awe inspiring Nijo Castle. OR - take a short drive to NARA there are many shinto shrines and buddhist temples. Nearby visit Kasuga Shrine, the Todaiji Temple, home of the world's largest image of Buddha.
Overnight in Kyoto.
- August 15 - Tuesday - KYOTO to TOKYO by BULLET TRAIN
TOKYO - NEW OTANI TOWER
- August 16 - Wednesday - Sightseeing of Tokyo OR drive through the countryside to the beautiful Toshogu Shrine.
- August 17 - Thursday - Depart Tokyo 8:30 A.M. China Airlines #001
Arrive Taipei 10:40 A.M.
GRAND HOTEL
- August 18 - Friday - TAIPEI - GRAND HOTEL
- August 19 - Saturday - TAIPEI

94-4-5130-94

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ENCLOSURE

- August 20 - Sunday - Depart Taipei 1:15 P.M. China Airlines #819
Arrive Hong Kong 2:45 P.M.
HONG KONG - PENINSULA HOTEL
- August 21 - Monday Sightseeing Hong Kong - Wan Chai District -
Repulse Bay - Aberdeen
- August 22 - Tuesday - Free day for shopping OR visit the New
Territories - Kowloon OR by hydrofoil to Macao.
- August 23 - Wednesday- Depart Hong Kong 3:00 P.M. Japan Airlines #717
Arrive Bangkok 4:35 P.M.
BANGKOK - ORIENTAL HOTEL
- August 24 - Thursday - This morning take a very unique trip via
motorlaunch along the Chao Phya River for an
intimate look at Thai native life. Hundreds
of families live along the river basin or
in floating houseboats on the river itself.
See the "floating Market" where a potpourri
of goods are sold to the residents
from small sampans.
- August 25 - Friday - Today visit the Royal Grand Palace, filled
with visual opulence. From the impressive
building on the Royal Grounds, where Wat
Phra Keo (the celebrated Emerald Buddha) will
be seen to the stunning structures of
ceremonial origin..the Golden Cheddi, the
Pantheon of the Kings and impressive Tower
of the Nine Planets.
- August 26 - Saturday - Depart Bangkok 10:55 A.M. Japan Airlines #466
Arrive Tokyo 8:25 P.M.
(Non stop - approximately 6 hours)
OVERNIGHT AT NARITA AIRPORT - NARITA NIKKO
HOTEL
- August 27 - Sunday - Depart Tokyo 3:15 P.M. Pan American #12
Arrive San Francisco 8:25 A.M.
(Non stop - approximately 10 hours)

ITINERARY - TAIWAN

(Party will be met at airport and accompanied on tours by a member of the Foreign Ministry)

August 17	(afternoon)	Visit the National Palace Museum (Taipei)
August 18	(morning)	Call on President Chiang Ching-Kuo
		Call on Minister of Foreign Affairs Chang-Huan Shen
	(afternoon)	Fly to Kauhsiung (seaport in the South_
		Visit China Steel Corporation
		Visit China Shipbuilding Corporation
August 19	(morning)	Fly to Hualien (Eastern part of Taiwan)
		Visit Marble Factory of Retired Servicemen's Engineering agency
		Sightsee at East West Cross Island Highway
		Visit Aborigine Village
	(afternoon)	Return to Taipei
August 20	(morning)	Visit China Art Museum
	(afternoon)	Depart Taipei

(Per Charles Teng, Chinese Embassy 667-9000)

December 7, 1978

MEMORANDUM TO EXECUTIVES CONFERENCE

James A.
RE: SENATOR EASTLAND

Chairman Eastland has accepted our invitation to breakfast Tuesday morning, December 12, 1978. This is his next to last day on the Hill I understand and assuming he can make the date I think it would be very nice for the Executives Conference meeting that morning to be in his honor. I hope you can all attend.

William H. Webster

W H Webster

Mr. Mintz:

You may want to include our key Congressional Liaison personnel.

NOT RECORDED

APR 9 1979

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Dep. AD Adm. ☒
Dep. AD Inv. ☒
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ☒
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Director's Sec'y ☒

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MAIL ROOM ☐

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EX-109
REC-9

94-4-130
DEC 12 1978

NEW YORK TIMES, Thursday, FEBRUARY 10, 1986

Leading Senate Foe of Integration

By MARJORIE HUNTER

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 — James O. Eastland, for 36 years a conservative United States Senator from Mississippi who served as chairman of the Judiciary Committee for 22 years, died today in Greenwood-LeFlore County Hospital in Greenwood, Miss. He was 81 years old.

A hospital spokesman said Mr. Eastland had died of "multiple medical problems complicated at the end by pneumonia."

A wealthy Mississippi plantation owner, Senator Eastland was best known nationally as a symbol of Southern resistance to racial desegregation in most of his years in the Senate.

Indeed, the major civil rights bills enacted by Congress, principally in the 1960's, became law only by various maneuvers that bypassed the Senate Judiciary Committee, which he ruled with an iron hand before his retirement from Congress in 1978.

Opposition to Integration

Mr. Eastland was appointed to the Senate in 1942 to fill a vacancy created by the death of Senator Pat Harrison. The tall, round-faced Southerner, whose trademark was a big cigar, lost little time in staking out his segregationist stand, frequently rising on the floor to complain about possible "mongrelization" of the races.

A year later, in his successful bid for a full six-year term, he often appeared in Mississippi courthouse squares, promising the crowds that if elected he would stop blacks and whites from eating together in Washington. He often spoke of blacks as "an inferior race."

But in his final years in the Senate, with stumbling blocks to desegregation collapsing and with the black vote becoming an important factor in his native Mississippi, Senator Eastland sought to shed his segregationist image. His move came too late.

In 1978, shortly before announcing his retirement, he met with Aaron E. Henry, head of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People in Mississippi, to discuss the possibility of black support in the event he sought re-election.

Later Bid for Black Support

Mr. Henry said later that he had told the 73-year-old Senator: "Your chances of getting support in the black community are poor at best. You have a master-servant philosophy with regard to blacks."

At that point, Mr. Henry said, "The old man just burst into tears."

Not long afterward, Mr. Eastland announced his retirement and, at the end of that Congressional term, returned to

his 5,800-acre Delta cotton plantation on the outskirts of the little town of Doddsville in Sunflower County.

At the time of his retirement he had served for six years as President pro tem of the Senate, a post that made him third in the line of succession to the Presidency under three Presidents: Richard M. Nixon, Gerald R. Ford and Jimmy Carter.

His final years were relatively quiet ones, with few public or political appearances. In his rare speeches he would wax nostalgic and sometimes shed a few tears. His once-powerful political organization had collapsed.

As his health declined, he had to give up his daily Scotch and water and the cigar was seldom lit.

"I Voted My Convictions"

Some months ago, Mr. Eastland was asked if he missed political life. He replied: "Not a bit. Not a bit." Asked if he would change anything he had done in his long political career, he said, "I voted my convictions on everything."

Those convictions were not limited to his public opposition to desegregation. He also was a stern enemy of communism, both real and imaginary.

In addition to his chairmanship of the Senate Judiciary Committee, he once served as chairman of an Internal Security Subcommittee, using this as a forum to wage unrelenting warfare against what he regarded as the threat of communism in government, schools, newspapers and the arts. He once conducted an investigation of major newspapers, including The New York Times, accusing them of being sympathetic to communism. The inquiry was abandoned.

Another of his prime targets was the Supreme Court, which he sometimes described as "the greatest single threat to our Constitution." He charged that Court decisions, in the years in which Earl Warren served as Chief Justice, favored the Communist Party. Senator Eastland also accused the nation's political liberals of trying to undermine the Constitution and bring socialism to this country.

While he was a lifelong Democrat, he was frequently at odds with the national Democratic Party. He was a severe critic of President Johnson's Great Society programs of the middle 1960's.

In some of his years in the Senate, his chief press spokesman was Larry Speakes, another Mississippi native who is now chief spokesman at the White House. Mr. Speakes said today that Mr. Eastland's death marked "the end of an era in Mississippi politics," and added: "Few men, if any, have



Associated Press, 1977

James O. Eastland

placed a more indelible stamp on the state's history. For a half-century, he was the godfather to Mississippi political leaders."

Senator John C. Stennis, a Mississippi Democrat with whom Mr. Eastland served in the Senate for many years, said that he had lost "a valued friend." Senator Stennis, now 84, said, "The work Senator Eastland did for the people of Mississippi over the years is still reaping benefits."

Many old friends had expected a 15-story Federal building in the state capital, Jackson, to be named for Mr. Eastland after his retirement from the Senate. But the building was situated on the edge of a black business district in that city and there was black opposition to naming the building for the former Senator.

Finally, last summer, the Federal building was named for Dr. A. H. McCoy, a black dentist who was an early civil rights worker. Several months later a much smaller nearby building, currently a post office but soon to house Federal courts, was named for Senator Eastland. The dedication ceremony was his last major public appearance. He had become little more than a symbol of a vanished age of white supremacy.

It was into that sternly enforced segregation environment that James Oliver Eastland was born on Nov. 28, 1904, in Doddsville. The family later moved to another small town, Forest.

Surviving are his wife, Elizabeth; one son, Woods Eastland of Indianola, Miss.; and three daughters, Sue Terney of Indianola, Nell Amos of Dallas, and Anne Howdeshell of Memphis.

Funeral services will be conducted Friday morning in the Methodist Church in Ruleville, Miss. Graveside services will be held later that day at the Eastland family plot in Forest.

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